STATE OF ILLINOIS BUDGET SUMMARY

FISCAL YEAR 2022

COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENT FORECASTING & ACCOUNTABILITY ILLINOIS GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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FY 2022 BUDGET SUMMARY

July 29, 2021

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INTRODUCTION

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INTRODUCTION

Public Act 92-0067 mandates that the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability (CGFA) prepare and publish a *Budget Summary Report* detailing Illinois' most recently enacted budget. The report is to be made available to all citizens of the State of Illinois who request a copy. The summary report is to include information pertaining to the major categories of appropriations, issues the General Assembly faced in allocating appropriations, comparisons of appropriations from previous State fiscal years and other information related to the current State of Illinois Budget.

The following report fulfills this mandate. The report begins with a discussion of the budgeting process. The budgetary process is then summarized chronologically. A highlighting of the bills that constitute the budget follows, along with other major legislation passed during the past spring legislative session. A review of the previous year's budget is then provided. The FY 2022 budget is summarized including a listing of appropriations by agency. Various areas of the budget and State government operations, such as Elementary/Secondary Education, Medicaid, and State pensions, are looked at in detail. The report concludes with a Glossary of Terms and a Description of the various funds.

The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability would like to thank the four Legislative Appropriations Staffs and other State agencies, in particular, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, Central Management Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the Department of Revenue, and the Office of the Comptroller for supplying information making this report possible.



THE BUDGET PROCESS

The Illinois Constitution requires the Governor to prepare and submit a state budget to the General Assembly that includes recommended spending levels for state agencies, estimated funds available from tax collections and other sources, and state debt and liabilities. The Office of Management and Budget (GOMB), by statute a part of the Governor's office, is responsible for estimating revenues and developing budget recommendations that reflect the Governor's programmatic and spending priorities. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, by statute, is responsible for estimating revenues for the legislative branch of government.

State agencies begin the budget process for the next fiscal year almost as soon as appropriations for the current fiscal year, which begins July 1, are enacted. Budget analysts and agency staff identify and estimate the cost of potential spending pressures for the next fiscal year, including maintaining or annualizing current program levels, expanding services for existing programs and initiating new programs. Revenue estimates for the current fiscal year and preliminary estimates for the coming fiscal year are made by both the Governor's Office of Management and Budget and the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability.

During November and December, a detailed financial and programmatic review of agency budgets is conducted. Funding requests typically exceed available resources. The Office of Management and Budget works closely with agencies and the Governor's senior staff to try and reduce programs and to redesign others to make them more efficient. Once budget options are developed, they are presented to the Governor for his final decisions. Narrative statements explaining the budget and complete budget request forms are printed in the budget book.

Concurrent with the operations and grants budgeting process, agencies develop a capital budget. The Capital Development Board conducts a technical review and prepares cost estimates for state facility projects for which it will be responsible. Other types of capital projects such as highway construction, mass transit and airport facilities, alternative energy or school facilities are reviewed by other State agencies. Once reviewed, projects are ranked by category considering need, availability of resources and the Governor's priorities regarding repair and maintenance projects versus new construction.

The Governor presents his recommended budget to a joint session of the Illinois General Assembly. By law, the Governor must present his budget to the General Assembly no later than the third Wednesday in February of each year. In addition to the Governor's official presentation, briefings are held to acquaint legislators, their staffs, the media, and others with the budget recommendations.

Legislative review of the Governor's budget recommendations begins almost immediately with hearings before House and Senate appropriations committees. Appropriations committees may adopt amendments to change the funding level recommended by the Governor. Once adopted by the first committee, the appropriation bill moves to the full House or Senate for debate,

amendment and a vote. When an appropriation bill passes in one chamber the bill moves to the second chamber, where a similar process takes place. Changes made in either chamber must ultimately be accepted by both the House and the Senate for the bill to pass and be presented to the Governor.

By statute, any proposed amendments to the budget and any substantive legislation with fiscal or revenue impacts must be accompanied by a Fiscal Note to describe such impacts. Final approval of the budget usually does not occur until the end of the legislative session. Appropriation bills require an effective date on or before the start of the fiscal year in order to be available for expenditure at the beginning of the fiscal year, July 1. The Illinois Constitution requires a simple majority vote of the General Assembly for a bill passed on or before May 31 to take effect immediately. On or after June 1, a three-fifths vote of the General Assembly is required in order for a bill to take effect.

Once the General Assembly passes the budget, the Governor must sign the appropriation bills before funds can be spent. If the Governor does not want to approve a specific appropriation, he may either line item veto (eliminate) it or reduce it. The rest of the appropriation bill is unaffected by these vetoes and becomes effective. Line items that have been vetoed or reduced must be reconsidered by the General Assembly during the fall session. The General Assembly may return an item to the enacted level by majority vote in both houses in the case of a reduction veto and by a three-fifths vote in the case of a line item veto.

If additional resources beyond those initially approved in the budget become necessary, a supplemental appropriation bill may be passed any time the General Assembly is in session.

BASIS OF BUDGETING

Over time, the Illinois budget has been viewed as balanced in several ways, both at the time it is presented by the Governor and at the time it is passed by the General Assembly. Illinois' daily activities and annual budget historically have been operated and presented on a cash basis. Expenditures are made from the available cash balances on hand, and the budget balances estimated expenditures with estimated resources. The State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, however, conforms to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as prescribed in pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Public Act 90-479, effective as of fiscal year 1999, amended the Civil Administrative Code to provide guidance to the Governor, as he proposes the budget, and to the General Assembly, as it makes appropriations, regarding the balanced budget requirements in the State constitution. This act incorporates aspects of a modified accrual basis into the budget process for certain designated funds, including the General Funds.

State law and the constitution require the Governor to prepare and submit to the General Assembly an Executive Budget for the next fiscal year, which sets forth the Governor's recommended appropriations, estimated revenues from taxes and other sources, estimated balance of funds available for appropriation at the beginning of the fiscal year, and the plan for expenditures during the fiscal year for every department of the State. Constitutionally, the Governor must balance the budget by proposing expenditure recommendations that do not exceed funds estimated to be available for the fiscal year. The budget includes most state funds but excludes locally held funds and those state funds that are not subject to appropriation pursuant to state law. It is submitted by line item with accompanying program information, including personnel and capital detail, and performance and activity measures.

The General Assembly makes appropriations for all expenditures of public funds. Constitutionally, the General Assembly must balance the budget by appropriating amounts not to exceed funds they estimate to be available during the year. The Governor has the power to approve, reduce or veto each appropriation passed by the General Assembly, and the General Assembly may override these vetoes. Transfers in and out of funds pursuant to law or discretionary acts of the Governor are not part of the appropriation process.

The State's General Funds include the General Revenue Fund, the Common School Fund, the General Revenue-Common School Special Account Fund, the Education Assistance Fund, the Fund for the Advancement of Education, the Commitment to Human Services Fund, and the Budget Stabilization Fund. All state revenues, not otherwise restricted by law, including the majority of the State's major revenue sources, the income and sales taxes, are deposited into these funds to specifically fund education programs and to generally fund the rest of state government.

FY 2022 BUDGET CHRONOLOGY

Below is a chronological summary of the process of passing the FY 2022 budget, beginning with the Governor's introduced budget through his approving or vetoing of the proposed legislation, and finally any veto overrides by the General Assembly.

February 17

On February 17, 2021, Governor J.B. Pritzker presented his proposed FY 2022 budget via a pre-recorded video from the Illinois State Fairgrounds due to the on-going COVID-19 pandemic. Normally, governors present their proposed budget before a joint session of the Illinois General Assembly.

May 31 – June 1

The General Assembly passed the FY 2022 budget on May 31st and June 1st of 2021. The budget was primarily contained in two bills. The first bill was SB 2017, which was the Budget Implementation (BIMP) bill for FY 2022. The second bill, SB 2800, contained capital and operational appropriations for FY 2022 and supplemental appropriations for FY 2021.

June 15 - 17

On June 15, 2021, Governor Pritzker vetoed the appropriations bill using an amendatory veto to correct errors related to the effective date for some of the FY 2022 appropriations. The Senate concurred with the governor's veto on the same day, while the House approved the changes the following day. The Budget Implementation (BIMP) bill was approved by the governor on June 17, 2021.

| Subject Matter | Bill # | House Vote | House Vote Date | Senate Vote | Senate Vote Date | Governor Action | Governor Action Date | Public Act |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| FY 2022 Budget Implementation Act | SB 2017 as amended by HFA 2 | 73-44-0 | 6/1/2021 | 38-19-0 | 6/1/2021 | Approved | 6/17/2021 | P.A. 102-0016 |
| FY 2022 Capital and Operating Appropriations / FY 2021 Supplemental Appropriations | SB 2800 as amended by HFA 2 and 3 | 72-44-1 | 5/31/2021 | 37-21-0 | 6/1/2021 | Amendatory Veto | 6/15/2021 | See Footnote |
| FY 2022 Capital and Operating Appropriations / FY 2021 Supplemental Appropriations | SB 2800 as vetoed | 71-44-1 | 6/16/2021 | 36-21-0 | 6/15/2021 | n/a | n/a | P.A. 102-0017 |
| AppropriationsSB 2800 as vetoed $71-44-1$ $6/16/2021$ $36-21-0$ $6/15/2021$ n/a n/a $P.A. 102-0$ IFA = House Floor AmendmentThe table has two entries for the appropriation bill (SB 2800). The first entry shows the vote totals as initially passed by the General Assembly. The second entry shohe vote totals as vetoed by the governor. | | | | | | | | nd entry shows |

GOVERNOR'S ACTION

Below is the veto message associated with the appropriations bill (SB 2800).



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR 207 State House Springfield, Illingis 62706

JB PRITZKER GOVERNOR

June 15, 2021

To the Honorable Members of The Illinois Senate, 102nd General Assembly:

Today, I return Senate Bill 2800 with specific recommendations for change so that the various sets of appropriations included in the bill will take effect at the necessary time.

Senate Bill 2800 is the omnibus appropriation bill for Fiscal Year 2022. It includes the Fiscal Year 2022 appropriations for both the operating budget and the capital budget. In addition, it includes a number of necessary supplemental appropriations for Fiscal Year 2021. Appropriations to implement the Fiscal Year 2022 budget require an effective date of July 1, 2021 so that they take effect on the first day of the fiscal year. In contrast, supplemental appropriations for Fiscal Year 2021 require an immediate effective date so that they can be available for use during the remainder of Fiscal Year 2021.

Article 999 – the effective date provision in Senate Bill 2800 – references many of the bill's articles and, depending on whether the particular article contains new appropriations for Fiscal Year 2022 or supplemental appropriations for Fiscal Year 2021, specifies either a July 1, 2021 or an immediate effective date for each article. However, as is evident from the language in the bill, some articles were assigned the incorrect effective date, and many articles of the bill were not referenced in Article 999 and thus were not assigned a specific effective date.

It is evident that the errors and omissions in the effective date provision of Senate Bill 2800 were inadvertent as all appropriations bills traditionally have effective dates that align with the language of the appropriations. I believe that the legislative intent for Senate Bill 2800 was for new appropriations for Fiscal Year 2022 to have a July 1, 2021 effective date and for supplemental appropriations for Fiscal Year 2021 to have an immediate effective date. Without this amendatory veto, many of the appropriations in the bill would not take effect until June 1, 2022, eleven months into Fiscal Year 2022.

Therefore, pursuant to Article IV, Section 9(e) of the Illinois Constitution of 1970, I hereby return Senate Bill 2800, entitled, "An ACT concerning appropriations," with the following specific recommendations for change:

On page 3088, delete lines 8 through 12 and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"ARTICLE 999

Section 999. Effective Date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law, except that Articles 25 through 129, Articles 137 through 173, and Article 997 take effect July 1, 2021."

With this change, Senate Bill 2800 will have my approval. I respectfully request your concurrence.

Sincerely,

15 P)

JB Pritzker GOVERNOR

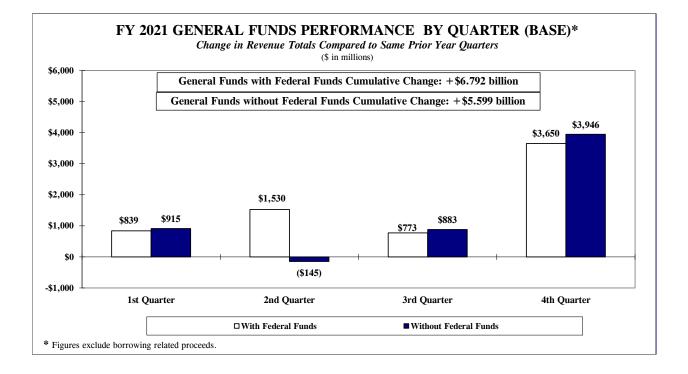
| FY 2022 BUDGET BILLS | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Bill # | Sponsor | Description | Status | | | | |
| SB 2017 | Senate: Harmon – Sims, Jr. | Budget Implementation Act Budget implementation (BIMP) bill for the FY 2022 budget. | P.A. 102-0016 | | | | |
| | House: Harris | | | | | | |
| SB 2800 | Senate: Harmon – Sims, Jr. – Hunter | Appropriations | P.A. 102-0017 | | | | |
| | House: Welch – Harris | FY 2022 Capital and Operating Appropriations and FY 2021 Supplemental Appropriations | | | | | |

SECTION 1. FY 2021 BUDGET REVIEW

- FY 2021 Revenue Recap
- FY 2021 Revenue Actuals VS. CGFA & GOMB Estimates
- Recent Changes to Income Tax Rates



FY 2021 REVENUE RECAP



First Quarter

Base July general funds revenues grew \$752 million overall. An expected gain of \$1.3 billion from income tax receipts related to the delayed July 15th filing deadline was the primary driver of the surge. As a consequence of policy decisions related to COVID-19, the usual April 15th income tax filing deadline was moved back to July 15th, both at the Federal as well as State level. Comparatively lower transfers into the general funds, along with a falloff in federal sources, served to offset much of the income tax increase.

Base August general funds revenues grew \$299 million. Combined, personal and corporate income taxes contributed \$275 million to the increase as a consequence of prior-month carryover related to the delayed final payment filing deadline. In addition to that timing anomaly, federal sources were up on a comparative basis with a very weak month one-year earlier. However, a lack of transfer activity served to offset much of those gains.

September general funds revenues fell \$212 million overall. A sizable \$259 million drop in federal sources more than offset a small combined net gain from income and sales tax receipts. Other state sources experienced a mixed performance, while transfers contributed a small gain.

Despite the pandemic and related economic uncertainty, through the first quarter of FY 2021, base receipts were up \$839 million. The growth reflected the surge in July income tax receipts related to the filing deadline extension. Through September, combined net income tax receipts were up by \$1.509 billion. While net sales taxes were up only \$10 million, that gain served to demonstrate consumer recovery efforts from COVID driven economic disruptions.

Second Quarter

October general funds revenues fell \$366 million in total. A very poor month for federal sources, which fell \$231 million coupled with a sizable falloff of \$207 million in "other sources" due to October 2019's court settlement related to drug company recoveries via the Attorney General's Office [valued at approximately \$193 million], were more than enough to offset gains from income and sales taxes.

Base November general funds revenues grew \$468 million overall, primarily on the strength of federal sources. This was due to a combination of resources made available for reimbursable spending as a result of \$400 million of Treasurer's Investment borrowing, coupled with reimbursement from federal Coronavirus Relief Fund moneys for prior state spending from the general funds. Federal sources gains aside, most of the other revenue lines experienced modest declines for the month.

Excluding \$2 billion in short-term borrowing executed mid-December, base general funds revenues grew \$1.428 billion. Of that amount, \$1.264 billion reflected growth in federal sources brought about by a surge in reimbursable spending made possible from proceeds of the short-term borrowing as well as reimbursement from federal Coronavirus Relief Fund moneys for prior state spending from the general funds. The larger economic related sources such as income and sales taxes continued to demonstrate resiliency by posting decent gains.

With the boost from November and December federal source proceeds, through the first half of the fiscal year, base receipts were up \$2.368 billion. Through December, combined net income tax receipts were up by \$1.680 billion. The growth reflected the surge in July income tax receipts related to the filing deadline extension. All of the other revenue sources combined have declined a net \$218 million, principally due to one-time court settlement proceeds receipted last fiscal year. Overall transfers were down \$711 million, mostly reflecting the significantly lower Income Tax Refund transfer levels as well as other miscellaneous transfers. With the impressive showing in November and December, federal sources reversed the earlier down turn, and were up \$1.599 billion to end the first half.

Third Quarter

Base general funds revenues grew a modest \$21 million in January. While federal sources experienced a very weak month coming off of December's phenomenal performance, the drop of \$279 million was more than made up for by continued strength demonstrated by income and sales taxes as well as other state tax sources.

Base general funds revenues grew a respectable \$330 million in February. A comparatively strong month for federal sources elevated receipts \$242 million. The growth reflected an extremely poor month one-year earlier rather than an impressive month in absolute terms. The economically-tied sources such as income and sales continued to perform well, while a number of smaller revenue sources experienced monthly dips.

General funds revenues grew \$422 million in March. Strong performances from both personal income and corporate income tax receipts were complemented by an impressive month for sales tax revenues. Also factoring into the monthly gain were timing elements related to quirks in both this year and last year's receipting for a couple of revenue lines. An overall weaker month for federal sources, coupled with lower transfers, served to offset some of the overall positive monthly performance.

Excluding borrowing related activity, through the first three-fourths of the fiscal year, base receipts were up 3.141 billion. In addition to December's surge in federal sources, that growth reflected the timing of income tax receipts related to last year's [2020] filing deadline extension. Through March, combined net income tax receipts were up 2.259 billion. While just over half of those gains can be attributed to the shift of FY 2020 final payments into early FY 2021, very respectable underlying base income tax receipting continued to impress. Also positive was the continued trend of sales tax receipt performance as the growth rate continued to improve, which stood at 3.3%.

Overall transfers were off considerably, down \$894 million, reflecting the lack of riverboat gaming transfers [\$195 million] significantly lower Income Tax Refund transfer levels [\$336 million] as well as lower other miscellaneous transfers [\$480 million]. Despite a comparatively weaker month of March, federal sources were still up \$1.489 billion year to date.

Fourth Quarter

One year removed from receipts dropping \$2.74 billion as the pandemic abruptly manifested in April 2020 revenues, base general funds receipts in April 2021 grew \$1.779 billion. Strong performance from both personal and corporate income taxes were complemented by an

impressive month for sales tax revenues. In addition, federal sources also posted a sizable monthly gain.

Base general funds jumped \$2.067 billion in May. The sizable monthly revenue gain was expected to occur for a number of reasons: the timing of final personal income tax payments [due to COVID-19, the final payment deadline was moved to mid-May, whereas last year the delay extended to July]; a year-over-year comparison with last May's poor pandemic related sales tax performance; and, a year-over-year comparison with a very weak month for federal sources in 2020.

Absent June 2020's \$1.2 billion of borrowing proceeds, base general funds revenues fell a modest \$196 million in the last month of FY 2021. Despite another impressive month in performance of the larger economically related revenue areas [in part due to last year's receipt timing patterns disrupted by the pandemic], an expected large drop-off in federal source reimbursements resulted in the overall June decline.

Year End

Excluding borrowing related activity, base receipts finished the fiscal year up a stunning \$6.792 billion. In addition to a surge in federal sources, that exceptional growth also reflected the timing of income tax receipts related to last year's [2020] filing deadline extension, as well as stronger underlying economic conditions as post-COVID normalcy returned by degrees. For the fiscal year, combined net income tax receipts were up \$5.536 billion. While approximately \$1.3 billion of those gains were attributed to the shift of FY 2020 final payments into early FY 2021, despite repeated upward revisions, strong income tax performance continued to meet and exceed expectations. With strong consumer spending reflecting stimulus payments, improving job picture, and improved consumer confidence, the year-long upward trend of sales tax receipts resulted in net receipts growing \$1.113 million over last fiscal year.

All of the other revenue sources combined finished behind last year's pace by \$165 million. While exceptional performance was seen from inheritance tax, insurance tax, and corporate franchise tax, those gains were erased by lower interest earnings, public utility tax receipts, as well as all other miscellaneous revenues directed into the general funds including those related to \$193 million in one-time court settlement proceeds receipted last fiscal year and a \$174 million reduction in Build Illinois Escrow payments. Overall transfers were off considerably, down \$885 million for the fiscal year, reflecting the lack of riverboat gaming transfers [\$195 million], significantly lower Income Tax Refund transfer levels [\$336 million], as well as lower other miscellaneous transfers [\$497 million]. Fueled by overall stronger revenues as well as borrowing

proceeds, Federal sources experienced an exceptional year of receipting. Despite the significant falloff in June reimbursements, federal receipts finished up \$1.193 billion.

Review of FY 2021 Revenue Estimates vs. Actuals

The below summary table as well as a more detailed table on the next page, displays and compares the last official estimates of both CGFA and GOMB that were released in the first-half of May. Despite both agencies making several significant upward revisions over the course of the fiscal year, FY 2021 ended up exceeding even late-stage attempts at capturing the impressive growth trajectory. In total, excluding borrowing related items, actual "base" receipts for FY 2021 finished \$1.234 billion or 2.8% above CGFA's last official May projection. In comparison, actual "base" receipt performance finished \$1.901 billion or 4.4% above the GOMB revision released in May.

Overall, FY 2021 proved to be another challenging year for revenue estimating. While the Commission performed better in the estimates related to the larger economic related sources such as personal and corporate income tax as well as sales tax, the GOMB's projections of transfers as well as federal sources ended the fiscal year closer to actuals.

| FY 2021 ACTUALS VS. CGFA AND GOMB ESTIMATES | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | (\$ millions) | _ | | | |
| | | CGFA EST. | DIFFERENCE ACTUALS | GOMB EST. | DIFFERENCE ACTUALS | |
| | ACTUAL | May-21 | FROM | May-21 | FROM | |
| Revenue Sources | <u>FY 2021</u> | FY 2021 | <u>ESTIMATE</u> | <u>FY 2021</u> | <u>ESTIMATE</u> | |
| Personal Income Taxes [Net] | \$22,525 | \$21,745 | \$780 | \$21,230 | \$1,295 | |
| Corporate Income Taxes [Net] | \$3,563 | \$3,287 | \$276 | \$3,097 | \$466 | |
| Sales Tax [Net] | \$9,368 | \$9,189 | \$179 | \$9,118 | \$250 | |
| All Other Sources | \$3,096 | \$3,236 | (\$140) | \$3,258 | (\$162) | |
| Transfers | \$1,556 | \$1,777 | (\$221) | \$1,654 | (\$98) | |
| Federal Sources | \$4,744 | \$4,384 | \$360 | \$4,594 | \$150 | |
| Subtotal General Funds | \$44,852 | \$43,618 | \$1,234 | \$42,951 | \$1,901 | |
| Treasurer's Investments | \$400 | \$400 | \$0 | \$400 | \$0 | |
| Municipal Liquidity Facility Borrowing | \$1,998 | \$1,998 | \$0 | \$1,998 | \$0 | |
| Total General Funds | \$47,250 | \$46,016 | \$1,234 | \$45,349 | \$1,901 | |

| | | (\$ millions) | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Revenue Sources | ACTUAL <u>FY 2021</u> | CGFA EST. May-21 <u>FY 2021</u> | DIFFERENCE ACTUALS FROM <u>ESTIMATE</u> | GOMB EST. May-21 <u>FY 2021</u> | DIFFERENCE ACTUALS FROM <u>ESTIMATE</u> |
| State Taxes | | | | | |
| Personal Income Tax | \$26,350 | \$25,437 | \$913 | \$24,835 | \$1,515 |
| Corporate Income Tax (regular) | \$4,450 | \$4,103 | \$347 | \$3,866 | \$584 |
| Sales Taxes | \$9,799 | \$9,623 | \$176 | \$9,549 | \$25 |
| Public Utility (regular) | \$752 | \$754 | (\$2) | \$767 | (\$1: |
| Cigarette Tax | \$281 | \$275 | \$6 | \$280 | \$ |
| Liquor Gallonage Taxes | \$177 | \$178 | (\$1) | \$176 | \$ |
| Vehicle Use Tax | \$36 | \$35 | \$1 | \$35 | \$ |
| Inheritance Tax | \$450 | \$440 | \$10 | \$444 | \$ |
| Insurance Taxes & Fees | \$480 | \$469 | \$11 | \$469 | \$1 |
| Corporate Franchise Tax & Fees | \$322 | \$298 | \$24 | \$300 | \$2 |
| Interest on State Funds & Investments | \$57 | \$55 | \$2 | \$70 | (\$1 |
| Cook County Intergovernmental Transfer | \$244 | \$244 | \$0 | \$244 | \$ |
| Other Sources | <u>\$297</u> | <u>\$488</u> | <u>(\$191)</u> | <u>\$473</u> | <u>(\$17</u> |
| Subtotal | \$43,695 | \$42,399 | \$1,296 | \$41,508 | \$2,18 |
| Transfers | | | | | |
| Lottery | \$777 | \$745 | \$32 | \$762 | \$1 |
| Riverboat transfers & receipts | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$ |
| Proceeds from sale of 10th license | \$6 | \$10 | (\$4) | \$10 | (\$ |
| Refund Fund transfer | \$281 | \$281 | \$0 | \$281 | \$ |
| Other | <u>\$492</u> | <u>\$741</u> | (\$249) | <u>\$601</u> | <u>(\$10</u> |
| Total State Sources | \$45,251 | \$44,176 | \$1,075 | \$43,162 | \$2,08 |
| Federal Sources | \$4,744 | \$4,384 | \$360 | \$4,594 | \$15 |
| Total Federal & State Sources | \$49,995 | \$48,560 | \$1,435 | \$47,756 | \$2,23 |
| Nongeneral Funds Distribution: | | | | | |
| Refund Fund | | | | | |
| Personal Income Tax | (\$2,372) | (\$2,289) | (\$83) | (\$2,235) | (\$13 |
| Corporate Income Tax | (\$625) | (\$574) | (\$51) | (\$541) | (\$8 |
| LGDFDirect from PIT | (\$1,453) | (\$1,403) | (\$50) | (\$1,370) | (\$8 |
| LGDFDirect from CIT | (\$262) | (\$242) | (\$20) | (\$228) | (\$3 |
| Downstate Pub/TransDirect from Sales | (\$431) | (\$434) | \$3 | (\$431) | \$ |
| Subtotal General Funds | \$44,852 | \$43,618 | \$1,234 | \$42,951 | \$1,90 |
| Freasurer's Investments | \$400 | \$400 | \$0 | \$400 | 5 |
| Municipal Liquidity Facility Borrowing | \$1,998 | \$1,998 | \$0 | \$1,998 | 9 |
| Total General Funds | \$47,250 | \$46,016 | \$1,234 | \$45,349 | \$1,90 |

RECENT CHANGES TO INCOME TAX RATES

In January 2011, P.A. 96-1496 was signed into law creating the first income tax rate increase since 1989. The Public Act made the following changes:

- Individual Income Tax Rate. Increases the personal income tax rate from 3% to 5% in tax year 2011; to 3.75% in tax year 2015; and, to 3.25% in tax year 2025.
- **Corporate Income Tax Rate.** Increases the corporate income tax rate from 4.8% to 7% in tax year 2011; to 5.25% in tax year 2015; and, to 4.8% in tax year 2025.

As a result of this tax increase, income tax revenues* steadily climbed from \$9.9 billion in FY 2010 to \$19.8 billion in FY 2014. Then, following the statutorily reduced tax rates in January 2015, tax receipts declined to as low as \$15.0 billion in FY 2017. This fluctuation in receipts is displayed in the graph on page 21.

On July 6, 2017, P.A. 100-0022 became law, modifying the tax rates as follows:

- Individual Income Tax Rate. On July 1, 2017, the personal income tax rate shall be at 4.95% (permanent).
- Corporate Income Tax Rate. On July 1, 2017, the corporate income tax rate shall be at 7% (permanent).

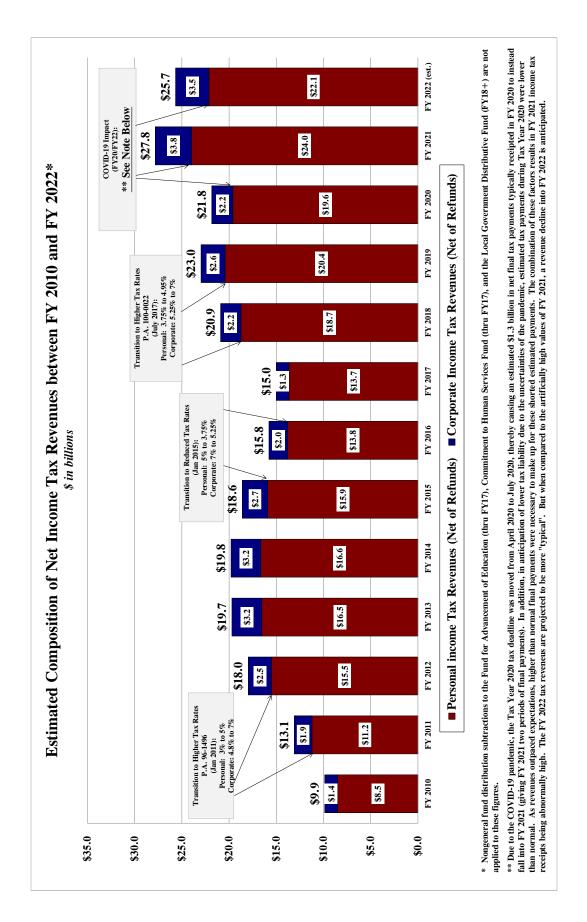
As these rates took full effect, income tax revenues* grew to \$20.9 billion in FY 2018 and then to \$23.0 billion in FY 2019. Further growth was expected in FY 2020, but the pandemic-related tax deadline change to July 15th shifted a significant amount of final tax payments from FY 2020 to FY 2021. As a result, FY 2020 income tax revenues fell to \$21.8 billion.

Because of these delayed tax payments, FY 2021 essentially received two sets of final payments. In addition, surprisingly strong base performance and higher than normal estimated tax payments (due to taxpayers underpaying their estimated payments during opening stages of the pandemic) increased FY 2021 revenues even further, resulting in a fiscal year combined revenue total of \$27.8 billion.

The tax deadline was again modified in 2021, this time to May 15th. However, this slight delay did not shift the final payments into the following fiscal year, as was done in the previous year. Therefore, FY 2022 is expected to be a more "typical" receipting year with the budget predicated upon a combined net of refunds revenue estimate of \$25.7 billion*. Though, as shown in the following graph, when compared to the artificially high values of FY 2021, a revenue decline into FY 2022 is anticipated.

*The values shown on the preceding page and in the accompanying graph are the sum of personal and corporate income tax receipts, net of refunds. Other non-general fund distribution subtractions (i.e. distributions to the Fund for the Advancement of Education (thru FY 2017), the Commitment to Human Services Fund (thru FY 2017), and the Local Government Distributive Fund (FY 2018+) are not applied to these figures for this exercise so that a more "apples to apples" comparison between the combined revenues of the fiscal years can be made.

Note: A change in the personal income tax structure from a flat tax to a graduated tax structure (via P.A. 101-0008 and SJRCA 1) was set to take effect on January 1, 2021. However, this change was voted down by Illinois voters during the November 2020 election. The enacted graduated tax structure was expected to generate an additional \$1.260 billion in tax revenues for FY 2021 and approximately \$3.0 billion in tax revenues in FY 2022 upon full implementation.



SECTION 2. FY 2022 BUDGET

- FY 2022 Budget Summary
- FY 2022 Revenue Assumptions
- FY 2022 General Funds Budget Plan
- FY 2022 Budget Implementation (BIMP) Bill
- FY 2022 Appropriations by Agency



FY 2022 BUDGET SUMMARY

Below is a table showing the new appropriations, continuing appropriations, and reappropriations for all appropriated funds for FY 2022. The data shown is preliminary data from the Office of the Comptroller's Statewide Accounting Management System (SAMS) data warehouse as of July 21, 2021. The grand total of all appropriations is \$176.6 billion for FY 2022. This is an increase of approximately 3.2%, or \$5.5 billion, from FY 2021. The largest increases in appropriations can be seen in Special State Funds at just under \$6.1 billion and Federal Trust Funds at \$2.0 billion. This was somewhat offset by decreases in Debt Service Funds (-\$2.5 billion) and Bond Financed Funds (-\$1.9 billion). Historical data since FY 2016 can be seen in the bottom table.

A breakdown of the appropriations by agency can be found on page 36 and a description of the different types of funds can be found on page 188.

| (\$ Millions)* | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | New | Continuing | | Total | \$ Change | % Change | |
| Fund Group | Appropriations | Appropriations | Reappropriations | Appropriations | FY 21 to FY 22 | FY 20 to FY 21 | |
| General Funds | \$41,324 | \$0 | \$20 | \$41,344 | \$649 | 1.6% | |
| Highway Funds | \$5,983 | \$0 | \$12,271 | \$18,253 | \$664 | 3.8% | |
| Special State Funds | \$39,448 | \$10,720 | \$3,673 | \$53,841 | \$6,055 | 12.7% | |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$857 | \$145 | \$26,749 | \$27,751 | -\$1,889 | -6.4% | |
| Debt Service Funds | \$3,774 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,774 | -\$2,527 | -40.1% | |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$28,143 | \$0 | \$472 | \$28,615 | \$2,070 | 7.8% | |
| Revolving Funds | \$1,185 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,185 | -\$46 | -3.7% | |
| State Trust Funds | \$1,830 | \$3 | \$29 | \$1,862 | \$547 | 41.6% | |
| Grand Total | \$122,543 | \$10,868 | \$43,215 | \$176,625 | \$5,523 | 3.2% | |

| (\$ Millions) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fund Group | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021* | FY 2022* |
| General Funds | \$28,536 | \$31,783 | \$36,179 | \$37,234 | \$39,113 | \$40,695 | \$41,344 |
| Highway Funds | \$8,070 | \$7,954 | \$8,507 | \$8,999 | \$16,965 | \$17,590 | \$18,253 |
| Special State Funds | \$33,550 | \$39,982 | \$36,166 | \$36,216 | \$41,114 | \$47,785 | \$53,841 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$4,346 | \$4,955 | \$4,534 | \$7,559 | \$28,130 | \$29,640 | \$27,751 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$3,536 | \$5,237 | \$3,960 | \$5,850 | \$3,626 | \$6,301 | \$3,774 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$8,288 | \$8,752 | \$8,282 | \$8,401 | \$12,239 | \$26,545 | \$28,615 |
| Revolving Funds | \$927 | \$1,468 | \$938 | \$1,217 | \$1,227 | \$1,231 | \$1,185 |
| State Trust Funds | \$604 | \$625 | \$605 | \$676 | \$688 | \$1,315 | \$1,862 |
| Grand Total | \$87,857 | \$100,756 | \$99,171 | \$106,152 | \$143,102 | \$171,103 | \$176,625 |
| *Preliminary Data | | | | | | | |

FY 2022 REVENUE ASSUMPTIONS

As shown in the following table, the FY 2022 budget was crafted based upon assumed "base" general funds revenues of \$42.367 billion. Included in that figure are approximately \$656 million of what is routinely referred to as "loophole closures/tax expenditures" resulting from the spring session [P.A. 102-0016]. The following provides a brief summary of those changes and value by revenue line.

- The estimate of personal income taxes includes \$38 million resulting from a rollback of the Federal Tax Cut and Jobs Act (TCJA) 100% accelerated depreciation deduction.
- The estimate of corporate income taxes includes approximately \$598 million resulting from several enacted changes. The capping of the corporate net operating loss (NOL) deduction for the next three years at \$100,000 per year is assumed to generate \$314 million, the roll back of the Federal TCJA 100% accelerated depreciation deduction is valued at \$177 million, and the aligning the tax treatment of foreign-source dividends to domestic dividends is assumed to add \$107 million.
- The estimate of corporate franchise tax contains a value of approximately \$20 million, related to eliminating the continued repeal of that tax.

An additional \$2 billion from the Federal American Rescue Plan Act related to reimbursement for "Essential Government Services" is also included in the overall State's general funds financial plan for FY 2022. When included, total resources available for the new fiscal year are assumed to be \$44.367 billion.

FY 2022 GENERAL FUNDS REVENUE REVENUE ASSUMPTIONS

[Amounts per GOMB and Legislative Staffs]

(\$ millions)

| | FY 2022 |
|---|--------------------|
| | Final Budget |
| Revenue Sources | Assumptions |
| State Taxes | |
| Personal Income Tax | \$24,389 |
| Corporate Income Tax (regular) | \$4,160 |
| Sales Taxes | \$9,859 |
| Public Utility (regular) | \$751 |
| Cigarette Tax | \$271 |
| Liquor Gallonage Taxes | \$178 |
| Vehicle Use Tax | \$30 |
| Inheritance Tax | \$345 |
| Insurance Taxes & Fees | \$416 |
| Corporate Franchise Tax & Fees | \$225 |
| Interest on State Funds & Investments | \$70 |
| Cook County Intergovernmental Transfer | \$244 |
| Other Sources | <u>\$597</u> |
| Subtotal | \$41,535 |
| Transfers | |
| Lottery | \$739 |
| Riverboat transfers and receipts | \$98 |
| Proceeds from sale of 10th license | \$10 |
| Refund Fund | \$150 |
| Other | <u>\$700</u> |
| Total State Sources | \$43,232 |
| Federal Sources [Base] | \$4,203 |
| Subtotal Federal & State Sources | \$47,435 |
| Nongeneral Funds Distribution: | |
| Refund Fund | |
| Personal Income Tax [9.25% '22] | (\$2,256) |
| Corporate Income Tax [15% '22] | (\$624) |
| Local Government Distributive Fund | |
| Personal Income Tax | (\$1,341) |
| Corporate Income Tax | (\$243) |
| Sales Tax Distributions to transit funds, transfer to Road Fund | (\$604) |
| Base General Funds | \$42,367 |
| ARPA Reimbursement for Essential Government Services | \$2,000 |
| Total Revenues General Funds | \$44,367 |

FY 2022 GENERAL FUNDS BUDGET PLAN

As shown, "base" expenditures are expected to be \$42.306 billion in FY 2022. Utilizing both base revenue and spending assumptions yields an expected \$61 million balance. If \$1.973 billion in COVID-Related Debt paydowns related to the December 2020 MLF borrowing and previous interfund borrowing are included in total spending, as well as the \$2 million in resources from the ARPA, the total surplus for FY 2020 is assumed to be \$88 million.

| GENERAL FUNDS - BUDGET PLAN FY 2022 Expenditures, Revenues/Resources, and Resulting Estimated Surplus {Amounts per Legislative Staffs and GOMB} \$ in millions | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| \$ in mutions | | | | | |
| evenues/Resources | | | | | |
| Revenue Source | FY 2022 Estimate [May-2021] | | | | |
| Personal Income Taxes (Net): | \$20,792 | | | | |
| Corporate Income Taxes (Net): | \$3,293 | | | | |
| Sales Tax (Net): | \$9,255 | | | | |
| All Other State Sources: | \$3,127 | | | | |
| Transfers In: | \$1,697 | | | | |
| Federal Sources: | \$4,203 | | | | |
| Total Base Revenues: | \$42,367 | | | | |
| ARPA Reimbursement for Essential Gov't Services: | \$2,000 | | | | |
| Total Resources: | \$44,367 | | | | |
| penditures Purpose | FY 2022 Amount | | | | |
| K-12 Education: | \$9,240 | | | | |
| Higher Education: | \$1,993 | | | | |
| Pensions: | \$9,64 | | | | |
| Human Services: | \$7,56 | | | | |
| Healthcare: | \$7,613 | | | | |
| Group Insurance: | \$1,85 | | | | |
| Government Services: | \$1,50 | | | | |
| Public Safety: | \$1,93 | | | | |
| Debt Service: | \$1,78 | | | | |
| Statutory Transfers Out: | \$36 | | | | |
| Lapsed Appropriations: | (1,189 | | | | |
| Total Base Expenditures | \$42,30 | | | | |
| COVID-Related Debt Paydown [Dec-2020 MLF]: | \$1,04 | | | | |
| Interfund Borrowing Paydown: | \$92 | | | | |
| Total Expenditures With Debt Paydown: | \$44,27 | | | | |
| Fiscal Year Estimated "Base Surplus": | \$6] | | | | |
| Total Surplus: | \$88 | | | | |

SECTION 2. FY 2022 BUDGET Page 28

FY 2022 Budget Implementation (BIMP) Bill

P.A. 102-0016 (SB 2017) is the Budget Implementation Bill for FY 2022. The bill does the following to implement the FY 2022 budget:

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)

- Authorizes deposit of federal Low-Income Household Water Assistance Program funds into Community Services Block Grant Fund to be used by the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) for program purposes permitted under the ARPA.
- Amends the State CURE Fund to authorize receipt of federal funds from the Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund and other funds (homeowner assistance and rental assistance) pursuant to the ARPA for use for purposes permitted under the ARP Act.
- Removes the December 30, 2020 limitation in Local CURE Program so that it can reimburse locals for expenses incurred in both FY 2021 and FY 2022, consistent with federal authorization. Permits use of the Local CURE Fund to make distributions to units of local government in accordance with the ARPA.
- Adds to the Illinois Housing Development Authority's (IHDA) powers and duties to authorize it to receive and expend Homeowner Assistance Program moneys made available through the ARPA. Funds must be used for permitted purposes.
- Provides specific authority for DCEO to receive federal funds from the ARPA and use them for the Small Business Credit Initiative.
- Requires the new Business Interruption Grant (BIG) Program to have 40% of grants in disproportionately impacted areas (DIAs).
- Allows the Department of Public Health (IDPH) and Department of Lottery to develop and offer a promotion and award prizes for the purpose of encouraging Illinois residents to be vaccinated against COVID-19.
- Creates the framework for ARPA funds under the Job Training and Economic Development (JTED) Grant Program.
- Creates the Research in Illinois to Spur Economic Recovery Program.

- Creates the American Rescue Plan Capital Assets Program (ARPCAP).
- Allows ARPA Funds to provide tourism attraction grants.
- Permits the State to provide the same level of flexibility as the federal government with respect to application of the budget implementation bill and the Uniform Guidance to the State's distribution of federal funds received under Section 9901 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.
- Creates the framework for ARPA funds to be used for long-term care entities and hospitals.

Finance

- Reinstates the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority (MPEA) incentive grants until FY 26 and allows more flexibility in the Authority's required meetings.
- Allows the ability for the University of Illinois to enter into a lease with University of Chicago for the Chicago Quantum Exchange.
- Dissolves the MEAOB Fund, the Illinois Civic Center Bond Fund and the Illinois Civic Center Bond Retirement and Interest Fund.
- Extends by 1 year, for FY 2022 only, the sunset on the Capital Development Board Revolving Fund, from 7/1/2021 to 7/1/2022.
- Creates the DoIT Special Projects Fund to allow the Department of Innovation and Technology (DoIT) to receive grants and other revenues from any source.
- Extends, through FY 2022, the \$14.0 million annual transfer from the General Revenue Fund (GRF) to the Partners for Conservation Fund.
- Makes technical changes to the reference to the proper Chief Procurement Officer for general services for purposes of funding administrative costs from the Professional Services Fund.

- Makes a technical change in the use of the Professional Services Fund so that the fund can continue to support the Business Enterprise Program (BEP) after the program is moved from Department of Central Management Services (CMS) to the Commission on Equity and Inclusion (CEI).
- During FY 2022 only, expands the appropriation transfer limit from 2% to 4% and includes lump sum operations appropriations.
- Extends through FY 2022 agencies' authority to pay prompt payment interest from the next fiscal year's appropriation if the underlying voucher is paid after June 30 of the fiscal year.
- Extends through FY 2023 the reduced match requirement (from 50% to 25%) instituted in FY 2021 to provide greater flexibility and funding for local tourism and convention bureaus to receive money from DCEO through the Local Tourism Fund and International Tourism Fund.
- Extends by 1 year the sunset on the Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Coal Resources Development Law of 1997, from 12/31/2021 to 12/31/2022.
- Amends Section 5 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (IEMA) Act to allow IEMA to receive and deposit donations into the Disaster Response and Recovery Fund as well as the Emergency Planning and Training Fund when such gifts and grants are intended for disaster response and recovery purposes.
- Clarifies school district reimbursement method for Illinois Virtual Course Catalog Program in school year 2021-2022; Gives the Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE) until 12/31/21 instead of 10/31/21 due to COVID-19 to complete state report cards for schools and school districts.
- Allows the Appraisal Administration Fund of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (DFPR) to receive grants and other revenues from any source.
- Amends the Illinois Public Aid Code to affirm the practice of the Department of Human Services (DHS) depositing certain receipts of federal funds into the DHS Special Purposes Trust Fund rather than into GRF.

- This will make permanent the incorporation of the budget for the Illinois Correctional Industries (ICI) into the Department of Corrections (IDOC) budget as a program, and will clarify that the ICI chief reports to a designee of the Corrections Director.
- Creates the State Treasurer's Capital Fund to allow the Treasurer's Office to make capital expenditures outside of the Capital Development Board (CDB).
- Removes the 48-month deadline for repayment of interfund borrowing so that it can be repaid by the Comptroller as necessary and convenient.
- Authorizes the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) to pay Pace paratransit grants, RTA reduced fare subsidy grants, and Amtrak subsidies from the Road Fund, at maximum levels equal to the amounts included in the Governor's FY 2022 budget.
- Removes the limitation on refunding bonds that requires every maturity of refunding bonds to the same or shorter than the refunded bonds for the FY 2022 and thereafter. Retains the requirement for refunding not to extend the final maturity date.
- Allows for the Medicaid coverage for noncitizens aged 55-64 with income under 133% of the federal poverty level (FPL).
- Creates a fund to accept excess funds to pay for horse racing purposes in FY 2022.
- Restores SMART Act Reductions (3.5%) and creates a pool for Critical Access funding.
- Extends the University of Illinois procurement exemption for investment services by one year.
- Creates a claw back provision for FY 2022 for hospital closures.
- Updates the Legislative Budget Oversight Commission's (LBOC) reporting data and extends the Commission a year.
- Allows the State to collect and spend the increased amount of money going to the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP).

Miscellaneous

- Codifies vaccine protocols that retailers are currently doing during the pandemic.
- Extends the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program to July 1, 2025.
- Allows school districts an exemption from the referendum requirement for the construction of a new building when funding the construction with at least 70% ARPA dollars.
- Creates the Reimagine Public Safety Act.
- Extends Invest in Kids by one year. Allows for non-public Career and Technical Education (CTE) programs to access the scholarship.
- Provides cleanup language for district office appropriation.

Pensions

- Extends through FY 2022 the existing practice of including the State Pensions Fund contributions to the retirement systems as a portion of the state's required annual certified contribution amount paid to the State Universities Retirement System (SURS).
- Provides an exemption of the 2020-2021 school year from the final average salary (FAS) calculation for Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) members only.

Revenue

- Extends the sunset of the following tax credits and exemptions for 5 years.
 - Angel Investment Credit
 - Rivers Edge Development Credit
 - Affordable Housing Donation Tax Credit
 - Feminine hygiene products sales tax exemption
 - Live Theater Production
 - New Markets Tax Credit
- Caps corporate net operating losses at \$100,000 per year for tax years 2021–2024.
- Aligns the treatment of foreign source dividends to domestic source dividends.

- Rolls back the changes made in the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act regarding 100 percent depreciation.
- Freezes the repeal of the franchise tax to the current year.
- Codifies a formula for determining the fair cash value of a supportive living facility through the income capitalization approach.
- Provides that the sales tax for food prepared for immediate consumption at an assisted living facility, or similar residential facility, is 1.0%.
- Exempts trade schools owned by trust funds from the Property Tax Code.

Transfers

- Authorizes the transfer of a total of \$14.3 million from numerous Secretary of State (SoS) funds to the Secretary of State identification Security-and Theft Prevention Fund.
- Authorizes the one-time transfer of up to \$40 million from the Capital Projects Fund (CPF) to the Rebuild Illinois Projects Fund (RIP Fund) to implement the intent that initial license fees collected under the Sports Wagering Act would be put into the RIP Fund.
- Makes one-time transfer of \$7.0 million from the State Police Services Fund to the State Police Operations Assistance Fund.
- Provides one-time authorization for the Governor to direct the transfer of up to \$20 million from GRF to the Advance Account in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund to support the Illinois Sports Facility Authority's (ISFA) payment of debt service in FY 2021 and FY 2022.
- Discontinues, for FY 2022 only, transfers from GRF to the Illinois Veterans' Rehabilitation Fund.
- Transfers \$5.0 million from GRF to the new DoIT Special Projects Fund at the start of FY 2022, as directed by the GOMB Director, to be repaid by the end of FY 2022, as seed money for the new fund.

- Authorizes a one-time transfer of \$0.5 million from GRF to the Governor's Administrative Fund.
- Transfers \$0.5 million from GRF to the Grant Accountability and Transparency Fund to fund the Grant Accountability and Transparency Unit (GATU) within the Governor's Office of Management and Budget (GOMB).
- Extends through FY 2022 the current practice of using the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund (PPRT) for the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB) to pay for community college base operating grants and for IDPH to pay local health protection grants to local health departments.
- Extends through FY 2022 the discontinuation of transfers from GRF to the Coal Technology Development Assistance Fund.
- Sets at 9.25% the share of personal income taxes and at 15.0% the share of corporate income taxes deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund.
- Authorizes the transfer from the Sports Wagering Fund (SWF) to the Rebuild Illinois Projects Fund receipts from initial sports wagering license fees.
- Extends through FY 2022 the \$5.0 million transfer from the Solid Waste Management Fund to GRF.
- Extends through FY 2022 the \$10.0 million transfer from the Underground Storage Tank Fund to GRF.

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | Elementar | y & Secondary E | ducation | |
| Illinois Education Lab | | | | |
| Total | \$2.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.05 |
| Special State Funds | \$2.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.05 |
| State Board of Educat | | + | | + |
| Total | \$21,374.83 | \$0.00 | \$247.69 | \$21,622.53 |
| General Funds | \$9,239.65 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$9,239.65 |
| Special State Funds | \$68.19 | \$0.00 | \$221.96 | \$290.15 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$25.73 | \$25.73 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$12,046.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$12,046.50 |
| State Trust Funds | \$20.49 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$20.49 |
| Teachers' Pension and | Retirement Syst | em, Chicago | | |
| Total | \$277.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$277.50 |
| General Funds | \$277.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$277.50 |
| Teachers' Retirement | System | | | |
| Total | \$5,837.85 | \$60.00 | \$0.00 | \$5,897.85 |
| General Funds | \$5,837.85 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5,837.85 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$60.00 | \$0.00 | \$60.00 |
| | Elementary & | Secondary Educ | cation Totals | |
| Total | \$27,492.23 | \$60.00 | \$247.69 | \$27,799.92 |
| General Funds | \$15,355.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$15,355.00 |
| Highway Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Special State Funds | \$70.24 | \$0.00 | \$221.96 | \$292.20 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$60.00 | \$25.73 | \$85.73 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$12,046.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$12,046.50 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| State Trust Funds | \$20.49 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$20.49 |
| | H | ligher Education | | |
| Board of Higher Educ | ation | | | |
| Total | \$119.82 | \$0.00 | \$10.00 | \$129.82 |
| General Funds | \$12.87 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$12.87 |
| Special State Funds | \$1.48 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.48 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.94 | \$0.00 | \$10.00 | \$10.94 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$104.53 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$104.53 |
| Chicago State Univers | ity | | | |
| Total | \$38.33 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$38.33 |
| General Funds | \$35.02 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$35.02 |
| Special State Funds | \$3.31 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.31 |
| Eastern Illinois Univer | sity | | | |
| Total | \$41.93 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$41.93 |
| General Funds | \$41.92 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$41.92 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.01 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.01 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | (\$ Millions) | | |
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | High | ner Education (con | nt.) | |
| Governors State Unive | ersity | | | |
| Total | • | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$23.19 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$23.19 |
| Illinois Community Co | | | | |
| Total | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$477.92 |
| General Funds | \$249.22 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$249.22 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | | \$168.20 |
| Federal Trust Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$60.40 |
| State Trust Funds | \$0.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 |
| Illinois Math and Scie | nce Academy | | | |
| Total | - | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$22.87 |
| General Funds | \$18.94 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$18.94 |
| Special State Funds | \$3.93 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.93 |
| Illinois State Universit | ty | | | |
| Total | • | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$69.64 |
| General Funds | \$69.62 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$69.62 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.03 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.03 |
| Illinois Student Assista | ance Commission | n | | |
| Total | \$860.65 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$860.65 |
| General Funds | \$552.87 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$552.87 |
| Special State Funds | \$10.58 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$10.58 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$297.21 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$297.21 |
| Northeastern Illinois U | U niversity | | | |
| Total | - | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$35.57 |
| General Funds | \$35.57 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$35.57 |
| Northern Illinois Univ | ersity | | | |
| Total | • | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$87.82 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$87.80 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.02 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.02 |
| State Universities Civi | l Service Merit l | Board | | |
| Total | \$1.11 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.11 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.11 |
| State Universities Reti | | | | |
| Total | • | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,106.11 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,888.11 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$218.00 |
| Southern Illinois Univ | | | | |
| Total | e e | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$194.90 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$193.63 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.27 |
| University of Illinois | | | | |
| Total | \$637.88 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$637.88 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$622.04 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$15.07 |
| Federal Trust Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.77 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|---------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | | er Education (co | | |
| Western Illinois Unive | | | | |
| Total | \$49.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$49.60 |
| General Funds | \$49.59 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$49.59 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.01 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.01 |
| | | er Education To | | |
| Total | \$4,767.35 | \$0.00 | \$10.00 | \$4,777.35 |
| General Funds | \$3,881.51 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3,881.51 |
| Highway Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Special State Funds | \$421.90 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$421.90 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.94 | \$0.00 | \$10.00 | \$10.94 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$462.91 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$462.91 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| State Trust Funds | \$0.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 |
| | | Departments | | |
| Aging | | | | |
| Total | \$1,455.57 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,455.57 |
| General Funds | \$1,156.51 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,156.51 |
| Special State Funds | \$6.40 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$6.40 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$292.32 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$292.32 |
| State Trust Funds | \$0.35 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.35 |
| Agriculture | | | | |
| Total | \$126.16 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$126.16 |
| General Funds | \$18.18 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$18.18 |
| Special State Funds | \$92.87 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$92.87 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$13.91 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.91 |
| State Trust Funds | \$1.20 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.20 |
| Central Management S | Services | | | |
| Total | \$7,686.98 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7,686.98 |
| General Funds | \$1,921.83 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,921.83 |
| Highway Funds | \$130.99 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$130.99 |
| Special State Funds | \$5,000.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5,000.00 |
| Revolving Funds | \$527.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$527.10 |
| State Trust Funds | \$107.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$107.05 |
| Children and Family S | Services | | | |
| Total | \$1,556.31 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,556.31 |
| General Funds | \$1,142.08 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,142.08 |
| Special State Funds | \$396.93 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$396.93 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$14.51 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$14.51 |
| State Trust Funds | \$2.79 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.79 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | De | epartments (cont. | .) | |
| Commerce and Econor | | · · · · | | |
| Total | \$4,703.81 | \$0.00 | \$3,739.41 | \$8,443.22 |
| General Funds | \$66.41 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$66.41 |
| Special State Funds | \$901.55 | \$0.00 | \$85.20 | \$986.75 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$570.50 | \$0.00 | \$3,625.03 | \$4,195.53 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$2,595.36 | \$0.00 | \$29.18 | \$2,624.54 |
| State Trust Funds | \$570.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$570.00 |
| Corrections | | | | |
| Total | \$1,758.36 | \$0.00 | \$7.78 | \$1,766.13 |
| General Funds | \$1,536.36 | \$0.00 | \$7.78 | \$1,544.13 |
| Special State Funds | \$152.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$152.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$70.00 | | | \$70.00 |
| Employment Security | | | | |
| Total | \$480.49 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$480.49 |
| General Funds | \$21.20 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$21.20 |
| Highway Funds | \$4.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$455.29 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$455.29 |
| Financial and Professi | | <i>40100</i> | <i>Q</i> 0100 | ¢.000129 |
| Total | \$130.19 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$130.19 |
| Special State Funds | \$130.19 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$130.19 |
| Healthcare and Family | • | \$0.00 | 40.00 | ¢150.17 |
| Total | \$30,816.50 | \$0.00 | \$58.39 | \$30,874.89 |
| General Funds | \$7,613.22 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7,613.22 |
| Special State Funds | \$22,731.76 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$22,731.76 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$280.00 | \$0.00 | \$58.39 | \$338.39 |
| State Trust Funds | \$191.52 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$191.52 |
| Human Rights | ¢1)1.52 | \$0.00 | 40.00 | φ1)1.0 2 |
| Total | \$17.11 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | ¢17 11 |
| General Funds | \$17.11 \$11.72 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$17.11 \$11.72 |
| Special State Funds | \$11.72 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.60 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$4.79 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Human Services | φ+.79 | φ0.00 | \$0.00 | Q 4 .79 |
| Total | \$10.074.35 | ¢0.00 | ¢0.00 | ¢10.074.35 |
| | \$10,974.25 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$10,974.25 \$4,825.85 |
| General Funds Special State Funds | \$4,825.85 \$775.77 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$775.77 \$4.073.41 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$775.77 \$4.073.41 |
| State Trust Funds | \$4,973.41 \$399.23 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4,973.41 \$399.23 |
| Illinois Power Agency | ·\$399.23 | φ 0. 00 | φ 0. 00 | \$399.23 |
| 0. | \$07 AC | ቀስ ስስ | ሰብ ባብ | \$03 AC |
| Total Special State Funde | \$83.46 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$83.46 |
| Special State Funds | \$80.00 \$3.46 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$80.00 \$3.46 |
| State Trust Funds | \$3.46 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.46 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | De | epartments (cont. | .) | |
| Innovation and Techno | | <u> </u> | , | |
| Total | \$670.00 | \$0.00 | \$214.43 | \$884.4 |
| General Funds | \$15.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$15.0 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$214.43 | \$214.43 |
| Revolving Funds | \$650.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$650.0 |
| State Trust Funds | \$5.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.00 |
| Insurance | | | | |
| Total | \$59.71 | \$4.50 | \$0.00 | \$64.21 |
| Special State Funds | \$59.43 | \$4.50 | \$0.00 | \$63.93 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$0.28 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.28 |
| Juvenile Justice | | | | |
| Total | \$121.96 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$121.90 |
| General Funds | \$108.96 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$108.90 |
| Special State Funds | \$13.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.00 |
| Labor | | | | |
| Total | \$15.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$15.13 |
| General Funds | \$7.49 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.49 |
| Special State Funds | \$2.24 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.24 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$5.40 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.40 |
| Lottery | | | | |
| Total | \$2,235.94 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,235.94 |
| Special State Funds | \$2,228.94 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,228.94 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$7.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.00 |
| Military Affairs | +····* | + | + | 4 |
| Total | \$64.72 | \$0.00 | \$157.49 | \$222.21 |
| General Funds | \$ 18 .21 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$18.2 |
| Special State Funds | \$6.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$75.00 | \$81.10 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$82.49 | \$82.49 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$40.41 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$40.4 |
| Natural Resources | <i>Q</i>10.11 | 40.00 | 40.00 | ¢10.11 |
| Total | \$408.36 | \$0.00 | \$940.00 | \$1,348.30 |
| General Funds | \$42.80 | \$0.00 | \$940.00 | \$42.80 |
| Special State Funds | \$285.67 | \$0.00 | \$379.61 | \$665.28 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$4.49 | \$0.00 | \$466.19 | \$470.68 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$62.88 | \$0.00 | \$72.60 | \$135.49 |
| State Trust Funds | \$12.51 | \$0.00 | \$21.59 | \$34.10 |
| Public Health | <i></i> | \$0.00 | (| ų int |
| Total | \$2,883.11 | \$0.00 | \$15.00 | \$2,898.1 1 |
| General Funds | \$181.51 | \$0.00 | \$13.00 | \$181.51 |
| Special State Funds | \$181.51 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$181.9 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$15.00 | \$15.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$2,454.76 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,454.76 |
| State Trust Funds | \$62.35 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$62.35 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| Ingeney | | epartments (cont. | | rippi oprimions |
| Demonro | | par tinents (cont. |) | |
| Revenue | ¢2.020.05 | \$10 COS =0 | ¢1 =0, 00 | |
| Total General Funds | \$3,828.95 | \$10,692.50 | \$150.00 | \$14,671.45 |
| | \$49.04 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$49.04 |
| Highway Funds | \$128.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$128.10 |
| Special State Funds Bond Financed Funds | \$1,986.10 \$0.00 | \$10,692.50 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$150.00 | \$12,678.60 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$0.00 \$1,665.70 | \$0.00 | \$150.00 | \$150.00 \$1,665,70 |
| State Trust Funds | \$1,005.70 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,665.70 \$0.01 |
| State Police | \$0.01 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.01 |
| | \$722 3 4 | \$0.00 | ¢100 50 | \$0 55 04 |
| Total | \$733.34 | \$0.00 | \$122.50 | \$855.84 |
| General Funds | \$291.68 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$291.68 |
| Special State Funds | \$421.66 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$421.66 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$122.50 | \$122.50 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$20.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$20.00 |
| Transportation | | | | |
| Total | \$6,979.76 | \$0.00 | \$25,234.10 | \$32,213.85 |
| Highway Funds | \$5,690.25 | \$0.00 | \$12,270.81 | \$17,961.05 |
| Special State Funds | \$1,064.62 | \$0.00 | \$793.25 | \$1,857.87 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$5.00 | \$0.00 | \$11,858.15 | \$11,863.15 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$219.84 | \$0.00 | \$311.89 | \$531.73 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.05 |
| Veterans' Affairs | | | | |
| Total | \$183.76 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$183.76 |
| General Funds | \$103.86 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$103.86 |
| Special State Funds | \$77.54 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$77.54 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$2.35 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.35 |
| | De | epartments Totals | S | |
| Total | \$77,973.94 | \$10,697.00 | \$30,639.09 | \$119,310.02 |
| General Funds | \$19,131.89 | \$0.00 | \$7.78 | \$19,139.66 |
| Highway Funds | \$5,953.35 | \$0.00 | \$12,270.81 | \$18,224.15 |
| Special State Funds | \$36,597.86 | \$10,697.00 | \$1,333.06 | \$48,627.92 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$579.99 | \$0.00 | \$16,533.79 | \$17,113.78 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$13,178.23 | \$0.00 | \$472.06 | \$13,650.29 |
| Revolving Funds | \$1,177.15 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,177.15 |
| State Trust Funds | \$1,355.47 | \$0.00 | \$21.59 | \$1,377.07 |
| | | Other Agencies | | |
| Abraham Lincoln Pres | | | | |
| Total | \$15.17 | \$0.00 | \$0.15 | \$15.32 |
| General Funds | \$7.97 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.97 |
| Special State Funds | \$7.20 | \$0.00 | \$0.15 | \$7.35 |
| Arts Council | ψ1.20 | φ0.00 | ψ0.13 | φ1.55 |
| Total | ¢15 00 | ድብ ስሳ | ¢50.02 | ¢28 00 |
| General Funds | \$15.80 \$13.27 | \$0.00 | \$50.03 \$0.00 | \$65.83 \$13.27 |
| Special State Funds | \$13.27 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$50.03 | \$13.27 \$50.03 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$0.00 \$2.53 | \$0.00 | \$0.03 \$0.00 | |
| | \$2.55 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.53 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (§ Millions) | | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| Agency | | | | Appropriations |
| | | er Agencies (con | l•) | |
| Capital Development | | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$9,465.20 | \$9,785.87 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$50.00 | \$61.71 |
| Bond Financed Funds | | \$0.00 | \$9,407.68 | \$9,666.64 |
| State Trust Funds | | \$0.00 | \$7.51 | \$57.51 |
| Civil Service Commiss | | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.48 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.48 |
| Commission on Equity | | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.25 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.25 |
| Revolving Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.00 |
| Commission on Huma | n Rights | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.09 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.09 |
| Coroner Training Boa | rd | | | |
| Total | \$0.45 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.45 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.45 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.45 |
| Council on Developme | ental Disabilities | | | |
| Total | \$4.88 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.88 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$4.88 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.88 |
| Court of Claims | | | | |
| Total | \$40.77 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$40.77 |
| General Funds | \$27.54 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$27.54 |
| Highway Funds | \$1.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.00 |
| Special State Funds | \$2.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.05 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$10.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$10.13 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.05 |
| Criminal Justice Infor | mation Authority | y | | |
| Total | \$365.66 | \$0.00 | \$0.78 | \$366.45 |
| General Funds | \$52.27 | \$0.00 | \$0.78 | \$53.06 |
| Special State Funds | \$5.51 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.51 |
| Federal Trust Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$227.48 |
| State Trust Funds | \$80.40 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$80.40 |
| Deaf and Hard of Hea | ring Commission | l | | |
| Total | \$0.88 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.88 |
| General Funds | \$0.64 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.64 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.24 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.24 |
| Environmental Protec | tion Agency | | | |
| Total | ••• | \$0.00 | \$2,368.53 | \$3,459.37 |
| Highway Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$23.00 |
| Special State Funds | \$979.72 | \$0.00 | \$2,017.64 | \$2,997.36 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$350.90 | \$350.90 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$81.27 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$81.27 |
| State Trust Funds | \$6.85 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$6.85 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| Agency | | | | Appropriations |
| | | ner Agencies (con | l.) | |
| Executive Ethics Com | | | | |
| Total | \$10.07 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$10.07 |
| General Funds | \$7.52 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.52 |
| Highway Funds | \$0.82 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.82 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.74 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.74 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.99 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.99 |
| Governor's Office of N | e | 0 | * 0.00 | *=02 0.4 |
| Total | 1 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$583.04 |
| General Funds | \$3.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.10 |
| Special State Funds Bond Financed Funds | \$0.11 \$2.13 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.11 \$2.12 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$2.13 \$573.70 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$2.13 \$573.70 |
| Revolving Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$373.70 |
| Guardianship and Adv | | | \$0.00 | \$4.00 |
| - | • | | \$0.00 | ¢12.21 |
| Total | <i><i><i>q</i>₁₀,<u>-</u>1</i></i> | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.21 |
| General Funds | \$10.21 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$10.21 |
| Special State Funds | \$3.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.00 |
| Illinois Commerce Con | | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$64.72 |
| Special State Funds | \$64.72 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$64.72 |
| Illinois Emergency Ma | 0 0 | • | | |
| Total | • • | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,456.20 |
| General Funds | \$11.33 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$11.33 |
| Special State Funds | \$41.65 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$41.65 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$2,102.95 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,102.95 |
| State Trust Funds | \$300.28 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$300.28 |
| Illinois Gaming Board | | | | |
| Total | 1 - | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$248.17 |
| Special State Funds | \$248.17 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$248.17 |
| Illinois Independent T | | | | |
| Total | \$0.71 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.71 |
| General Funds | \$0.43 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.43 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.28 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.28 |
| Illinois Labor Relation | | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.74 |
| General Funds | \$1.74 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.74 |
| Illinois Law Enforcem | | l Standards Board | | |
| Total | | \$5.40 | \$0.00 | \$117.05 |
| General Funds | \$13.33 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.33 |
| Special State Funds | \$29.70 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$29.70 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$8.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$8.00 |
| Illinois Workers' Com | pensation Comm | nission | | |
| Total | | \$2.70 | \$0.00 | \$33.01 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$30.31 |
| State Trust Funds | \$0.00 | \$2.70 | \$0.00 | \$2.70 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (\$ Millions) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | Oth | er Agencies (con | t.) | |
| Liquor Control Comm | | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$11.62 |
| Special State Funds | \$11.62 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$11.62 |
| Metropolitan Pier and | Exposition Auth | ority | | |
| Total | \$302.90 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$302.90 |
| Special State Funds | \$302.90 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$302.90 |
| Office of the Executive | e Inspector Gener | ral | | |
| Total | \$8.24 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$8.24 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$6.63 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.61 |
| Prisoner Review Boar | d | | | |
| Total | \$3.41 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.41 |
| General Funds | \$3.27 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.27 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.14 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.14 |
| Procurement Policy B | oard | | | |
| Total | \$0.53 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.53 |
| General Funds | \$0.53 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.53 |
| Property Tax Appeal | Board | | | |
| Total | \$7.49 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.49 |
| Special State Funds | \$7.49 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.49 |
| Racing Board | | | | |
| Total | \$5.81 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.81 |
| Special State Funds | \$5.81 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.81 |
| Sex Offender Manage | ment Board | | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 |
| Sports Facilities Author | ority | | | |
| Total | - | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$67.31 |
| Special State Funds | \$67.31 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$67.31 |
| State Employees' Reti | rement System | | | |
| Total | | \$80.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,685.80 |
| General Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,605.80 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$80.00 | \$0.00 | \$80.00 |
| State Fire Marshal | | | | |
| Total | \$45.65 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$45.65 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$44.65 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$1.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.00 |
| State Police Merit Boa | ord | | | |
| Total | \$1.43 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.43 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.43 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | (\$ Millions) | | |
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | Oth | er Agencies Tota | ıls | |
| Total | \$7,381.43 | \$82.70 | \$11,884.69 | \$19,348.82 |
| General Funds | \$1,770.39 | \$0.00 | \$0.78 | \$1,771.18 |
| Highway Funds | \$24.82 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$24.82 |
| Special State Funds | \$1,868.64 | \$0.00 | \$2,117.81 | \$3,986.45 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$261.08 | \$80.00 | \$9,758.58 | \$10,099.66 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$573.70 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$573.70 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$2,438.23 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2,438.23 |
| Revolving Funds | \$7.04 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.04 |
| State Trust Funds | \$437.53 | \$2.70 | \$7.51 | \$447.74 |
| | J | udicial Agencies | | |
| Courts Commission | | | | |
| Total | \$0.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.60 |
| General Funds | \$0.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.60 |
| Judicial Inquiry Board | 1 | | | |
| Total | \$0.85 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.85 |
| General Funds | \$0.85 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.85 |
| Judges' Retirement Sy | stem | | | |
| Total | \$152.42 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$152.42 |
| General Funds | \$152.42 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$152.42 |
| Office of the State App | cellate Defender | | | |
| Total | \$26.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$26.13 |
| General Funds | \$26.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$26.13 |
| State's Attorneys App | | | | |
| Total | \$21.47 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$21.47 |
| General Funds | \$11.81 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$11.81 |
| Special State Funds | \$6.47 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$6.47 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$0.30 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.30 |
| State Trust Funds | \$2.90 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.90 |
| Supreme Court | | | | |
| Total | \$493.85 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$493.85 |
| General Funds | \$439.68 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$439.68 |
| Special State Funds | \$50.17 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$50.17 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$4.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.00 |
| Supreme Court Histor | ic Preservation (| Commission | | |
| Total | \$5.30 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.30 |
| General Funds | \$0.80 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.80 |
| Special State Funds | \$4.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.50 |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY (§ Millions) | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| | New | Continuing | | Total | |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations | |
| | Judi | cial Agencies Tot | als | | |
| Total | \$700.62 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$700.62 | |
| General Funds | \$632.29 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$632.29 | |
| Highway Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | |
| Special State Funds | \$61.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$61.13 | |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | |
| Debt Service Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$4.30 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.30 | |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | |
| State Trust Funds | \$2.90 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.90 | |
| | Le | egislative Agencie | S | | |
| Architect of the Capito | | | | | |
| Total | \$1.67 | \$0.00 | \$360.54 | \$362.21 | |
| General Funds | \$1.67 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.67 | |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$360.54 | \$360.54 | |
| Auditor General | | | | | |
| Total | \$37.74 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$37.74 | |
| General Funds | \$7.65 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$7.65 | |
| Special State Funds | \$30.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$30.10 | |
| Commission on Govern | nment Forecasti | ng and Accountabili | ty | | |
| Total | \$5.76 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.76 | |
| General Funds | \$5.76 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.76 | |
| General Assembly | | | | | |
| Total | \$82.28 | \$0.00 | \$11.92 | \$94.20 | |
| General Funds | \$81.78 | \$0.00 | \$11.92 | \$93.70 | |
| Special State Funds | \$0.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.50 | |
| General Assembly Ret | irement System | | | | |
| Total | \$27.82 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$27.82 | |
| General Funds | \$27.82 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$27.82 | |
| Joint Committee on A | dministrative Ru | iles | | | |
| Total | \$1.14 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.14 | |
| General Funds | \$1.14 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.14 | |
| Legislative Audit Com | mission | | | | |
| Total | \$0.33 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.33 | |
| General Funds | \$0.33 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.33 | |
| Legislative Ethics Com | mission | | | | |
| Total | \$0.20 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.20 | |
| General Funds | \$0.20 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.20 | |
| Legislative Information | n System | | | | |
| Total | \$6.77 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$6.77 | |
| General Funds | \$5.17 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$5.17 | |
| Special State Funds | \$1.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.60 | |
| Legislative Inspector O | General | | | | |
| Total | \$0.92 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.92 | |
| General Funds | \$0.92 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.92 | |

| FY 2022 APPROPRIATIONS BY AGENCY | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | | (\$ Millions) | | |
| | New | Continuing | | Total |
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | Legisl | lative Agencies (co | o nt.) | |
| Legislative Printing U | <u> </u> | 0 \ | | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.16 |
| General Funds | \$2.16 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.16 |
| Legislative Reference | Bureau | | | |
| Total | \$2.71 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.71 |
| General Funds | \$2.71 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.71 |
| | Legis | lative Agencies To | otals | |
| Total | | \$0.00 | \$372.45 | \$541.96 |
| General Funds | \$137.31 | \$0.00 | \$11.92 | \$149.22 |
| Highway Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Special State Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$32.20 |
| Bond Financed Funds | | \$0.00 | \$360.54 | \$360.54 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Revolving Funds | | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| State Trust Funds | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| | Constitutio | onal Officers and | Elections | |
| Attorney General | | | | |
| Total | \$115.23 | \$2.00 | \$0.00 | \$117.23 |
| General Funds | \$40.87 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$40.87 |
| Special State Funds | \$73.37 | \$2.00 | \$0.00 | \$75.37 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$1.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1.00 |
| Comptroller | | | | |
| Total | \$170.43 | \$5.00 | \$0.00 | \$175.43 |
| General Funds | \$55.70 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$55.70 |
| Highway Funds | \$0.59 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.59 |
| Special State Funds | \$101.12 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$101.12 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$12.00 | \$5.00 | \$0.00 | \$17.00 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$0.42 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.42 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.59 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.59 |
| Governor | | | | |
| Total | \$16.62 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$16.62 |
| General Funds | \$13.12 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.12 |
| Special State Funds | \$3.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.50 |
| Lieutenant Governor | | | | |
| Total | \$2.26 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.26 |
| General Funds | \$2.16 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$2.16 |
| Special State Funds | \$0.10 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 |
| Secretary of State | A | . | ± | *== a |
| Total | | \$1.00 | \$60.68 | \$530.68 |
| General Funds | \$283.48 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$283.48 |
| Highway Funds | \$3.80 \$167-21 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$3.80 \$168-21 |
| Special State Funds Bond Financed Funds | \$167.21 \$3.00 | \$1.00 | \$0.00 \$60.68 | \$168.21 \$63.68 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$3.00 \$11.50 | \$0.00 \$0.00 | \$60.68 \$0.00 | \$63.68 \$11.50 |
| | \$11.50 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$11.50 |

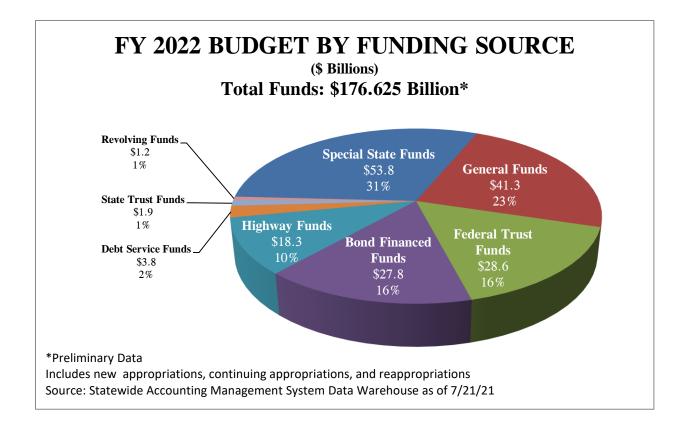
| | New | (\$ Millions) Continuing | | Total |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Agency | Appropriation | Appropriation | Reappropriations | Appropriations |
| | | | | Appropriations |
| | | Officers and Ele | ctions (cont.) | |
| tate Board of Election | 15 | | | |
| Total | \$42.32 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$42.3 |
| General Funds | \$19.07 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$19. |
| Special State Funds | \$23.25 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$23.2 |
| reasurer | | | | |
| Total | \$3,242.02 | \$20.00 | \$0.00 | \$3,262.0 |
| General Funds | \$1.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1. |
| Special State Funds | \$27.48 | \$20.00 | \$0.00 | \$47.4 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$3,199.83 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3,199. |
| State Trust Funds | \$13.71 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.7 |
| | Constitutional | Officers and Ele | ctions Totals | |
| Total | \$4,057.88 | \$28.00 | \$60.68 | \$4,146. |
| General Funds | \$415.41 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$415.4 |
| Highway Funds | \$4.39 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$4.2 |
| Special State Funds | \$396.03 | \$23.00 | \$0.00 | \$419.0 |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$15.00 | \$5.00 | \$60.68 | \$80.0 |
| Debt Service Funds | \$3,199.83 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3,199.8 |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$12.92 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$12.9 |
| Revolving Funds | \$0.59 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.: |
| State Trust Funds | \$13.71 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$13.7 |
| | GI | RAND TOTAL | S | |
| Total | \$122,542.95 | \$10,867.70 | \$43,214.61 | \$176,625. |
| General Funds | \$41,323.80 | \$0.00 | \$20.47 | \$41,344. |
| Highway Funds | \$5,982.55 | \$0.00 | \$12,270.81 | \$18,253. |
| Special State Funds | \$39,447.99 | \$10,720.00 | \$3,672.84 | \$53,840. |
| Bond Financed Funds | \$857.01 | \$145.00 | \$26,749.33 | \$27,751. |
| Debt Service Funds | \$3,773.53 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3,773. |
| Federal Trust Funds | \$28,143.09 | \$0.00 | \$472.06 | \$28,615. |
| Revolving Funds | \$1,184.79 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$1,184. |
| State Trust Funds | \$1,830.20 | \$2.70 | \$29.11 | \$1,862. |

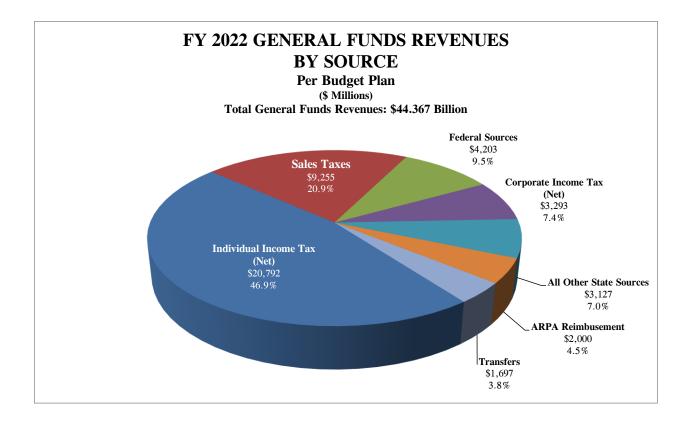
Source: Office of the Comptroller, Statewide Accounting Management System Information Warehouse

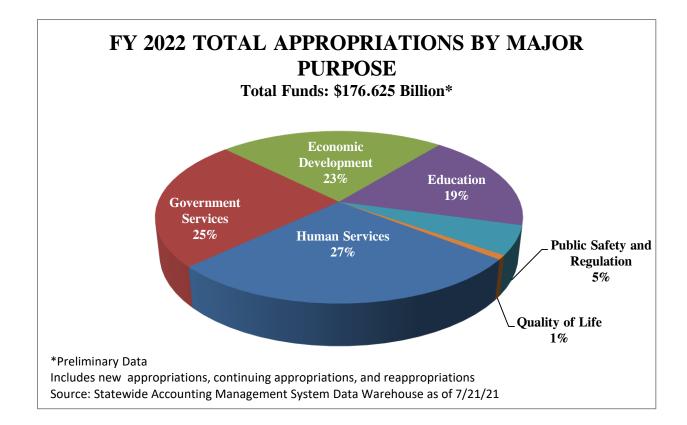
SECTION 3. FY 2022 & HISTORICAL BUDGET DATA

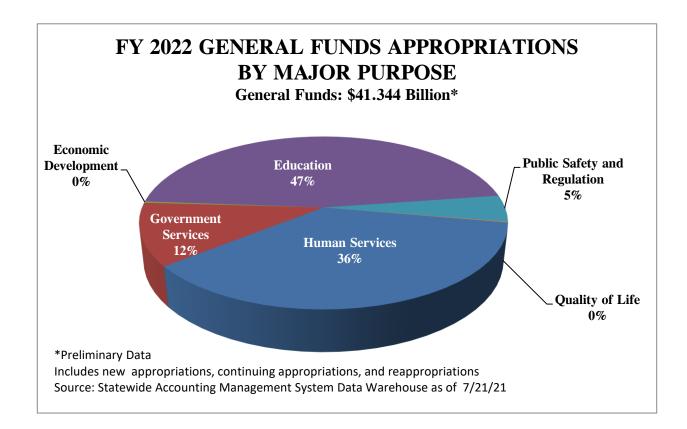
- FY 2022 Budget by Funding Source
- FY 2022 General Funds Revenues by Source per Budget Plan
- FY 2022 Total Appropriations by Major Purpose
- FY 2022 General Funds Appropriations by Major Purpose
- General Funds Appropriations
- Detailed General Revenue Funds History
- General Funds Revenue History Annual \$ Change
- General Funds Base Expenditures History
- General Funds Expenditures by Category
- General Funds Expenditures by Function
- General Funds Balances Cash Basis
- Health and Social Services Expenditures History
- Public Protection and Justice Expenditures History
- General Government Expenditure History
- Federal COVID-19 Relief
- Federal COVID-19 Stimulus Funding
- Federal COVID-19 Stimulus Funding to Illinois

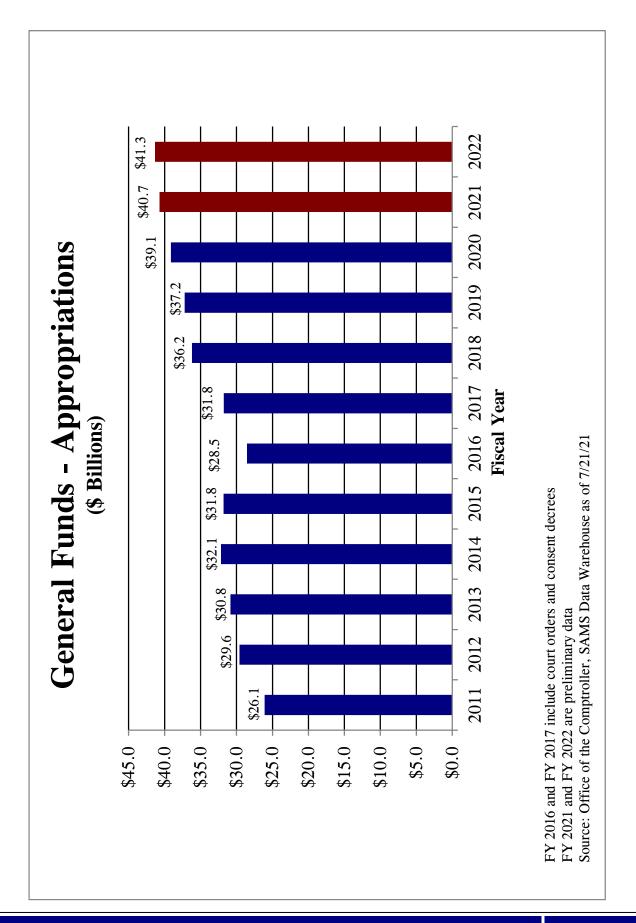
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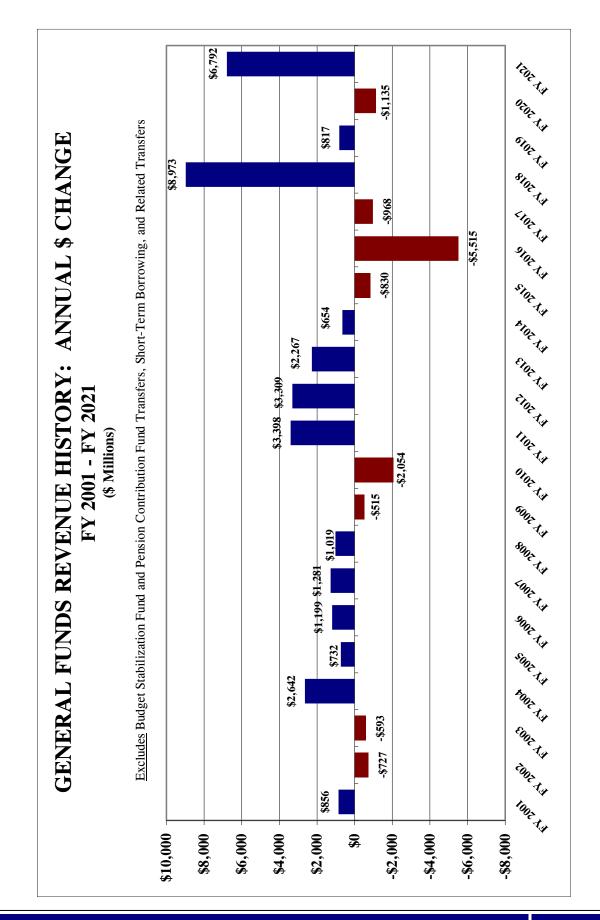




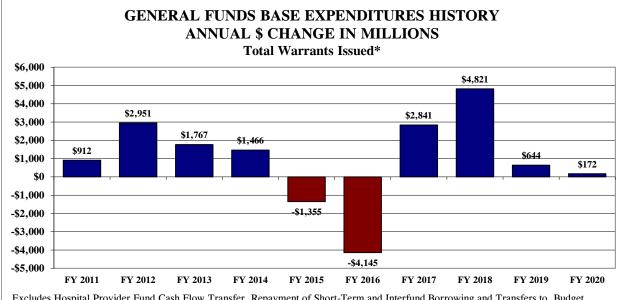


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| | | Detail | ed General Fu | Detailed General Funds Revenue History FY 2012 - FY 2021 | istory FY 2012 | - FY 2021 | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | (Suoillim &) | | | | | | |
| | Actual Receints | Actual Receints | Actual Pereints | Actual Pereinte | Actual Pereints | Actual Pereints | Actual Pereinte | Actual Peceinte | Actual Pereinte | Actual Pereinte |
| Revenue Sources | FY 2012 | FY 2013 | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 |
| State Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Personal Income Tax | \$17,000 | \$18,323 | \$18,388 | \$17,682 | \$15,299 | \$15,385 | \$20,784 | \$22,604 | \$21,657 | \$26,350 |
| Corporate Income Tax (regular) | 2,983 | 3,679 | 3,640 | 3,129 | 2,334 | 1,610 | 2,607 | 3,026 | 2,596 | 4,450 |
| Sales Taxes | 7,226 | 7,355 | 7,676 | 8,030 | 8,063 | 8,043 | 8,256 | 8,897 | 8,691 | 9,799 |
| Public Utility Taxes (regular) | 995 | 1,033 | 1,013 | 1,006 | 926 | 884 | 896 | 863 | 831 | 752 |
| Cigarette Tax | 354 | 353 | 353 | 353 | 353 | 353 | 344 | 361 | 267 | 281 |
| Liquor Gallonage Taxes | 164 | 165 | 165 | 167 | 170 | 171 | 172 | 172 | 177 | 177 |
| Vehicle Use Tax | 29 | 27 | 29 | 32 | 30 | 30 | 28 | 31 | 26 | 36 |
| Inheritance Tax (Gross) | 235 | 293 | 276 | 333 | 306 | 261 | 358 | 388 | 283 | 450 |
| Insurance Taxes and Fees | 345 | 334 | 333 | 353 | 398 | 391 | 432 | 396 | 361 | 480 |
| Corporate Franchise Tax & Fees | 192 | 205 | 203 | 211 | 207 | 207 | 207 | 247 | 210 | 322 |
| Interest on State Funds & Investments | 21 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 36 | 79 | 145 | 137 | 57 |
| Cook County Intergovernmental Transfer | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 |
| Other Sources | 399 | 462 | 585 | 693 | 534 | 685 | 641 | 699 | 725 | 297 |
| Subtotal | \$30,187 | \$32,493 | \$32,925 | \$32,257 | \$28,888 | \$28,300 | \$35,048 | \$38,043 | \$36,205 | \$43,695 |
| Transfers | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lottery | 640 | 656 | 668 | 619 | 222 | 720 | 719 | 731 | 630 | LTT TTT |
| Gaming Fund Transfer [and related] | 413 | 360 | 331 | 302 | 287 | 280 | 282 | 279 | 205 | 9 |
| Other | 885 | 688 | 1,113 | 2.012 | 627 | 552 | 1,186 | 1,035 | 1,606 | 773 |
| Total State Sources | \$32,125 | \$34,197 | \$35,037 | \$35,250 | \$30,479 | \$29,852 | \$37,235 | \$40,088 | \$38,646 | \$45,251 |
| Federal Sources | \$3,682 | \$4,154 | \$3,903 | \$3,330 | \$2,665 | \$2,483 | \$5,238 | \$3,600 | \$3,551 | \$4,744 |
| Total Federal & State Sources | \$35.807 | \$38.351 | \$38.940 | \$38.580 | \$33.144 | \$32.335 | \$42.473 | \$43.688 | \$42.197 | \$49.995 |
| connoc amic to miana. I mini | 100,000 | Tectore | 010,000 | noctoce | | 000,400 | 011-671-0 | 000,6240 | 161.720 | 000,010 |
| Nongeneral Funds Distribution: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Refund Funds/Direct Deposits | | | | | | | | | | |
| Personal Income Tax Refund Fund | (\$1,488) | (\$1,785) | (\$1,746) | (\$1,769) | (\$1,493) | (\$1,724) | (\$2,037) | (\$2,193) | (\$2,058) | (\$2,372) |
| Corporate Income Tax Retund Fund | (522) | (502) | (476) | (439) | (362) | (278) | (457) | (470) | (370) | (625) |
| Fund for Advancement of Education Commitment to Human Services Fund | | | 0 0 | (242) | (458) | (404) | 00 | | | |
| LGDFDirect from PIT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |) 0 | 0 | (1,022) | (1,175) | (1,128) | (1,453) |
| LGDFDirect from CIT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (133) | (167) | (145) | (262) |
| Downstate Pub/TransDirect from Sales | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (446) | (488) | (436) | (431) |
| Subfolal General Funds | \$33,797 \$2,700 | \$30,004 \$3,004 | \$10°4 | 888,CC¢ | 300,3/3 (05 515) | \$29,405 | \$38,378 070 | 601,VC¢ | \$38,000 (\$1,175) | 202 Jul |
| Darrow Change II Old I Cal | 200,00 | 107,26 | 70 0 1 20 0 1 | (nco¢) | (CIC,C¢) 21 15 4 00 | (00/00) | 30 5 0C | /100 | (CC1,1¢) | 30,192 |
| reiteilt Citalige | 0.2.01 | 0.1.0 | 1.0 /0 | 0/C-7- | 0/ 1-0-4 /0 | 0/7.6- | 0/ C-UC | 0/ 1.7 | 0/ 6-7- | 11.0% |
| Short-Term Borrowing/MLF | 9 | 3 | 9 9 | 3 , 1 | 9 | 3 | 3 , 1 | 80 | \$1,198 | \$1,998 |
| Treasurer's Investments | 9 | 3 | 3 | 0¢ : | 3 | 3 | 0\$ | \$750 | \$400 | |
| Interfund Borrowing | 9 5 | 2 0 | 9 5 | \$454 | 80 | 2 0 | \$533 | \$250 | \$462 | 20 |
| Income Tax Bond Fund Transfer | \$0 | \$0 | 80 | 80 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transfer to Commitment Human Services | 80 | \$0 | \$0 | 80 | 8 | 80 | \$40 | 80 | \$0 | \$0 |
| FY'13/14 Backlog Payment Fund Transfer | 80 | \$264 | \$50 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| Budget Stabilization Fund Transfer | \$275 | \$275 | \$275 | \$275 | \$125 | \$0 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| Total General Funds | \$34,072 | \$36,603 | \$37,043 | \$36,617 | \$30,498 | \$29,405 | \$41,451 | \$40,195 | \$40,120 | \$47,250 |
| Change from Prior Year | C/78 | 155,28 | \$440 | (\$420) | (\$6,119) | (\$1,093) | \$12,046 | (957,18) | (c/s) | \$/,130 |
| Percent Change | 0.8% | 7.4% | 1.2% | -1.2% | -10.7% | -3.0% | 41.0% | -3.0% | -0.2% | 17.8% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |



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Excludes Hospital Provider Fund Cash Flow Transfer, Repayment of Short-Term and Interfund Borrowing and Transfers to Budget Stabilization Fund

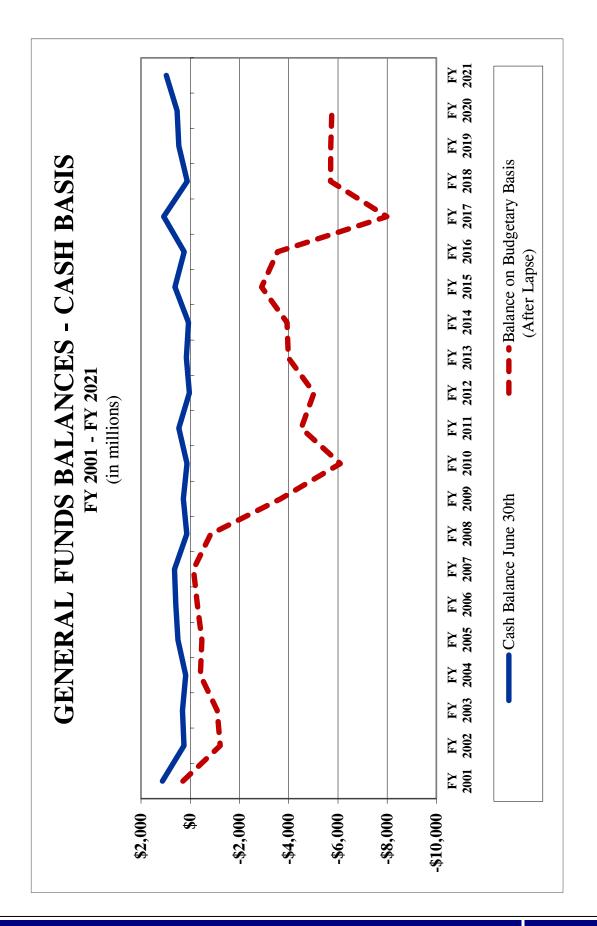
* Warrants were issued over 14 - 18 months depending upon the Fiscal Year

GENERAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY

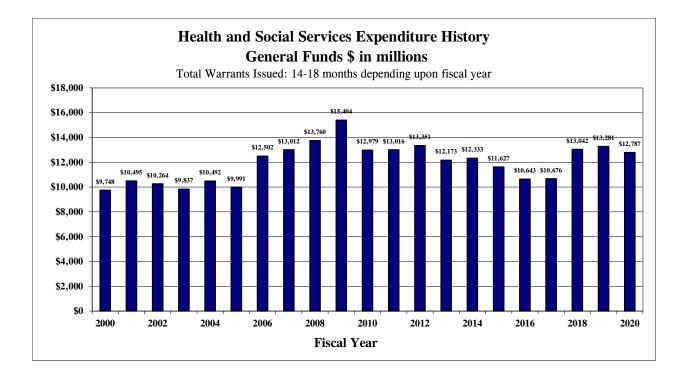
| Total Warrants Issued | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | (| § Millions) | | | | | | | |
| | FY 2011 | FY 2012 | FY 2013 | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 |
| Total Operations | \$7,453 | \$9,048 | \$9,870 | \$10,387 | \$9,938 | \$6,899 | \$8,402 | \$12,059 | \$12,148 | \$12,456 |
| Total Awards and Grants | \$18,016 | \$20,229 | \$20,430 | \$21,141 | \$20,828 | \$19,859 | \$21,014 | \$23,341 | \$24,224 | \$24,917 |
| Other General Funds Warrants Issued | -\$22 | -\$68 | -\$7 | -\$49 | -\$3 | -\$8 | \$5 | -\$19 | -\$11 | -\$10 |
| Regular Transfers Out | <u>\$5,070</u> | <u>\$4,259</u> | <u>\$4,942</u> | \$5,222 | <u>\$4,583</u> | <u>\$4,451</u> | <u>\$4,621</u> | \$3,482 | \$3,146 | <u>\$2,316</u> |
| Base General Funds Expenditures Annual Change | \$30,517 3.1% | \$33,468 9.7% | \$35,235 5.3% | \$36,701 4.2% | \$35,346 -3.7% | \$31,201 -11.7% | \$34,042 9.1% | \$38,863 14.2% | \$39,507 1.7% | \$39,679 0.4% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash Flow Transfer (Hospital Provider Fund) | \$260 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Short-Term Borrowing Repayment | \$1,322 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Treasurer's Investments | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$700 | \$0 |
| Treasurer's Investments - Contingency Fund Exchange | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$50 | \$0 |
| Repayment of Interfund Borrowing | \$9 | \$355 | \$133 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$15 | \$128 | \$10 | \$280 |
| Transfer to Budget Stabilization Fund | <u>\$276</u> | <u>\$550</u> | <u>\$275</u> | <u>\$275</u> | <u>\$275</u> | <u>\$125</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |
| Total General Funds Expenditures | \$32,384 | \$34,373 | \$35,643 | | | \$31,326 | \$34,057 | \$38,991 | \$40,267 | \$39,959 |
| Annual Change Source: Office of the Comptroller | -1.1% | 6.1% | 3.7% | 3.7% | -3.7% | -12.1% | 8.7% | 14.5% | 3.3% | -0.8% |

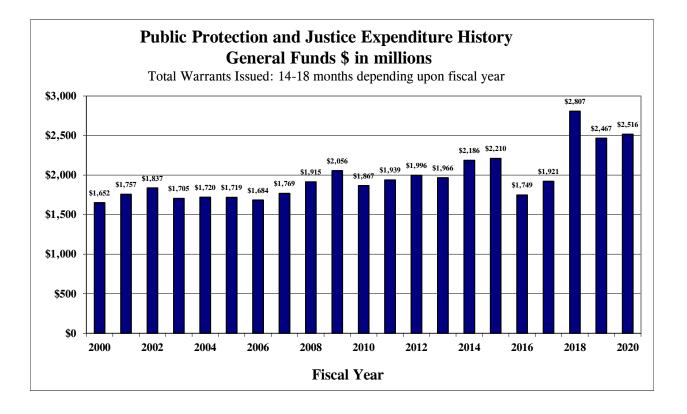
GENERAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Total Warrants Issued (\$ Millions) FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020 Health and Social Services \$13,016 \$13,351 \$12,173 \$12,333 \$11,627 \$10,643 \$10,676 \$13,042 \$13,281 \$12,787 Education \$9,358 \$12,088 \$12,575 \$13,525 \$13,377 \$12,409 \$14,679 \$15,564 \$16,432 \$17,667 \$1,939 \$1,996 \$1,966 Public Protection and Justice \$2,186 \$2,210 \$1,749 \$1,921 \$2,807 \$2,467 \$2,516 General Government \$813 \$1,661 \$3,423 \$3,297 \$3,397 \$1,879 \$2,058 \$3,817 \$4,047 \$4,274 \$321 \$113 \$156 \$138 \$152 \$70 \$87 \$151 \$134 \$119 Other <u>\$4,583</u> Regular Transfers Out \$5,070 \$4,259 \$5.222 <u>\$4,451</u> \$4,621 \$3,482 \$2.316 \$4,942 \$3,146 Base General Funds Expenditures \$30,517 \$33,468 \$35,235 \$36,701 \$35,346 \$31,201 \$34,042 \$38,863 \$39,507 \$39,679 Cash Flow Transfer (Hospital Provider Fund) \$260 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Short-Term Borrowing Repayment \$1,322 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$700 Treasurer's Investments \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Treasurer's Investments - Contingency Fund Exchange \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$50 \$0 Repayment of Interfund Borrowing \$9 \$355 \$133 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$15 \$128 \$10 \$280 Transfer to Budget Stabilization Fund <u>\$125</u> \$0 \$276 \$550 \$275 \$275 \$0 \$0 <u>\$0</u> \$275 Total General Funds Expenditures \$32.384 40,267 35.643 36.976 .621 \$31.326 \$34.057 \$38.991 4.373 **Annual Change** -1.1% 3.7% -3.7% -12.1% 8.7% 14.5% 3.3% -0.8% 6.1% 3.7%

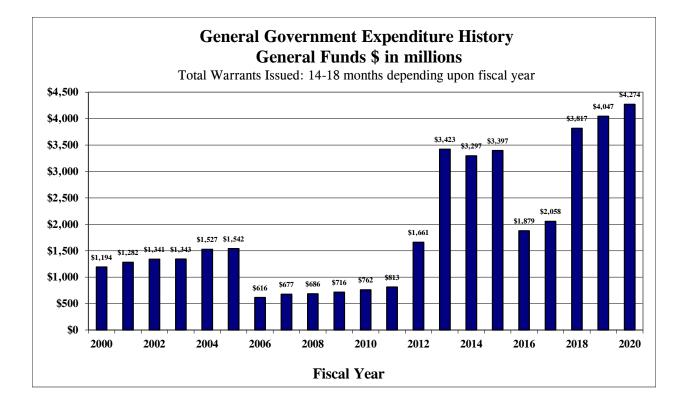
SECTION 3. FY 2022 & HISTORICAL BUDGET DATA Page 56



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FEDERAL COVID-19 RELIEF

As of July 2021, various federal actions have been taken in regard to providing relief for those affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. While Illinois has already received significant allocation of grants and other funding from the federal government through several COVID-related stimulus acts, the State stands to receive more through at least the end of the 2021 calendar year as a result of timing of disbursements in the federal legislation. Six major federal laws have been enacted to-date allocating COVID-related relief to Illinois.

Illinois state government had received \$3.5 billion in funding under the Federal Stimulus designation at the Comptroller's office, all of which was received by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency for COVID-19 related relief as of the end of the 2020 fiscal year. While various units of state government have received additional federal funding for COVID-19 relief, this funding primarily passed through state government to local governments, vendors and organizations administering relief, for such purposes as COVID-19 testing, LIHEAP assistance, and block grants. Through July 2021, six major legislative actions have been taken by the federal government that have impacted Illinois since January 2020:

- 1. The Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act (CPRSAA). This provided approximately \$8.3 billion to combat the pandemic, with approximately \$1.05 billion allocated for state responses across the country.
- 2. The Families First Coronavirus Relief Act (FFCRA). This Act extended unemployment insurance benefits, expanded sick/family medical leave provisions, expanded food benefits for students, required COVID-19 testing be performed at no cost to the patient, and increased the Federal matching rate for states' Medicaid programs. Approximately \$2.5 billion was appropriated for these and other related purposes.
- 3. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES). This Act was the largest COVID-relief law, in terms of dollars appropriated. Dwarfing the largest stimulus law before it, signed by President Obama in 2009, the CARES Act provided approximately \$2 trillion in funding to a wide variety of federal, state, municipal, and individual programs. Funding was provided to federal agencies to support testing, vaccine development, pandemic preparation, and support for various federal programs to alleviate the financial, medical, and other burdens on people utilizing government programs such as Medicaid and Medicare, among others. Funding was provided to states and municipalities to support their efforts in combating the effects

of the COVID-19 pandemic as well, including vaccine and medical equipment procurement, financial and physical relief, unemployment compensation, K-12 and higher education, and numerous other areas affected by the pandemic. Approximately \$150 billion of CARES Act funds were allocated to state, tribal, and local governments, of which, Illinois received at least \$2.7 billion for the state and \$2.2 billion at most for municipalities. CARES Act funds were not to be used to fund general operations or make up for revenue losses due to the pandemic. This municipal funding reverts to the state if it is not all spent. Individuals also received personal stimulus payments of up to \$1,200/adult and \$500/child, depending on income level. And, the Act provided funds to help businesses continue operating during the pandemic, including some industry-specific funding.

- 4. The Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act (PPPHCEA). This Act provided approximately \$483 billion for pandemic relief, with the largest portion, \$310 billion, set aside for the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The PPP was intended to help businesses that would have otherwise closed due to the pandemic remain open and continue to pay their workers. Over 70,000 businesses in Illinois made use of this program. The remainder of this Act consisted of funding for economic disaster assistance loans, health care provider and hospital reimbursements for COVID-19 and other related expenses, and various smaller grants to states, municipalities, and other organizations to increase testing capacity.
- 5. The Consolidated Appropriations Act (CAA). This Act, passed in December 2020, appropriated \$900 billion for COVID relief as well as \$1.4 trillion for other government operations. The COVID relief component included additional funding for the Paycheck Protection Program, \$600 personal stimulus checks for individuals under similar, but slightly expanded, conditions as checks received from the CARES Act, an extension of federal unemployment benefits, and various other COVID-related funding allocations to states, municipalities, schools, and businesses. The Act also temporarily extended many provisions in previous COVID-relief laws.
- 6. The American Rescue Plan (ARP). This Act, the last major federal COVID-relief law to date, passed in March 2021. It included approximately \$1.9 trillion in additional appropriations, most of which supplemented appropriations in the five aforementioned COVID-relief laws. One important difference from prior laws is that the ARP appropriated funds for states and local governments that can be used for general operations, rather than for only COVID-related measures. This funding will generally be provided in two equal lump sums. An initial estimate suggested that Illinois state, county, and municipal governments will receive approximately \$8.128

billion, \$2.461 billion, and \$3.468 billion respectively, though these numbers are not final until the payments are made later in 2021 or 2022. Additionally, Illinois will receive \$254 million from the ARP for capital projects. The ARP also provided up to \$1,400 for some individuals under more restrictive criteria than the CARES Act and CAA, and it extended federal unemployment benefits and various other economic and COVID-related funding allocations.

As of July 7, 2021, the recorded federal funding disbursed to Illinois for COVID-19 related services on all levels of government, businesses, and civic organizations is estimated to total \$141 billion according to Federal Funds Information for States (FFIS, a non-partisan information gathering organization). It is uncertain at this time whether additional federal stimulus actions will be taken. Multiple COVID vaccines have been developed and administered to much of the eligible US population and most states have returned to a semblance of normalcy, reducing the urgent need for further stimulus action. This situation may change in the coming months as various financial benefits to businesses and unemployed individuals are reduced and variant strains of the virus test the efficacy of the vaccines. Furthermore, depending on the continuing effects of the pandemic, including those variant COVID strains and the potential resurgence of COVID, additional federal stimulus actions may be revisited. A comparison of the federal covID stimulus actions to the states and an Illinois-specific breakdown of stimulus allocations are detailed in the following graphs.

| | Stimulus Funding | | Stimulus Funding | | |
|---------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|--|--|
| State | Received | State | Received | | |
| Alabama | \$43,644 | Montana | \$12,440 | | |
| Alaska | \$10,914 | Nebraska | \$19,850 | | |
| Arizona | \$68,573 | | \$35,243 | | |
| Arkansas | \$27,600 | New Hampshire | \$14,152 | | |
| California | \$493,845 | New Jersey | \$114,072 | | |
| Colorado | \$56,803 | New Mexico | \$21,828 | | |
| Connecticut | \$41,093 | New York | \$291,131 | | |
| Delaware | \$11,835 | North Carolina | \$91,407 | | |
| Florida | \$206,952 | North Dakota | \$11,312 | | |
| Georgia | \$105,984 | Ohio | \$116,739 | | |
| Hawaii | \$20,321 | Oklahoma | \$36,409 | | |
| Idaho | \$16,422 | Oregon | \$43,831 | | |
| Illinois | \$142,068 | Pennsylvania | \$150,166 | | |
| Indiana | \$61,660 | Rhode Island | \$14,804 | | |
| Iowa | \$32,077 | South Carolina | \$45,123 | | |
| Kansas | \$27,963 | South Dakota | \$11,227 | | |
| Kentucky | \$41,408 | Tennessee | \$60,108 | | |
| Louisiana | \$52,313 | Texas | \$287,721 | | |
| Maine | \$15,104 | Utah | \$27,122 | | |
| Maryland | \$66,131 | Vermont | \$9,876 | | |
| Massachusetts | \$92,257 | Virginia | \$78,885 | | |
| Michigan | \$118,556 | Washington | \$79,583 | | |
| Minnesota | \$60,417 | West Virginia | \$17,768 | | |
| Mississippi | \$29,660 | Wisconsin | \$53,204 | | |
| Missouri | \$54,808 | Wyoming | \$8,209 | | |

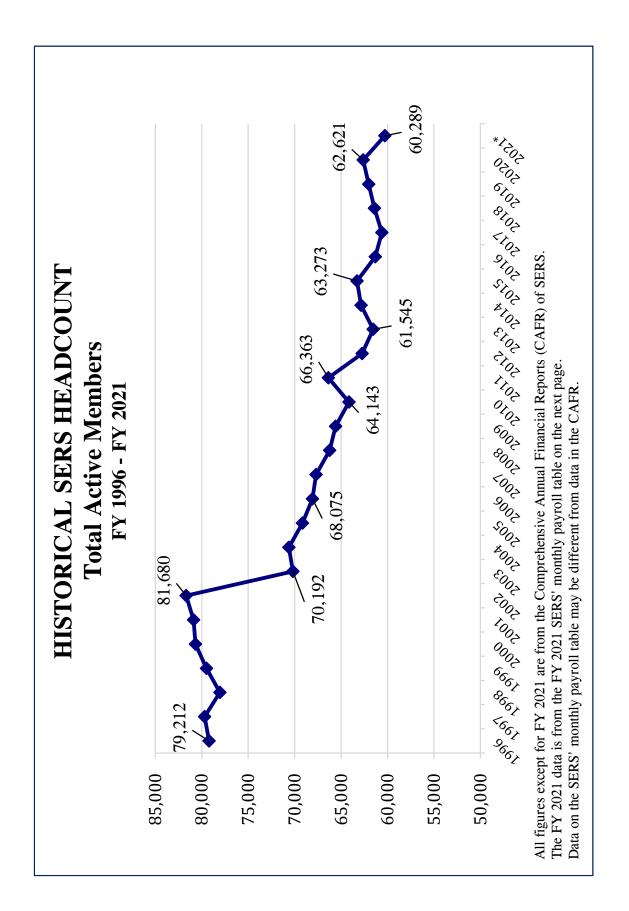
| | FED | DERAL CO | VID-19 ST | FIMULUS F (\$ Millions) | <u>'UNDING</u> ' | TO ILLIN | OIS | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------------------------|------------------|----------|-------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Grant Funding | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal Department | CPRSAA | FFCRA | CARES | РРРНСЕА | CAA | ARP | Exec Action | Total Funding To Date | | |
| USDA | | \$32 | \$300 | | \$21 | \$73 | | \$425 | | |
| DOC | | | \$27 | | | | | \$27 | | |
| ED | | | \$1,141 | | \$3,127 | \$6,577 | | \$10,845 | | |
| ACF | | | \$241 | | \$386 | \$1,663 | | \$2,289 | | |
| ACL | | \$9 | \$34 | | \$13 | \$54 | | \$110 | | |
| CDC | \$40 | | \$47 | \$478 | \$928 | \$661 | | \$2,153 | | |
| CMS | | \$606 | \$2 | | | | | \$608 | | |
| HRSA | \$8 | | \$58 | \$38 | | \$310 | | \$413 | | |
| SAMHSA | | | \$15 | | \$103 | \$105 | | \$223 | | |
| HHS Secretary | | | \$4,692 | | \$8 | | | \$4,700 | | |
| DHS | | | \$610 | | | \$19 | \$1,349 | \$1,978 | | |
| HUD | | | \$412 | | | \$204 | | \$616 | | |
| Other | | | \$20 | | | \$7 | | \$27 | | |
| DOJ | | | \$31 | | | | | \$31 | | |
| DOL | | \$42 | \$26 | | \$1 | \$0 | | \$69 | | |
| DOT | | | \$2,065 | | \$987 | \$1,907 | | \$4,959 | | |
| Treasury | | | \$4,914 | | \$835 | \$15,641 | | \$21,389 | | |
| Subtotal | \$48 | \$689 | \$14,633 | \$515 | \$6,408 | \$27,220 | \$1,349 | \$50,862 | | |
| Non-Grant Funding | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal Department | CPRSAA | FFCRA | CARES | РРРНСЕА | CAA | ARP | Exec Action | Total Funding To Date | | |
| USDA | | \$942 | \$1,289 | | | | | \$2,231 | | |
| Other | | | \$32,235 | | | | | \$32,235 | | |
| DOL | | | \$22,371 | | | | | \$22,371 | | |
| Treasury | | | \$10,028 | | | \$14,376 | | \$24,404 | | |
| FCC | | | | | | \$289 | | \$289 | | |
| Fed. Res. | | | \$9,677 | | | | | \$9,677 | | |
| Subtotal | \$0 | \$942 | \$75,599 | \$0 | \$0 | \$14,665 | \$0 | \$91,206 | | |
| Grand Total | \$48 | \$1,631 | \$90,232 | \$515 | \$6,408 | \$41,885 | \$1,349 | \$142,068 | | |

*Source: FFIS. Numbers include funding/stimulus for counties, municipalities, universities, businesses, individuals, etc. Totals as of July 2021. Exec. Action refers to executive actions taken to allocate stimulus funding outside the official federal legislative actions described in this section. Department Names - USDA: Department of Agriculture, DOC: Department of Commerce, ED: Department of Education, ACF: Administration for Children and Families, CDC: Center for Disease Control, CMS: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HRSA: Health Resources and Services Administration, SAMHSA: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, HHS Secretary: Health and Human Services Secretary, DHS: Department of Homeland Security, HUD: Department of Housing and Urban Development, DOJ: Department of Justice, DOL: Department of Labor, DOT: Department of Transportation, Treasury: Department of the Treasury, FCC: Federal Communications Commission, Fed. Res.: Federal Reserve

SECTION 4. STATE EMPLOYEE HEADCOUNT

- Historical SERS Headcount
- FY 2021 SERS Headcount
- FY 2020 SERS Headcount
- FY 2019 SERS Headcount
- FY 2018 SERS Headcount
- FY 2017 SERS Headcount
- FY 2016 SERS Headcount
- FY 2015 SERS Headcount
- FY 2014 SERS Headcount
- FY 2013 SERS Headcount
- FY 2012 SERS Headcount





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SECTION 4. STATE EMPLOYEE HEADCOUNT P

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| Agency | July | August | FY 2021 SERS | | November | December | <u>January</u> | <u>February</u> | <u>March</u> | <u>April</u> | <u>May</u> | Ju |
|--|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|------------|----------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|------------|----|
| Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library and Museum (ALPLM) | 84 | 83 | 83 | 82 | 81 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 83 | 84 | |
| Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts | 589 | 587 | 588 | 591 | 596 | 591 | 599 | 598 | 600 | 600 | 595 | |
| Aging, Department on | 152 | 156 | 157 | 157 | 157 | 159 | 158 | 161 | 161 | 161 | 161 | |
| Agriculture, Department of | 343 | 353 | 342 | 339 | 331 | 319 | 313 | 315 | 331 | 356 | 378 | |
| Architect of the Capitol, Office of the | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Arts Council | 13 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | |
| Attorney General, Office of the | 790 | 793 | 791 | 788 | 784 | 779 | 777 | 778 | 778 | 777 | 771 | |
| Auditor General, Office of the | 85 | 85 | 84 | 87 | 87 | 88 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 85 | 85 | |
| Capital Development Board | 120 735 | 126 | 130 | 131 736 | 134 733 | 134 | 133 | 135 | 135 726 | 136 715 | 135 703 | |
| Central Management Services, Department of Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning | 5 | 741 5 | 731 | 5 | 5 | 734 5 | 730 5 | 726 5 | 5 | 5 | 0 | |
| Children and Family Services, Department of | 2,831 | 2,839 | 2,844 | 2,828 | 2,833 | 2,841 | 2,846 | 2,869 | 2,913 | 2,940 | 2,947 | |
| Civil Service Commission, Illinois | 2,851 | 2,059 | 2,044 | 2,828 | 2,855 | 2,041 | 2,840 | 2,809 | 2,913 | 2,940 | 2,947 | |
| Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of | 274 | 275 | 281 | 285 | 290 | 293 | 288 | 292 | 294 | 297 | 291 | |
| Commerce Commission, Illinois | 202 | 198 | 198 | 199 | 199 | 293 | 203 | 292 | 294 | 205 | 291 | |
| Comprehensive Health Insurance Board | 202 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 201 | 204 | 204 | 205 | 205 | 210 | |
| Coroner Training Board | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| Corrections, Department of | 12,536 | 12,426 | 12,479 | 12,305 | 12,381 | 12,341 | 12,290 | 12,265 | 12,403 | 12,340 | 12,238 | |
| Court of Claims | 30 | 30 | 30 | 34 | 34 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | |
| ourt Reporters | 575 | 574 | 573 | 573 | 575 | 575 | 567 | 567 | 566 | 569 | 569 | |
| Criminal Justice Information Authority, Illinois | 77 | 75 | 75 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 79 | 78 | 80 | 81 | 81 | |
| Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| | | | | | 7 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Developmental Disabilities, Illinois Planning Council on | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| ducation, Board of | 75 | 76 | 80 | 79 | 77 | 77 | 76 | 77 | 76 | 73 | 72 | |
| ducational Labor Relations Board, Illinois | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 73 | 6 72 | 6 | |
| lections, Board of | 72 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 72 | 71 | |
| Emergency Management Agency | 181 | 189 | 192 | 192 | 193 | 195 | 201 | 202 | 206 | 203 | 204 | |
| Employment Security, Department of | 1,040 | 1,025 | 1,071 | 1,071 | 1,097 | 1,098 | 1,093 | 1,105 | 1,103 | 1,105 | 1,114 | |
| Environmental Protection Agency | 640 | 647 | 658 | 675 | 677 | 676 | 659 | 658 | 667 | 670 | 673 | |
| Executive Ethics Commission, Illinois | 63 | 63 | 64 | 69 70 | 70 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 70 | 72 | |
| Executive Inspector General, Office of the | 68 | 71 | 72 | 70 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 68 | 68 | 71 | |
| Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of | 409 | 405 | 411 | 419 | 423 | 421 | 420 | 419 | 419 | 418 | 414 | |
| Jaming Board, Illinois | 166 | 165 | 164 | 160 | 154 | 153 | 158 | 156 | 158 | 161 | 156 | |
| Government Forecasting and Accountability, Commission on | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | |
| Governor, Office of the | 162 | 170 | 172 | 171 | 170 | 169 | 166 | 166 | 164 | 166 | 165 | |
| Juardianship and Advocacy Commission | 107 | 107 | 107 | 108 | 108 | 109 | 107 | 106 | 106 | 108 | 108 | |
| Healthcare and Family Services, Department of | 1,816 | 1,827 | 1,838 | 1,854 | 1,861 | 1,863 | 1,851 | 1,844 | 1,858 | 1,860 | 1,867 | |
| Juman Rights Commission | 24 | 25 | 22 | 22 | 21 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 24 | 24 | |
| Iuman Rights, Department of | 133 | 134 | 138 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 129 | 131 | 129 | 130 | 127 | |
| Iuman Services, Department of | 13,234 | 13,282 | 13,341 | 13,387 | 13,359 | 13,355 | 13,261 | 13,251 | 13,214 | 13,190 | 13,148 | |
| llinois Federation of Teachers | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| nnovation and Technology, Department of | 703 | 702 | 706 | 701 | 706 | 708 | 703 | 707 | 702 | 702 | 697 | |
| nsurance, Department of | 205 | 202 | 199 | 197 | 194 | 196 | 196 | 199 | 204 | 201 | 202 | |
| nvestments, State Board of | 12 | 12 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 12 | |
| oint Committee on Administrative Rules | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | |
| udges' Retirement System | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | |
| udicial Inquiry Board | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| uvenile Justice, Department of | 866 | 856 | 863 | 846 | 846 | 844 | 823 | 815 | 806 | 796 | 784 | |
| abor Relations Board | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| abor, Department of | 81 | 81 | 80 | 82 | 89 | 89 | 88 | 88 | 87 | 89 | 90 | |
| aw Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 20 | 19 | |
| egislative Audit Commission | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| egislative Information System | 29 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | |
| egislative Printing Unit | 23 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | |
| egislative Reference Bureau | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 32 | |
| iquor Control Commission, Illinois | 44 | 45 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 41 | 41 | 43 | 43 | 44 | 43 | |
| ottery, Illinois | 151 | 152 | 150 | 152 | 151 | 151 | 148 | 146 | 143 | 144 | 144 | |
| t. Governor, Office of the | 17 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 18 | |
| Military Affairs, Department of | 225 | 221 | 225 | 219 | 218 | 223 | 223 | 221 | 220 | 219 | 215 | |
| Natural Resources, Department of | 1,491 | 1,480 | 1,401 | 1,371 | 1,311 | 1,276 | 1,225 | 1,204 | 1,201 | 1,208 | 1,303 | |
| Office of the Comptroller | 234 | 232 | 234 | 237 | 238 | 237 | 235 | 236 | 235 | 233 | 231 | |
| Power Agency, Illinois | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| Prisoner Review Board, Illinois | 25 | 25 | 22 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 21 | |
| Procurement Policy Board | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| Property Tax Appeal Board | 35 | 35 | 35 | 36 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | |
| Public Health, Department of | 1,163 | 1,168 | 1,157 | 1,165 | 1,175 | 1,178 | 1,175 | 1,177 | 1,182 | 1,184 | 1,188 | |
| Racing Board, Illinois | 32 | 31 | 32 | 27 | 25 | 25 | 19 | 16 | 25 | 26 | 34 | |
| Revenue, Department of | 1,360 | 1,358 | 1,355 | 1,347 | 1,336 | 1,329 | 1,320 | 1,313 | 1,307 | 1,298 | 1,308 | |
| ecretary of State | 3,922 | 3,920 | 3,929 | 3,935 | 3,936 | 3,937 | 3,905 | 3,918 | 3,919 | 3,914 | 3,920 | |
| State Appellate Defender | 237 | 236 | 235 | 256 | 254 | 254 | 253 | 253 | 254 | 253 | 252 | |
| State Employees' Retirement System | 94 | 230 94 | 93 | 230 91 | 93 | 93 | 233 91 | 233 94 | 234 94 | 255 97 | 95 | |
| State Fire Marshal, Office of the | 145 | 148 | 146 | 146 | 147 | 147 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 146 | 146 | |
| state Officers | 673 | 650 | 635 | 630 | 668 | 671 | 693 | 695 | 704 | 707 | 707 | |
| tate Police Merit Board | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | |
| state Police. Illinois | 2,865 | 2,855 | 2,865 | 2,904 | 2,885 | 2,881 | 2,856 | 2,850 | 2,851 | 2,849 | 2,842 | |
| state Ponce, filmois | 2,805 | 2,855 | 2,805 | 2,904 | 2,885 | 2,881 | 2,850 | 2,850 | 2,851 | 2,849 | 2,842 | |
| itate's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor | 75 | 74 | 74 | 180 | 80 | 180 | 179 77 | 81 | 80 | 81 | 82 | |
| Student Assistance Commission, Illinois | | | | | | 280 | 275 | 273 | | | | |
| | 289 | 284 | 285 | 284 | 282 | | | | 270 | 267 | 266 | |
| Fax Tribunal, Illinois | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Teachers' Retirement System | 52 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 50 | 50 | 50 | |
| Foll Highway Authority, Illinois State | 1,215 | 1,211 | 1,227 | 1,227 | 1,226 | 1,233 | 1,226 | 1,211 | 1,233 | 1,231 | 1,189 | |
| Transportation, Department of | 5,245 | 5,249 | 5,097 | 5,146 | 5,942 | 6,321 | 6,384 | 6,361 | 6,247 | 5,463 | 5,171 | |
| Veterans Affairs, Department of | 1,216 | 1,199 | 1,197 | 1,204 | 1,209 | 1,208 | 1,199 | 1,186 | 1,190 | 1,187 | 1,199 | |
| Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois | 140 | 142 | 140 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 134 | 135 | 135 | 133 | 133 | |
| FOTAL | 60,848 | 60,749 | 60,719 | 60,681 | 61,533 | 61,834 | 61,533 | 61,461 | 61,556 | 60,720 | 60,350 | |

SECTION 4. STATE EMPLOYEE HEADCOUNT P

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| Agency | July | August | FY 2020 SERS I September | October | T TRACKER November | December | January | <u>February</u> | March | April | May | Ju |
|---|----------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----|
| Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library and Museum (ALPLM) | 101 | 95 | 85 | 87 | 80 | 81 | 80 | 83 | 84 | 84 | 84 | |
| Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts | 590 | 593 | 587 | 581 | 585 | 585 | 580 | 585 | 590 | 588 | 591 | |
| Aging, Department on | 151 | 150 | 152 | 151 | 152 | 147 | 151 | 154 | 153 | 152 | 151 | |
| Agriculture, Department of | 498 | 903 | 534 | 356 | 327 | 327 | 316 | 315 | 316 | 324 | 333 | |
| Architect of the Capitol, Office of the | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Arts Council | 14 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | |
| Attorney General, Office of the | 753 | 751 | 750 | 756 | 766 | 770 | 773 | 780 | 788 | 789 | 792 | |
| Auditor General, Office of the | 85 | 85 | 84 | 83 | 82 | 82 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | |
| Capital Development Board | 104 | 110 | 116 | 116 | 118 | 116 | 118 | 123 | 120 | 119 | 118 | |
| Central Management Services, Department of | 718 5 | 726 5 | 732 5 | 725 5 | 726 5 | 736 5 | 734 5 | 745 5 | 741 5 | 739 5 | 737 5 | |
| Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning Children and Family Services, Department of | 2,831 | 2,860 | 2,844 | 2,854 | 2,870 | 2,900 | 2,867 | 2,883 | 2,867 | 2,848 | 2,846 | |
| Civil Service Commission, Illinois | 2,001 | 2,800 | 2,044 | 2,054 | 2,870 | 2,900 | 2,807 | 2,885 | 2,807 | 2,848 | 2,840 | |
| Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of | 237 | 239 | 245 | 250 | 255 | 255 | 255 | 264 | 272 | 271 | 270 | |
| Commerce Commission, Illinois | 210 | 212 | 213 | 213 | 212 | 209 | 203 | 198 | 199 | 196 | 196 | |
| Comprehensive Health Insurance Board | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| Coroner Training Board | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| Corrections, Department of | 12,563 | 12,654 | 12,751 | 12,712 | 12,801 | 12,736 | 12,805 | 12,749 | 12,816 | 12,718 | 12,665 | 1 |
| Court of Claims | 29 | 29 | 28 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 30 | |
| Court Reporters | 585 | 580 | 585 | 578 | 579 | 577 | 573 | 575 | 575 | 573 | 574 | |
| Criminal Justice Information Authority, Illinois | 65 | 65 | 64 | 65 | 67 | 65 | 68 | 70 | 71 | 70 | 70 | |
| Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Developmental Disabilities, Illinois Planning Council on | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| ducation, Board of | 77 | 77 | 77 | 75 | 76 | 76 | 75 | 77 | 78 | 77 | 75 | |
| Educational Labor Relations Board, Illinois | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | |
| Elections, Board of | 71 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 72 | 73 | |
| Emergency Management Agency | 178 | 178 | 177 | 178 | 181 | 180 | 176 | 175 | 173 | 174 | 175 | |
| Employment Security, Department of | 1,084 | 1,074 | 1,071 | 1,073 | 1,073 | 1,066 | 1,056 | 1,055 | 1,042 | 1,035 | 1,034 | |
| Environmental Protection Agency | 631 | 630 | 623 | 625 | 630 | 632 | 622 | 627 | 629 | 626 | 630 | |
| Executive Ethics Commission, Illinois | 65 | 65 | 65 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 64 | 66 | |
| Executive Inspector General, Office of the | 72 | 72 | 74 | 74 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 67 | 67 | |
| inancial and Professional Regulation, Department of | 386 | 390 | 388 | 387 | 389 | 393 | 399 | 403 | 410 | 409 | 408 | |
| Gaming Board, Illinois | 158 | 162 | 162 | 159 | 166 | 164 | 163 | 161 | 165 | 163 | 165 | |
| Government Forecasting and Accountability, Commission on | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 27 | 27 | 27 | |
| Governor, Office of the | 132 | 157 | 155 | 156 | 157 | 158 | 164 | 163 | 159 | 159 | 161 | |
| Juardianship and Advocacy Commission | 107 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 109 | 108 | 104 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | |
| Healthcare and Family Services, Department of | 1,748 | 1,768 | 1,765 | 1,775 | 1,810 | 1,812 | 1,789 | 1,808 | 1,805 | 1,809 | 1,795 | |
| Iuman Rights Commission | 26 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 25 | |
| Juman Rights, Department of | 124 | 120 | 129 | 128 | 129 | 136 | 138 | 134 | 132 | 131 | 130 | |
| Juman Services, Department of | 12,815 | 12,902 | 12,957 | 12,958 | 12,980 | 13,001 | 12,944 | 12,998 | 13,078 | 13,084 | 13,146 | |
| llinois Federation of Teachers | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| nnovation and Technology, Department of | 719 | 719 | 718 | 719 | 722 | 724 | 709 | 709 | 708 | 711 | 711 | |
| nsurance, Department of | 209 | 207 | 213 | 205 | 202 | 204 | 203 | 203 | 203 | 204 | 207 | |
| nvestments, State Board of | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 13 | |
| oint Committee on Administrative Rules | 14 9 | 14 9 | 14 9 | 14 | 14 9 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 9 | 14 9 | 14 | |
| udges' Retirement System | 5 | 5 | 5 | 10 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 9 5 | 5 | 5 | 9 5 | |
| udicial Inquiry Board uvenile Justice, Department of | 884 | 883 | 876 | 909 | 910 | 898 | 910 | 905 | 896 | 890 | 920 | |
| Labor Relations Board | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | |
| Labor, Department of | 76 | 78 | 77 | 77 | 78 | 81 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 80 | 79 | |
| aw Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 23 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | |
| egislative Audit Commission | 4 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 23 | 21 | 3 | 21 | 21 | 3 | 3 | |
| egislative Addit Commission | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | |
| egislative Printing Unit | 23 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 23 | 29 | 23 | 23 | 23 | |
| egislative Reference Bureau | 23 | 24 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 24 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | |
| iquor Control Commission, Illinois | 28 38 | 38 | 30 | 30 | 30 37 | 29 40 | 45 | 43 | 31 46 | 31 45 | 51 44 | |
| ottery, Illinois | 146 | 148 | 151 | 150 | 150 | 40 149 | 43 | 43 149 | 40 148 | 43 147 | 151 | |
| t. Governor, Office of the | 140 | 148 | 151 | 150 | 150 | 149 | 147 | 149 | 148 | 147 | 151 | |
| Military Affairs, Department of | 226 | 220 | 217 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 224 | 227 | 229 | 227 | 223 | |
| Vatural Resources, Department of | 1,499 | 1,504 | 1,411 | 1,386 | 1,305 | 1,321 | 1,265 | 1,244 | 1,236 | 1,244 | 1,369 | |
| Office of the Comptroller | 228 | 229 | 229 | 228 | 229 | 231 | 233 | 237 | 236 | 235 | 235 | |
| ower Agency, Illinois | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 9 | |
| risoner Review Board, Illinois | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | |
| Procurement Policy Board | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| roperty Tax Appeal Board | 35 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 34 | 35 | 35 | 35 | |
| ublic Health, Department of | 1,158 | 1,155 | 1,164 | 1,173 | 1,181 | 1,183 | 1,176 | 1,171 | 1,169 | 1,167 | 1,167 | |
| tacing Board, Illinois | 37 | 37 | 36 | 26 | 27 | 25 | 23 | 26 | 30 | 28 | 28 | |
| Revenue, Department of | 1,405 | 1,436 | 1,444 | 1,398 | 1,394 | 1,381 | 1,392 | 1,382 | 1,377 | 1,372 | 1,367 | |
| ecretary of State | 3,826 | 3,839 | 3,775 | 3,812 | 3,885 | 3,907 | 3,885 | 3,900 | 3,928 | 3,922 | 3,920 | |
| tate Appellate Defender | 250 | 256 | 243 | 242 | 241 | 241 | 242 | 241 | 243 | 242 | 241 | |
| tate Employees' Retirement System | 95 | 103 | 106 | 93 | 93 | 92 | 90 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | |
| tate Fire Marshal, Office of the | 139 | 138 | 143 | 144 | 142 | 141 | 142 | 144 | 145 | 145 | 145 | |
| tate Officers | 664 | 667 | 658 | 669 | 670 | 671 | 680 | 671 | 682 | 680 | 679 | |
| tate Police Merit Board | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| tate Police, Illinois | 2,773 | 2,767 | 2,771 | 2,862 | 2,856 | 2,851 | 2,833 | 2,815 | 2,882 | 2,869 | 2,863 | |
| tate Treasurer, Office of the | 175 | 180 | 181 | 177 | 180 | 183 | 185 | 182 | 180 | 177 | 178 | |
| tate's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor | 67 | 67 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 76 | |
| tudent Assistance Commission, Illinois | 173 | 176 | 177 | 176 | 176 | 182 | 180 | 179 | 182 | 183 | 184 | |
| ax Tribunal, Illinois | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Teachers' Retirement System | 55 | 55 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | |
| 'oll Highway Authority, Illinois State | 1,287 | 1,255 | 1,260 | 1,259 | 1,253 | 1,273 | 1,390 | 1,239 | 1,234 | 1,223 | 1,241 | |
| Transportation, Department of | 5,259 | 5,234 | 5,056 | 5,141 | 5,888 | 6,352 | 6,442 | 6,352 | 6,237 | 5,043 | 5,017 | |
| /eterans Affairs, Department of | 1,212 | 1,216 | 1,217 | 1,221 | 1,221 | 1,210 | 1,203 | 1,204 | 1,206 | 1,213 | 1,217 | |
| Vorkers' Compensation Commission, Illinois | 149 | 142 | 137 | 137 | 141 | 148 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 141 | 141 | |
| Compensation Commission, minors | | | | 60,334 | | | | | | 60,328 | | (|

| Altanu Endormal (DEA)999988888999 <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>9 SERS HEAD</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<> | | | | 9 SERS HEAD | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------|--------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Amene <th>Agency Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library and Museum (ALPLM)</th> <th>July 97</th> <th>August</th> <th>September 88</th> <th>October 86</th> <th>November 81</th> <th>December 78</th> <th>January 76</th> <th>February 72</th> <th>March 75</th> <th>April 85</th> <th><u>May</u> 03</th> <th>June 101</th> | Agency Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library and Museum (ALPLM) | July 97 | August | September 88 | October 86 | November 81 | December 78 | January 76 | February 72 | March 75 | April 85 | <u>May</u> 03 | June 101 |
| Adm. Parameters1111211201 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accontro10050500500501500501501500501500< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| And Conseries19 <td></td> <td>498</td> <td>871</td> <td>526</td> <td>363</td> <td>342</td> <td>341</td> <td>331</td> <td>333</td> <td>335</td> <td>372</td> <td>411</td> <td>468</td> | | 498 | 871 | 526 | 363 | 342 | 341 | 331 | 333 | 335 | 372 | 411 | 468 |
| Anamy Gener, Minor MartTotal <td>Architect of the Capitol, Office of the</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> | Architect of the Capitol, Office of the | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
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| Cand Adapting and scale of a part of a set of a se | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Comprendement bials hanners band22110 </td <td>Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of</td> <td>263</td> <td>263</td> <td>258</td> <td></td> <td>254</td> <td>250</td> <td>242</td> <td>238</td> <td>237</td> <td>236</td> <td>237</td> <td>239</td> | Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of | 263 | 263 | 258 | | 254 | 250 | 242 | 238 | 237 | 236 | 237 | 239 |
| Convertors12.291.2.411.2.321.2.421.2.421.2.401.2.401.2.401.2.401.2.501.2.401.2.501 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| binability bind10 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lickon, RayarMMM <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Enclower binomes1.1471.1431.1431.1381.1431.1451.1461.0461.0461.0471.0471.0471.048Excarbe layer financial molecularity64 | | | | | | 73 | 73 | 72 | | | | | |
| Same band | | 171 | 170 | 168 | | | | | 172 | 172 | 172 | | 178 |
| Example fibre Commissing, limins6464647273< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exercise Decision of the order70717171717271 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial Infrontiscal Regularies, Department of199999999999910918 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gaming Resound line150150150150151< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Groenmer Precenting and Accouncilly, Commission11 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Generar, Differ of Lag 141 138 137 137 158 141 138 130 137 Galanshipa Al Advacesy Commission 177 1.70 <td>-</td> <td></td> | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Inching Services, Department of 1,70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hama Riphe Commission1222 <th2< th="">2<th2< th="">22<th2< th="">2<!--</td--><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th2<></th2<></th2<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hama Review, Department of12112012112212212212312311311412412.3812.4112.4212.4412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.7412.4512.741 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ninois fermation of Teachers222222222211 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| innovalion inno | | 12,414 | 12,412 | 12,391 | 12,381 | 12,471 | 12,453 | 12,342 | 12,394 | 12,457 | 12,579 | 12,718 | 12,818 |
| inumare, or 227 226 226 221 221 216 214 207 205 208 205 2050 bint Commistive Rules 14 14 14 13 14 144 1 | Illinois Federation of Teachers | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 2 |
| incertaments, State Board of 10 10 11 11 12 13 13 14 14 13 Dide Commite on Administrive Rules 9 9 9 8 8 9 < | Innovation and Technology, Department of | 509 | 512 | 546 | 588 | 710 | 743 | 727 | 720 | 712 | 715 | 713 | 718 |
| jand commine on Administravice Rules 14 14 14 14 13 13 13 14 14 15 5 5 15 15 15 5 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Junical Jonginy Boom 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 Labor Relations Board 13 13 13 13 13 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| jneamic mode Sea 889 880 870 883 870 884 880 870 883 870 884 880 870 883 870 883 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Labor Repartment of 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lakor, Department of 74 72 75 75 77 78 75 76 75 72 70 75 Laber, Department of 3 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois 20 20 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legistative formations bysem 3 <td< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lightaive Printing Uni 25 24 < | | | | 3 | | 3 | 3 | | 3 | | | | 3 |
| Legislarive Reference Bureau 29 28 28 32 32 32 32 32 32 33 30 92 Legislarive Research Unit 20 19 19 19 19 14 146 147 145 147 145 148 145 Lic Governor, Office of the 8 9 9 9 9 19 12 | Legislative Information System | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Legislarike Research Unit 20 20 19 19 19 19 14 145 14 145 146 1461 147 145 147 147 146 147 147 146 147 147 146 147 147 145 147 145 147 145 147 </td <td>Legislative Printing Unit</td> <td>25</td> <td>24</td> | Legislative Printing Unit | 25 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| L.mery, Illinois 149 150 149 147 146 147 145 | | 29 | 28 | 28 | | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 29 |
| Li. Gveroar, Office of the 8 9 228 230 228 230 235 | Legislative Research Unit | | | | | | | - | - | | | - | - |
| Miliary Affairs, Department of 223 224 226 229 228 220 228 220 1,28 1,20 1,18 1,181 1,255 1,215 1,435 Natural Resources, Department of 1,461 1,461 1,461 1,472 1,135 1,235 1,235 1,235 1,235 235 235 231 230 Power Agency, Illinois 6 6 6 6 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 145 |
| Natural Resources, Department of 1,461 1,463 1,372 1,336 1,253 1,212 1,210 1,181 1,256 1,415 1,483 Office of the Comproller 245 247 220 228 227 228 229 220 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 255 | | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| Office of the Comptroller 245 247 230 228 227 228 229 230 235 235 231 230 Power Agency, Illinois 21 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 22 22 22 22 22 23 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 136 135 135 135 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prover Agency, Illinois 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 Prisoner Review Board, Illinois 21 22 22 23 23 23 23 22 22 23 25 Procurrenter Molicy Board 30 30 31 32 34 33 33 34 35 35 Proberty Tax Appeal Board 30 30 31 1,16 1,151 1,160 1,152 1,160 1,162 1,164 1,163 1,164 1,464 1,49 1,29 1,416 1,464 1,469 1,464 1,44 1,445 1,464 1,449 1,444 1,445 1,464 1,444 1,445 1,442 290 3,674 3,660 3,604 3,604 3,604 3,604 3,604 3,604 3,604 3,614 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 24 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prisoner Review Board, Illinois 21 22 22 23 23 23 23 22 22 22 25 Procurement Policy Board 5 | - | | | | | 227 R | | | | 233 8 | | | |
| Procurement Policy Board 5 Public Health, Department of 1,151 1,163 1,173 1,173 1,171 1,414 1,463 1,433 1,33 3,44 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 2,41 | 5 | | | | | 23 | | | | 22 | | | |
| Property Tax Appeal Board 30 30 30 31 32 34 33 34 35 35 35 Public Health, Department of 1,151 1,169 1,173 1,174 1,172 1,161 1,158 1,150 1,152 1,166 1,165 1,65 37 Racing Board, Illinois 38 38 1,509 1,529 1,471 1,444 1,465 1,469 1,464 1,448 1,431 Sceretary of State 3,676 3,694 3,642 3,662 3,683 3,704 3,660 3,694 3,717 3,742 3,822 State Appellate Defender 233 232 238 238 239 203 243 241 241 240 242 250 State Police of the 128 126 120 125 127 126 125 123 128 133 135 136 State Police Merit Board 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 |
| Public Health, Department of 1,151 1,169 1,173 1,174 1,172 1,161 1,158 1,150 1,152 1,166 1,163 Racing Board, Illinois 38 38 38 29 27 25 25 11 24 29 35 37 Revence, Department of 1,535 1,535 1,536 3,664 3,662 3,683 3,704 3,660 3,664 3,717 3,742 3,822 State Appellate Defender 233 232 238 238 239 243 243 241 241 240 242 250 State Employees' Retirement System 94 97 98 97 96 94 93 90 91 93 94 94 State Fire Marshal, Office of the 128 126 120 125 127 126 128 128 135 135 135 136 135 136 145 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 35 |
| Racing Board, Illinois 38 38 38 29 27 25 25 11 24 29 35 37 Revenue, Department of 1,535 1,523 1,529 1,471 1,444 1,445 1,469 1,469 1,464 1,448 1,441 Sceretary of State 3,676 3,676 3,674 3,676 3,684 3,717 3,742 3,822 State Appellate Defender 233 232 238 238 239 243 243 241 241 240 242 250 State Einployces' Retirement System 94 97 98 97 96 94 93 90 91 93 94 94 94 97 98 97 96 94 93 90 91 93 91 93 93 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 136 145 144 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 <td></td> <td>1,163</td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,163 |
| Revenue, Department of 1,535 1,523 1,509 1,529 1,471 1,444 1,465 1,469 1,464 1,448 1,431 Secretary of State 3,676 3,694 3,642 3,652 3,683 3,704 3,660 3,680 3,694 3,717 3,742 3,823 238 239 243 243 241 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 243 241 240 < | | | | | | | | | | | | | 37 |
| State Appellate Defender 233 232 238 238 239 243 243 241 241 240 242 250 State Employces' Retirement System 94 97 98 97 96 94 93 90 91 93 94 94 State Fire Marshal, Office of the 128 126 120 125 127 126 125 123 133 135 136 State Officers 623 588 594 588 664 657 705 686 691 676 676 54 670 715 670 717 716 671 716 177 72 69 | Revenue, Department of | 1,535 | 1,523 | 1,509 | 1,529 | 1,471 | 1,444 | 1,465 | 1,469 | 1,466 | 1,464 | 1,448 | 1,431 |
| State Employees' Retirement System 94 97 98 97 96 94 93 90 91 93 94 94 State Fire Marshal, Office of the 128 126 120 125 127 126 123 128 133 135 136 136 136 135 136 136 135 136 137 136 136 137 137 137 137 137 137 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Fire Marshal, Office of the128126120125127126125123128133135136State Officers623588594588664657705686691676671663State Police Merit Board44444445444State Police Merit Board2,7492,7452,7112,7272,7272,7152,7202,7162,7232,7852,7842,776State Police of the181181180178180182181182182182182180177State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor717272697072737370696768Student Assistance Commission, Illinois186185185182178177176176177176174Tax Tribunal, Illinois333344444443Teachers' Retirement System61595959595957575757575757Transportation, Department of5,2625,2885,1685,1606,1016,5106,5116,4916,3655,1965,2385,245Verkers' Compensation Commission, Illinois157158149148144145141147150150< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Officers623588594588664667705686691676671663State Officer Merit Board441801781801821811801781801821811801781801821811801781801821811801781301333< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Police Merit Board 4 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Police, Illinois $2,749$ $2,745$ $2,741$ $2,727$ $2,727$ $2,751$ $2,720$ $2,716$ $2,723$ $2,785$ $2,785$ $2,784$ $2,776$ State Treasurer, Office of the181181180178180182181182182182180177State Treasurer, Office of the181181180177176182181182182180177State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor717272697072737370696768Student Assistance Commission, Illinois186185185182178177176176177176174Tax Tribunal, Illinois3333444444444444444444444444444444444412.2717.37176177 </td <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Treasurer, Office of the 181 181 180 178 180 182 181 182 182 182 182 180 177 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 71 72 72 69 70 72 73 73 70 69 67 68 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 186 185 185 182 178 177 173 70 69 67 68 Student Assistance Commission, Illinois 3 3 3 3 4 181 181 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 71 72 72 69 70 72 73 73 70 69 67 68 Studert's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 186 185 185 182 178 177 173 176 176 177 176 176 177 176 176 177 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 176 176 177 176 176 177 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 176 177 173 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Student Assistance Commission, Illinois 186 185 185 182 178 177 173 176 176 177 176 177 173 176 177 176 177 173 175 173 175 173 175 173 175 173 <th171< th=""> 1123 112</th171<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tax Tribunal, Illinois 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 Teachers' Retirement System 61 59 59 59 59 59 57 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Teachers' Retirement System 61 59 59 59 59 57 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Toll Highway Authority, Illinois State 1,396 1,364 1,357 1,335 1,360 1,206 1,291 1,267 1,283 1,262 1,311 1,275 Transportation, Department of 5,262 5,288 5,168 5,160 6,101 6,551 6,491 6,356 5,196 5,238 5,245 Veterans Affairs, Department of 1,242 1,247 1,212 1,218 1,210 1,000 1,907 1,207 1,207 1,200 1,207 1,200 1,207 1,200 1,207 1,200 1,207 1,210 1,201 1,000 1,907 1,207 1,210 1,201 1,001 1,917 1,020 1,207 1,220 1,210 1,211 1,21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transportation, Department of 5,262 5,288 5,168 5,160 6,101 6,510 6,511 6,491 6,356 5,196 5,238 5,245 Veterans Affairs, Department of 1,242 1,247 1,211 1,218 1,210 1,107 1,202 1,200 1,207 1,220 1,210 1,210 Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 157 158 149 148 144 145 141 137 150 150 TOTAL 59,420 59,967 59,159 59,056 60,345 60,606 60,249 60,205 59,491 59,891 60,266 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Veterans Affairs, Department of 1,242 1,247 1,221 1,218 1,210 1,206 1,197 1,202 1,200 1,201 1,210 Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 157 158 149 148 144 145 141 137 150 150 TOTAL 59,420 59,967 59,159 59,056 60,345 60,606 60,249 60,205 59,491 59,891 60,265 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5,245 |
| Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 157 158 149 148 144 145 141 137 150 150 TOTAL 59,420 59,967 59,159 59,056 60,345 60,606 60,249 60,205 59,491 59,891 60,265 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,216 |
| | Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois | 157 | 158 | 149 | 148 | 149 | 148 | 144 | 145 | 141 | 137 | 150 | 150 |
| Source: SERS | TOTAL | 50 420 | 59.967 | 59,159 | 59,056 | 60.345 | 60,606 | 60.294 | 60.249 | 60.205 | 59,491 | 59,891 | 60.261 |

| | * 1 | | SERS HEA | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Agency Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library and Museum (ALPLM) | <u>July</u> 84 | August 8 81 | September 80 | October 81 | November 79 | December 67 | January 69 | February 69 | March 71 | April 75 | <u>May</u> 88 | June 95 |
| Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts | 591 | 596 | 596 | 596 | 599 | 600 | 593 | 593 | 592 | 591 | 594 | 595 |
| Aging, Department on | 142 | 144 | 147 | 148 | 146 | 146 | 149 | 151 | 148 | 148 | 152 | 156 |
| Agriculture, Department of | 500 | 908 | 518 | 349 | 330 | 336 | 320 | 323 | 328 | 357 | 400 | 442 |
| Architect of the Capitol, Office of the | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Arts Council | 9 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 |
| Attorney General, Office of the | 722 | 730 | 735 | 734 | 736 | 744 | 735 | 745 | 746 | 750 | 748 | 742 |
| Auditor General, Office of the | 85 | 86 | 86 | 85 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 85 | 85 | 90 |
| Capital Development Board | 109 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 111 | 108 | 107 | 108 | 107 | 108 | 109 |
| Central Management Services, Department of | 750 | 754 | 753 | 755 | 758 | 763 | 739 | 736 | 733 | 733 | 735 | 732 |
| Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | - | - |
| Children and Family Services, Department of | 2,623 | 2,648 | 2,649 | 2,670 | 2,680 | 2,698 | 2,678 | 2,691 | 2,715 | 2,736 | 2,748 | 2,751 |
| Civil Service Commission, Illinois | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of | 281 | 282 | 280 | 274 | 269 | 269 | 263 | 264 | 265 | 269 | 269 | 263 |
| Commerce Commission, Illinois | 210 | 214 | 212 | 209 | 206 | 206 | 199 | 195 | 199 | 200 | 204 | 209 |
| Comprehensive Health Insurance Board | 4 12,016 | 3 12,087 | 12 048 | 3 11,982 | 3 11,978 | 2 11,993 | 2 12,079 | 2 | 2 12,148 | 2 12,230 | 2 12,178 | 2 12,221 |
| Corrections, Department of Court of Claims | 31 | 30 | 12,048 30 | 30 | 39 | 31 | 33 | 12,156 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 36 |
| Court Reporters | 585 | 587 | 587 | 585 | 584 | 586 | 578 | 578 | 582 | 584 | 581 | 581 |
| Criminal Justice Information Authority, Illinois | 69 | 68 | 67 | 67 | 69 | 71 | 73 | 74 | 73 | 71 | 72 | 69 |
| Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Developmental Disabilities, Illinois Planning Council on | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Education, Board of | 80 | 79 | 78 | 79 | 79 | 75 | 76 | 74 | 77 | 78 | 78 | 79 |
| Educational Labor Relations Board, Illinois | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Elections, Board of | 62 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 66 | 66 | 67 | 67 | 70 | 68 |
| Emergency Management Agency | 165 | 165 | 168 | 170 | 173 | 175 | 169 | 163 | 163 | 164 | 165 | 166 |
| Employment Security, Department of | 1,091 | 1,087 | 1,089 | 1,095 | 1,095 | 1,104 | 1,109 | 1,120 | 1,130 | 1,125 | 1,142 | 1,138 |
| Environmental Protection Agency | 675 | 670 | 653 | 653 | 652 | 650 | 627 | 631 | 634 | 636 | 645 | 657 |
| Executive Ethics Commission, Illinois | 67 | 66 | 66 | 67 | 65 | 64 | 64 | 63 | 63 | 60 | 65 | 65 |
| Executive Inspector General, Office of the | 68 | 68 | 71 | 72 | 72 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 74 | 70 |
| Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of | 413 | 414 | 409 | 408 | 402 | 394 | 391 | 391 | 390 | 389 | 397 | 402 |
| Gaming Board, Illinois | 155 | 155 | 152 | 145 | 148 | 147 | 149 | 152 | 150 | 152 | 152 | 155 |
| Government Forecasting and Accountability, Commission on | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
| Governor, Office of the | 144 | 149 | 149 | 150 | 149 | 149 | 150 | 144 | 142 | 137 | 139 | 143 |
| Guardianship and Advocacy Commission | 101 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 99 | 98 | 99 | 98 | 99 |
| Healthcare and Family Services, Department of | 1,870 | 1,871 | 1,836 | 1,839 | 1,833 | 1,827 | 1,784 | 1,784 | 1,781 | 1,768 | 1,772 | 1,772 |
| Human Rights Commission | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 23 |
| Human Rights, Department of | 122 | 121 | 120 | 123 | 123 | 126 | 126 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 120 | 121 |
| Human Services, Department of | 12,448 | 12,419 | 12,487 | 12,478 | 12,494 | 12,583 | 12,509 | 12,535 | 12,475 | 12,456 | 12,465 | 12,465 |
| Illinois Federation of Teachers | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Innovation and Technology, Department of | 454 | 457 | 463 | 470 | 473 | 477 | 474 | 476 | 481 | 489 | 495 | 504 |
| Insurance, Department of | 241 | 244 | 236 | 234 | 235 | 236 | 232 | 229 | 229 | 230 | 227 | 229 |
| Investments, State Board of | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 11 |
| Joint Committee on Administrative Rules | 13 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 14 |
| Judges' Retirement System | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 |
| Judicial Inquiry Board | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Juvenile Justice, Department of | 890 | 884 | 864 | 904 | 890 | 888 | 883 | 907 | 893 | 885 | 878 | 874 |
| Labor Relations Board | 14 83 | 14 81 | 14 79 | 14 79 | 14 77 | 13 77 | 13 77 | 13 77 | 13 77 | 13 75 | 14 | 14 76 |
| Labor, Department of Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois | 22 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 75 23 | 23 |
| Legislative Audit Commission | 3 | 3 | 3 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Legislative Information System | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Legislative Printing Unit | 26 | 26 | 27 | 26 | 20 | 26 | 28 | 25 | 29 | 29 | 25 | 25 |
| Legislative Reference Bureau | 30 | 31 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Legislative Research Unit | 22 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 2) | 2) 21 | 2) 21 | 21 |
| Lottery, Illinois | 148 | 149 | 150 | 149 | 148 | 148 | 146 | 145 | 144 | 146 | 145 | 146 |
| Lt. Governor, Office of the | 140 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| Military Affairs, Department of | 221 | 222 | 222 | 222 | 220 | 227 | 218 | 221 | 223 | 222 | 224 | 222 |
| Natural Resources, Department of | 1,503 | 1,468 | 1,363 | 1,324 | 1,252 | 1,229 | 1,171 | 1,148 | 1,139 | 1,223 | 1,380 | 1,451 |
| Office of the Comptroller | 212 | 213 | 216 | 216 | 216 | 219 | 219 | 223 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 226 |
| Power Agency, Illinois | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Prisoner Review Board, Illinois | 20 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 20 |
| Procurement Policy Board | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Property Tax Appeal Board | 30 | 30 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 31 | 30 | 30 |
| Public Health, Department of | 1,090 | 1,092 | 1,106 | 1,113 | 1,123 | 1,128 | 1,115 | 1,130 | 1,130 | 1,142 | 1,145 | 1,153 |
| Racing Board, Illinois | 42 | 41 | 40 | 28 | 29 | 28 | 33 | 30 | 22 | 28 | 39 | 37 |
| Revenue, Department of | 1,474 | 1,465 | 1,471 | 1,511 | 1,494 | 1,476 | 1,499 | 1,496 | 1,486 | 1,491 | 1,490 | 1,495 |
| Secretary of State | 3,475 | 3,473 | 3,491 | 3,511 | 3,535 | 3,550 | 3,529 | 3,544 | 3,556 | 3,586 | 3,620 | 3,626 |
| State Appellate Defender | 225 | 225 | 225 | 232 | 231 | 230 | 230 | 227 | 228 | 233 | 234 | 234 |
| State Employees' Retirement System | 93 | 94 | 92 | 92 | 91 | 92 | 91 | 92 | 92 | 96 | 95 | 93 |
| State Fire Marshal, Office of the | 127 | 129 | 127 | 125 | 126 | 126 | 124 | 124 | 127 | 129 | 128 | 130 |
| State Officers | 676 | 676 | 665 | 654 | 656 | 648 | 663 | 647 | 674 | 681 | 675 | 663 |
| State Police Merit Board State Police, Illinois | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2 700 | 5 | 5 | 2 600 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| State Police, Illinois State Treasurer, Office of the | 2,676 | 2,657 | 2,666 | 2,656 | 2,709 | 2,634 | 2,602 | 2,699 | 2,680 | 2,667 | 2,664 | 2,747 |
| | 178 | 177 | 176 | 175 | 172 | 176 | 175 | 172 | 173 | 177 | 180 | 182 |
| State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor Student Assistance Commission, Illinois | 66 190 | 67 190 | 68 191 | 70 192 | 70 193 | 71 191 | 70 185 | 72 187 | 71 185 | 72 185 | 71 185 | 71 187 |
| Tax Tribunal, Illinois | 190 | 190 | 3 | 192 | 193 | 191 | 185 | 187 | 185 | 185 | 185 | 187 |
| Teachers' Retirement System | 5 69 | | 68 | 68 | | 5 66 | 5 64 | 63 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 61 |
| Toll Highway Authority, Illinois State | 69 1,419 | 1,391 | 08 1,402 | 08 1,405 | 1,378 | 1,380 | 04 1,347 | 1,337 | 1,351 | 62 1,344 | 1,337 | 1,359 |
| Transportation, Department of | 5,098 | 5,144 | 4,985 | 5,003 | 5,815 | 6,265 | 6,397 | 6,355 | 6,249 | 5,836 | 5,163 | 5,200 |
| Veterans Affairs, Department of | 1,232 | 1,230 | 1,242 | 1,256 | 1,275 | 1,268 | 1,258 | 1,260 | 1,257 | 1,254 | 1,259 | 1,248 |
| Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois | 1,232 | 1,250 | 1,242 | 1,250 | 1,275 | 1,208 | 1,258 | 1,200 | 1,257 | 1,254 | 1,259 | 1,248 |
| | | 100 | 150 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.32 | 100 | 155 |
| TOTAL | 58,641 | 59,082 | 58,440 | 58,300 | 59,087 | 59,557 | 59,389 | 59,568 | 59,434 | 59,265 | 58,864 | 59,200 |
| Source: SERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Administory Office of the Links Carup. 34 383 392 384 385 385 387 387 387 387 387 385 387 | | | | | DCOUNT | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Addsp. Repurse on 152 151 <th>Agency</th> <th></th> | Agency | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Areadam, Degrammer of Areadam, Degrammer of Canana Gueran Office of a Areadam, Degrammer devices, Degram | | | | | | | | | | | | | 587 |
| Aidabes of the closed, Office of the 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ant Const. B | | | | | | | | | | | | | 433 |
| Alteneys Control 714 719 712 713 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 |
| Audior General Office of the support support of the support of the support of the suppor | | | | | | | | | | | | | 729 |
| Capacit Decomposent Noted 112 113 113 1111 111 111 111 </td <td></td> <td>75</td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 75 |
| Cáral Margines Sirvis, Degrament of 77 78 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 110 |
| Chalter and Parket Communication 2.08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 746 |
| Crist Sories Commission Upponnell. Spannell and a space of the space o | | 2,608 | | | | | 2,628 | 2,581 | | 2,596 | 2,585 | | 2,613 |
| Camere Commission 101 116 118 119 100 102 188 103 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 |
| Campennent skaln humanc kend i 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1 | Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of | 298 | 300 | 292 | 290 | 286 | 290 | 287 | 288 | | 283 | 283 | 283 |
| Carexiems of and Chain Sparment of 11.570 11.640 11.581 11.628 11.763 11.767 11.570 11.693 11.890 11.896 11.590 11.204 11.204 11.205 11.204 11.205 11 | Commerce Commission, Illinois | 191 | 186 | 188 | 189 | 190 | 192 | 188 | 189 | 191 | 195 | 203 | 206 |
| Card ex Reprent Card ex Reprent Decis Marketing Commission Cardio (Card) | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 |
| Care Lapour. S80 S85 S88 S90 S91 S91 S91 S91 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>11,743</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12,064</td></th<> | | | | | | 11,743 | | | | | | | 12,064 |
| Chanka Jakic Information Aucheny, Illinois 61 62 65 66 64 64 65 5 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>31</td></th<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 31 |
| Dear and Lard of Harming Commission 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 592 |
| Decelement Dkohling, Hinois Pauning Concel on 6 6 6 6 6 7 5 5 5 6 6 5 7 5 7 7 7 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 6 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 7 7 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 68 |
| Electronic Josef General (1998) 88 85 84 84 85 82 82 82 82 82 83 7 Becoronic Josef General (1998) 17 13 143 149 140 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 |
| Ebeachand Labor Relations Board Manganeer Agency of a for a | | | | | | | | | | | | | 6 |
| Electors. Daniel of a serie of a | | | | | | | | | | | | | 77 |
| Emergency Mangement Agency 147 143 143 149 149 107 10.3 1.68 1.09 1.08 1.09 1.01 1.13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Employment of Security. Department of 1.075 1.081 1.082 1.082 1.083 1.086 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.084 1.080 1.081 1.080 1.081 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 65 |
| Environmental Protection Agancy 713 711 700 693 687 661 665 662 663 660 662 663 660 662 663 660 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 162 |
| Excurb leptic Commission. Illinisis 62 63 62 64 68 68 67 67 68 68 67 67 68 68 67 67 68 68 67 67 68 68 67 67 68 68 67 67 68 68 67 67 61 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Excuence Inserver Corrent. Office of the 10 70 68 67 67 69 68 67 68 68 67 68 68 67 68 68 67 68 68 67 68 68 61 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of 4.7 4.88 4.90 4.90 4.91 4.21 4.13 4.14 4.13 1.10 1.13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 68 60 |
| Gaming Board, Illinois Index Index <thindex< th=""> Index Index<</thindex<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 69 412 |
| Governmer Horecasting and Accoundship, Commission on 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Generancy Office of the services (Department of 1.078 1.067 1.056 1.060 1.09 0.95 0.55 0.79 0.9 0.10 0.100 0.100 0.100 1.055 0.100 1.056 1.050 1.056 1.050 1.055 1.055 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 158 |
| Gandmanns 96 95 98 99 100 99 95 95 97 99 101 101 Henkrer ear Funnes Henkrer exervation Agency 163 166 160 160 152 129 126 122 121 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 123 133 13 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Heathware and Family Services, Department of 1.978 1.978 1.976 1.960 1.944 1.986 1.986 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.886 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.882 1.821 1.212 1.13 1.13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hauro, Peservanta Agency (163) 166 160 152 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Human Righe Commission 22 21 12 13< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Human Regives, Department of 135 135 133 131 133 134 129 125 122 114 128 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Human Scrives, Department of 12,68 12,68 12,69 12,679 12,679 12,671 12,611 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 118 |
| Illinois Hach Information Exchange, Authority 3 2 2 - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Innovation and Technology. Department of 466 472 472 470 472 473 460 459 455 452 454 456 452 454 456 452 454 456 450 456 450 456 450 45 | | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance, Department of the Board of 10 242 240 241 244 245 239 240 240 238 242 240 Joint Committe on Administrive Rules 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 13 14 14 14 1 | | | | | 470 | 472 | 473 | 460 | 459 | 456 | 452 | 454 | 457 |
| Investments, Sate Board of 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 246 |
| Joint Committee on Administrative Rules 12 12 12 12 12 13 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Indige? Bit indical Inquing? Indica Inquing? Indic Inquing? <thindica inquing="" inquing<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>13</td></thindica> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13 |
| Judical Inquiry Board 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Javendie Jassiec, Department of 1,047 1,031 1,008 1,003 1,004 1,040 1,022 8,02 8,00 878 9,00 900 1240 Relations Board 14 14 14 14 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 13 13 13 11 Labor, Department of 8,3 8,3 8,1 8,00 8,3 8,2 8,2 8,2 8,2 8,2 8,2 8,2 142 16 21 0,21 0,21 0,21 0,21 0,21 0,21 0,21 0 | | 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 5 |
| Labor Relations Board Labor, Department of Labor, D | | 1,047 | | 1,008 | 1,003 | 1,004 | | | | | | | 900 |
| Labor. Department of main and match Board, Illinois 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13 |
| Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 | Labor, Department of | 83 | | 81 | | | | 82 | 82 | 82 | | | 83 |
| Legislarive Pinformation System 28 29 30 <td>Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois</td> <td>20</td> <td>21</td> <td>22</td> | Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 22 |
| Legislave Prining Unit 2 7 27 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 27 27 27 2 Legislave Perference Bareau 31 30 30 30 30 30 20 28 28 29 30 30 30 23 Legislave Research Unit 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 | Legislative Audit Commission | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Legislarke Research Unit (Legislarke Researc | Legislative Information System | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| Legislative Research Unit 22 21 212 210 209 211 21 215 204 212 210 209 208 209 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 209 208 209 208 209 208 209 208 209 208 209 208 209 208 209 208 209 208< | Legislative Printing Unit | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 27 |
| Lottery, Illinois 150 151 150 151 150 151 146 143 144 147 147 148 15 Müliary Affairs, Department of 219 220 220 217 219 218 212 210 209 211 211 Natural Resources, Department of 1,436 1,400 1,122 1,204 1,104 1,122 1,085 1,075 1,138 1,261 1,55 Office of the Comptroller 217 210 204 211 204 201 209 208 209 220 Procerment Woard, Illinois 2 22 22 22 21 21 119 19 19 20 20 22 22 22 21 21 10 19 19 20 22 22 22 21 21 10 19 19 20 20 20 21 21 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Legislative Reference Bureau | 31 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| Li Givernor, Office of the 14 13 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Legislative Research Unit | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Milliary Affairs, Department of 219 220 220 217 219 218 212 212 210 200 211 211 Natural Resources, Department of 1,436 1,400 1,312 1,252 1,204 1,194 1,122 1,085 1,075 1,138 1,261 1,353 Power Agency, Illinois 2 217 210 207 204 213 215 204 201 209 208 209 200 Procurement Volicy Board 4 | Lottery, Illinois | 150 | | 150 | 151 | 146 | | | | | | | 151 |
| Natural Resources, Department of 1,436 1,400 1,312 1,252 1,204 1,194 1,122 1,085 1,075 1,138 1,261 1,35 Office of the Comptroller 217 210 210 204 213 215 204 201 209 208 209 200 Prisoner Review Board, Illinois 22 22 22 22 22 21 21 19 19 19 20 20 Procurrent Policy Board 4 | Lt. Governor, Office of the | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 |
| Office of the Computaler 217 210 207 204 213 215 204 201 209 208 209 200 Power Agency, Illinois 2 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 23 33 29 30 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>216</td></td<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 216 |
| Power Agency, Illinois 4 <td></td> <td>1,358</td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,358 |
| Prisoner Review Board, Illinois 22 22 22 22 21 21 19 19 19 20 Procurement Policy Board 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 209 |
| Procurement Policy Board 4 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4</td> | | | | | - | - | | - | | | | | 4 |
| Property Tax Appeal Board 32 32 32 32 32 32 33 29 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 |
| Public Health, Department of 1,107 1,101 1,097 1,095 1,098 1,101 1,084 1,089 1,095 1,090 1,093 1,090 Racing Board, Illinois 42 42 42 29 31 27 26 13 27 30 40 44 Revenue, Department of 1,492 1,470 1,460 1,451 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 1,432 1,459 1,438 3,478 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,478 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,48 3,43 3,43 3,478 3,48 <td></td> <td>4</td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 |
| Racing Board, Illinois 42 42 42 29 31 27 26 13 27 30 40 4 Revenue, Department of 1,492 1,470 1,460 1,4476 1,476 1,435 1,432 1,439 1,481 1,499 Scretary of State 3,517 3,525 3,519 3,515 3,530 3,448 3,605 3,491 3,483 3,478 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 30 |
| Revenue, Department of 1,492 1,470 1,460 1,454 1,467 1,475 1,435 1,432 1,439 1,481 1,499 Sceretary of State 3,519 3,517 3,525 3,519 3,513 3,530 3,484 3,505 3,491 3,483 3,478 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,491 3,491 3,483 3,478 3,483 3,478 3,478 3,478 3,479 3,481 3,478 3,478 3,478 3,479 3,491 3,483 3,478 3,488 3,488 3,505 5,476 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Secretary of State 3,519 3,517 3,525 3,519 3,515 3,530 3,484 3,505 3,491 3,483 3,478 3,482 State Appellate Defender 225 222 220 219 218 215 216 220 230 230 231 23 State Employees' Retirement System 99 101 100 99 96 97 98 93 91 92 93 91 State Fire Marshal, Office of the 116 116 118 120 121 120 117 117 116 117 12 State Police Merit Board 6 6 7 7 7 6 <td></td> <td>42</td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | 42 |
| State Appellate Defender 225 222 220 219 218 215 216 220 230 230 231 23 State Employees' Retirement System 99 101 100 99 96 97 98 93 91 92 93 99 State Fire Marshal, Office of the 116 118 120 121 120 117 117 117 116 118 120 117 117 117 116 118 120 20 2.00 2.607 668 689 684 673 666 State Police, Illinois 2.698 2.694 2.692 2.677 2.665 2.609 2.601 2.90 2.602 2.602 2.602 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.601 2.90 2.601 2.91 2.603 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.601 2.601 2.601 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.601 2.601 2.602 2.603 2.602 2.602 2.665 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Employees' Retirement System 99 101 100 99 96 97 98 93 91 92 93 9 State Fire Marshal, Office of the 116 116 118 120 121 120 117 117 116 117 12 State Officers 657 624 605 603 675 676 676 688 689 684 673 66 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Fire Marshal, Office of the 116 116 116 118 120 121 120 117 117 117 116 117 12 State Officers 657 624 605 603 675 676 677 688 689 684 673 52 State Police, Mirit Board 6 6 7 7 7 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Officers 657 624 605 603 675 676 677 688 689 684 673 666 State Officers 6 6 7 7 7 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 95 125 |
| State Police Merit Board 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 6 6 6 6 6 5 State Police, Illinois 2,698 2,694 2,692 2,677 2,665 2,659 2,609 2,601 2,591 2,603 2,602 2,607 State Tressurer, Office of the 171 173 172 174 177 176 178 181 181 181 180 178 177 State's Autorneys Appellate Prosecutor 65 66 66 67 66 67 66 66 66 65 66 65 66 67 66 67 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 67 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 67 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 74 72 72 76 75 74 72 72 76 75 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Police, Illinois 2,698 2,694 2,692 2,677 2,665 2,699 2,601 2,591 2,603 2,602 2,603 State Police, Illinois 171 173 172 174 177 176 178 181 181 180 178 17 State Statersey Appellate Prosecutor 65 66 66 66 67 66 67 66 66 66 65 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 65 181 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 185 181 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183< | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Treasurer, Office of the 171 173 172 174 177 176 178 181 181 180 178 177 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 65 66 66 66 67 66 67 66 67 67 66 66 66 67 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 76 75 74 72 72 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 600 |
| State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 65 66 66 67 67 66 67 66 66 65 6 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor 186 184 183 184 183 184 183 184 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 3 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Student Assistance Commission, Illinois 186 184 184 183 184 183 183 185 181 183 18 Tax Tribunal, Illinois 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 66 |
| Tax Tribunal, Illinois 3 <td></td> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Teachers' Retirement System 81 79 79 78 77 76 75 74 72 72 6 Toll Highway Authority, Illinois State 1,417 1,409 1,426 1,442 1,442 1,403 1,344 1,346 1,378 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 188 |
| Toll Highway Authority, Illinois State 1,417 1,409 1,426 1,445 1,422 1,403 1,421 1,394 1,396 1,382 1,378 1,377 Transportation, Department of 5,053 5,034 4,976 4,931 5,572 6,032 6,099 6,134 6,071 5,427 4,938 5,572 Unspecified Board or Commission 28 26 26 27 23 1 2 1 1 2 Veterans Affairs, Department of 1,300 1,301 1,304 1,284 1,279 1,266 1,260 1,257 1,240 1,226 1,259 Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 159 161 160 156 155 156 154 155 152 153 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 69 |
| Transportation, Department of 5,053 5,034 4,976 4,931 5,572 6,032 6,099 6,134 6,071 5,427 4,938 5,051 Unspecified Board or Commission 28 26 27 27 23 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unspecified Board or Commission 28 26 26 27 23 1 2 1 1 2 Veterans Affairs, Department of 1,300 1,301 1,304 1,284 1,279 1,266 1,260 1,257 1,245 1,240 1,226 1,25 Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 159 161 160 156 155 156 154 155 152 153 15 FOTALS 58,872 59,184 58,659 58,302 59,003 59,379 58,652 58,718 58,743 58,151 57,910 58,57 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Veterans Affairs, Department of 1,300 1,301 1,304 1,224 1,279 1,266 1,260 1,227 1,245 1,240 1,226 1,25 Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 159 161 160 156 155 156 154 155 152 153 15 ICOTALS 58,872 59,184 58,659 58,302 59,003 59,379 58,652 58,743 58,151 57,910 58,52 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5,054 |
| Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois 159 161 160 156 155 156 154 155 152 153 15 IOTALS 58,872 59,184 58,659 58,302 59,003 59,379 58,652 58,718 58,743 58,151 57,910 58,552 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FOTALS 58,872 59,184 58,659 58,302 59,003 59,379 58,652 58,718 58,743 58,151 57,910 58,5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,230 |
| | | 159 | 101 | 100 | 150 | 155 | 150 | 1.54 | 155 | 155 | 152 | 155 | 155 |
| | TOTALS | 58 872 | 50 184 | 58.650 | 58 302 | 59.003 | 50 370 | 58.652 | 58 718 | 58 743 | 58-151 | 57,910 | 58 504 |
| | | 30,072 | 39,104 | 30,039 | 50,502 | 39,005 | 39,319 | 30,032 | 30,710 | 50,745 | 50,151 | 57,910 | 50,504 |

| | F | Y 2016 SE | ERS HEAI | DCOUNT | TRACKE | R | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Agency | July | | | | November | | | February | March | April | <u>May</u> | June |
| Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts Aging, Department on | 1,555 144 | 1,552 149 | 1,554 150 | 1,549 146 | 1,552 147 | 1,547 146 | 1,539 146 | 1,530 148 | 1,532 148 | 1,535 144 | 1,540 150 | 1,540 153 |
| Agriculture, Department of | 497 | 972 | 609 | 359 | 340 | 340 | 336 | 333 | 335 | 332 | 377 | 480 |
| Architect of the Capitol, Office of the | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Arts Council | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 9 |
| Attorney General, Office of the | 749 | 743 | 736 | 731 | 733 | 733 | 723 | 728 | 719 | 727 | 729 | 727 |
| Auditor General, Office of the | 88 | 85 | 84 | 82 | 81 | 80 | 81 | 79 | 79 | 77 | 76 | 80 |
| Capital Development Board | 128 | 128 | 129 | 129 | 131 | 131 | 124 | 126 | 126 | 125 | 123 | 123 |
| Central Management Services, Department of | 1,216 | 1,236 | 1,224 | 1,222 | 1,228 | 1,222 | 1,206 | 1,213 | 1,208 | 1,218 | 1,224 | 1,217 |
| Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Children and Family Services, Department of | 2,555 | 2,583 | 2,557 | 2,540 | 2,536 | 2,538 | 2,506 | 2,546 | 2,554 | 2,558 | 2,577 | 2,603 |
| Civil Service Commission, Illinois Commerce and Economic Opportunity, Department of | 3 313 | 3 310 | 3 308 | 3 307 | 3 307 | 3 307 | 3 303 | 3 303 | 3 304 | 3 304 | 3 299 | 4 295 |
| Commerce Commission, Illinois | 216 | 220 | 218 | 209 | 208 | 207 | 200 | 196 | 196 | 196 | 195 | 193 |
| Comprehensive Health Insurance Board | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 1)5 |
| Corrections, Department of | 11,521 | 11,466 | 11,553 | 11,494 | 11,595 | 11,557 | 11,591 | 11,727 | 11,691 | 11,621 | 11,564 | 11,725 |
| Court of Claims | 34 | 33 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 35 | 34 |
| Court Reporters | 593 | 592 | 594 | 591 | 590 | 588 | 578 | 578 | 581 | 583 | 583 | 585 |
| Criminal Justice Information Authority, Illinois | 63 | 65 | 66 | 66 | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 61 | 62 | 61 | 62 |
| Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission | 6 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Developmental Disabilities, Illinois Planning Council on | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Education, Board of | 96 | 96 | 93 | 92 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 92 | 91 | 91 |
| Educational Labor Relations Board, Illinois Elections, Board of | 10 69 | 9 69 | 9 67 | 9 66 | 9 68 | 9 69 | 9 67 | 9 67 | 8 69 | 8 68 | 8 67 | 10 66 |
| Emergency Management Agency | 167 | 164 | 162 | 169 | 170 | 187 | 183 | 183 | 183 | 178 | 176 | 175 |
| Employment Security, Department of | 1,176 | 1,171 | 1,158 | 1,145 | 1,133 | 1,132 | 1,105 | 1,102 | 1,095 | 1,097 | 1,087 | 1,081 |
| Environmental Protection Agency | 768 | 765 | 756 | 750 | 750 | 746 | 725 | 725 | 723 | 719 | 718 | 718 |
| Executive Ethics Commission, Illinois | 67 | 66 | 65 | 65 | 64 | 66 | 63 | 64 | 62 | 62 | 63 | 63 |
| Executive Inspector General, Office of the | 66 | 68 | 68 | 67 | 68 | 70 | 69 | 68 | 66 | 64 | 68 | 72 |
| Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of | 446 | 443 | 438 | 433 | 429 | 428 | 424 | 424 | 424 | 433 | 430 | 428 |
| Gaming Board, Illinois | 169 | 168 | 168 | 168 | 169 | 169 | 170 | 169 | 170 | 170 | 168 | 167 |
| Government Forecasting and Accountability, Commission on | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 |
| Governor, Office of the | 114 | 94 | 95 | 94 | 93 | 92 | 91 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 87 | 87 |
| Guardianship and Advocacy Commission | 100 2,034 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 95 | 97 1,953 | 97 | 98 | 97 | 97 |
| Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Historic Preservation Agency | 2,054 | 2,025 164 | 2,026 158 | 2,019 155 | 2,007 145 | 1,994 131 | 1,958 129 | 1,955 | 1,956 131 | 1,979 132 | 1,979 159 | 1,994 164 |
| Human Rights Commission | 21 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Human Rights, Department of | 133 | 131 | 129 | 128 | 128 | 127 | 127 | 126 | 126 | 126 | 127 | 127 |
| Human Services, Department of | 13,025 | 12,987 | 12,974 | 12,916 | 12,967 | 12,926 | 12,766 | 12,778 | 12,764 | 12,765 | 12,802 | 12,810 |
| Illinois Health Information Exchange Authority | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Insurance, Department of | 250 | 253 | 253 | 257 | 255 | 259 | 251 | 245 | 245 | 247 | 241 | 239 |
| Investments, State Board of | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Joint Committee on Administrative Rules | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
| Judges' Retirement System | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Judicial Inquiry Board | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Juvenile Justice, Department of Labor Relations Board | 998 15 | 994 15 | 993 15 | 985 15 | 1,022 15 | 1,026 15 | 1,014 15 | 1,060 15 | 1,056 15 | 1,043 14 | 1,073 15 | 1,071 14 |
| Labor, Department of | 92 | 88 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 84 | 84 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 83 |
| Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, Illinois | 18 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 20 |
| Legislative Audit Commission | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Legislative Information System | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 29 |
| Legislative Printing Unit | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 27 |
| Legislative Reference Bureau | 30 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Legislative Research Unit | 23 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Lottery, Illinois | 136 | 136 | 132 | 132 | 133 | 137 | 134 | 137 | 139 | 140 | 145 | 145 |
| Lt. Governor, Office of the | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 |
| Military Affairs, Department of | 210 1,523 | 211 1,484 | 210 1,358 | 209 1,292 | 212 1,276 | 213 1,271 | 211 1,206 | 213 1,171 | 214 1,167 | 217 1,229 | 217 1,370 | 217 1,430 |
| Natural Resources, Department of Office of the Comptroller | 1,523 | 1,484 216 | 218 | 1,292 217 | 217 | 216 | 215 | 213 | 219 | 216 | 220 | 233 |
| Power Agency, Illinois | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 233 |
| Prisoner Review Board, Illinois | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 22 |
| Procurement Policy Board | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Property Tax Appeal Board | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 32 | 32 |
| Public Health, Department of | 1,172 | 1,165 | 1,156 | 1,145 | 1,138 | 1,130 | 1,116 | 1,116 | 1,119 | 1,118 | 1,117 | 1,110 |
| Racing Board, Illinois | 43 | 43 | 43 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 25 | 28 | 33 | 42 | 42 |
| Revenue, Department of | 1,633 | 1,633 | 1,624 | 1,607 | 1,596 | 1,583 | 1,582 | 1,579 | 1,585 | 1,593 | 1,591 | 1,570 |
| Secretary of State | 3,805 | 3,785 | 3,696 | 3,671 | 3,651 | 3,636 | 3,596 | 3,590 | 3,585 | 3,577 | 3,566 | 3,548 |
| State Appellate Defender | 215 | 211 | 207 | 210 | 229 | 225 | 226 | 228 | 228 | 227 | 225 | 225 |
| State Employees' Retirement System State Fire Marshal, Office of the | 97 124 | 97 121 | 96 121 | 97 123 | 99 121 | 99 120 | 98 122 | 98 120 | 100 121 | 101 120 | 99 121 | 99 119 |
| State Officers | 891 | 890 | 882 | 877 | 875 | 868 | 879 | 863 | 877 | 887 | 695 | 676 |
| State Police Merit Board | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| State Police, Illinois | 2,831 | 2,823 | 2,824 | 2,810 | 2,801 | 2,802 | 2,749 | 2,751 | 2,750 | 2,733 | 2,722 | 2,712 |
| State Treasurer, Office of the | 158 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 164 | 165 | 164 | 169 | 168 | 169 | 168 | 171 |
| State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor | 66 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Student Assistance Commission, Illinois | 225 | 221 | 221 | 223 | 221 | 220 | 193 | 192 | 190 | 189 | 190 | 188 |
| Tax Tribunal, Illinois | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Teachers' Retirement System | 83 | 83 | 83 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 81 | 81 |
| Toll Highway Authority, Illinois State | 1,653 | 1,472 | 1,464 | 1,478 | 1,458 | 1,462 | 1,432 | 1,412 | 1,414 | 1,416 | 1,410 | 1,425 |
| Transportation, Department of | 5,372 | 5,350 | 5,099 | 5,113 | 5,941 | 6,480 | 6,428 | 6,423 | 6,170 | 5,275 | 5,156 | 5,044 |
| Unspecified Board or Commission | 35 | 35 | 34 | 26 | 25 | 1 225 | - | - | - | - 1 229 | - | 1 221 |
| Veterans Affairs, Department of Violence Prevention Authority, Illinois | 1,348 | 1,342 | 1,331 | 1,325 | 1,327 | 1,335 | 1,341 | 1,330 | 1,330 | 1,328 | 1,334 | 1,331 |
| | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 176 | 161 | 161 | 160 | 162 | 160 | 158 | 160 | 150 | 160 | 150 | 160 |
| Workers' Compensation Commission, Illinois | 176 | 161 | 161 | 160 | 162 | 160 | 158 | 160 | 159 | 160 | 159 | 160 |
| | 176 61,994 | 161 62,058 | 161 61,165 | 160 60,583 | 162 61,492 | 160 61,872 | 158 61,239 | 160 61,360 | 159 61,073 | 160 60,195 | 159 60,105 | 160 60,304 |

| | | | FY 2015 S | FY 2015 SERS HEADCOUNT TRACKER | DCOUNT | TRACKER | ~ | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|--------------|---------|------------|--------|
| Department | <u>July</u> | <u>August</u> S | September (| October N | ovember D | December | January I | February | <u>March</u> | April | <u>May</u> | June |
| Governor | 219 | 232 | 234 | 228 | 226 | 227 | 205 | 185 | 187 | 187 | 180 | 177 |
| Lt. Governor | 7 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 80 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 12 | 14 | 14 |
| Secretary of State | 3,952 | 3,937 | 3,942 | 3,873 | 3,860 | 3,873 | 3,850 | 3,747 | 3,839 | 3,853 | 3,866 | 3,852 |
| Comptroller | 226 | 228 | 228 | 230 | 228 | 231 | 227 | 231 | 231 | 232 | 231 | 228 |
| Treasurer | 170 | 167 | 163 | 163 | 164 | 161 | 162 | 156 | 157 | 152 | 152 | 154 |
| Attorney General | 743 | 736 | 734 | 740 | 739 | 740 | 742 | 744 | 746 | 754 | 755 | 755 |
| Board of Education | 112 | 112 | 112 | 109 | 107 | 106 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 102 | 100 | 98 |
| Court of Claims | 631 | 641 | 647 | 644 | 643 | 509 | 632 | 637 | 640 | 639 | 642 | 642 |
| General Assembly | 714 | 712 | 682 | 664 | 678 | 618 | 615 | 706 | 735 | 734 | 721 | 714 |
| Human Services | 13,107 | 13,090 | 13,277 | 13,526 | 13,572 | 13,471 | 13,114 | 13, 120 | 13,598 | 13,647 | 13,656 | 13,556 |
| Agriculture | 486 | 527 | 822 | 615 | 400 | 355 | 342 | 331 | 338 | 337 | 337 | 360 |
| Natural Resources | 1,599 | 1,596 | 1,610 | 1,505 | 1,429 | 1,337 | 1,275 | 1,212 | 1,292 | 1,298 | 1,385 | 1,508 |
| Financial and Professional Regulation | 692 | 686 | 701 | 700 | 698 | 700 | 693 | 668 | 692 | 684 | 685 | 688 |
| Labor | 91 | 92 | 93 | 93 | 96 | 94 | 93 | 93 | 95 | 92 | 94 | 93 |
| DCFS | 2,713 | 2,676 | 2,697 | 2,712 | 2,694 | 2,636 | 2,601 | 2,636 | 2,666 | 2,669 | 2,667 | 2,671 |
| Comptroller - Court Reporters | 605 | 605 | 609 | 613 | 621 | 622 | 614 | 615 | 618 | 616 | 614 | 610 |
| Auditor General | 94 | 93 | 92 | 92 | 90 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 89 |
| Public Health | 1,165 | 1,194 | 1,196 | 1,200 | 1,208 | 1,191 | 1,212 | 1,199 | 1,206 | 1,201 | 1,201 | 1,200 |
| State Police | 2,730 | 2,714 | 2,707 | 2,764 | 2,754 | 2,742 | 2,697 | 2,697 | 2,704 | 2,706 | 2,701 | 2,685 |
| Transportation | 5,796 | 5,713 | 5,731 | 5,566 | 5,434 | 6,629 | 6,592 | 6,617 | 6,829 | 6,795 | 5,734 | 5,341 |
| Revenue | 1,790 | 1,786 | 1,789 | 1,762 | 1,783 | 1,756 | 1,716 | 1,713 | 1,736 | 1,725 | 1,718 | 1,709 |
| Juvenile Justice | 1,050 | 1,031 | 1,031 | 1,068 | 1,045 | 1,026 | 1,000 | 985 | 1,013 | 1,037 | 1,038 | 1,045 |
| Corrections | 11,426 | 11,270 | 11,388 | 11,578 | 11,451 | 11,077 | 11,135 | 11, 147 | 11,458 | 11,587 | 11,705 | 11,835 |
| Civil Service Commission | ŝ | ŝ | 33 | б | 3 | 33 | ŝ | ю | 33 | 33 | ŝ | ŝ |
| Commerce Commission | 234 | 234 | 231 | 230 | 232 | 232 | 233 | 230 | 231 | 227 | 229 | 224 |
| Public Aid | 2,187 | 2,171 | 2,194 | 2,203 | 2,177 | 2,171 | 2,154 | 2,129 | 2,141 | 2,149 | 2,152 | 2,137 |
| Veterans Affairs | 1,450 | 1,428 | 1,437 | 1,451 | 1,445 | 1,382 | 1,346 | 1,315 | 1,411 | 1,411 | 1,411 | 1,411 |
| Military Affairs | 216 | 216 | 216 | 219 | 219 | 219 | 217 | 218 | 213 | 216 | 217 | 215 |
| CMS | 1,283 | 1,276 | 1,282 | 1,305 | 1,306 | 1,292 | 1,288 | 1,242 | 1,345 | 1,267 | 1,270 | 1,258 |
| DCEO | 375 | 368 | 375 | 379 | 381 | 377 | 373 | 336 | 337 | 340 | 339 | 334 |
| Nuclear Safety | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Employment Security | 1,210 | 1,200 | 1,201 | 1,206 | 1,217 | 1,181 | 1,161 | 1,169 | 1,185 | 1,192 | 1,208 | 1,211 |
| Lottery | 137 | 137 | 138 | 139 | 139 | 137 | 129 | 127 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 133 |
| EPA | 850 | 851 | 848 | 833 | 828 | 822 | 808 | 803 | 808 | 806 | 806 | 797 |
| Aging | 139 | 140 | 143 | 147 | 148 | 158 | 155 | 147 | 149 | 150 | 151 | 148 |
| Historic Preservation | 212 | 205 | 202 | 191 | 177 | 161 | 153 | 151 | 151 | 150 | 148 | 160 |
| Human Rights | 144 | 141 | 138 | 139 | 136 | 133 | 139 | 137 | 140 | 139 | 139 | 139 |
| Miscellaneous Boards and Commissions | 4,053 | 4,017 | 4,029 | 4,046 | 4,043 | 3,958 | 3,928 | 3,857 | 3,913 | 3,920 | 3,929 | 3,896 |
| Total | 62.612 | 62.235 | 62.931 | 62.944 | 62.379 | 62.424 | 61.804 | 61.507 | 63.144 | (3.250) | 62.419 | 62.091 |
| Source: SERS | | 30- (= A | | | | | | 10006400 | | | (- A | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | R.Y. | 7 2014 SF | FY 2014 SERS HEADCOIN' | ř. | TRACKER | ~ | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|--------|-----------|------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------|
| Department | <u>July</u> | <u>August</u> S | eptember | <u>October</u> N | | ecember . | January <u>F</u> | Rebruary | <u>March</u> | <u>April</u> | <u>May</u> | June |
| Governor | 204 | 209 | 209 | 213 | 216 | 221 | 213 | 210 | 212 | 212 | 216 | 216 |
| Lt. Governor | 15 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Secretary of State | 3,824 | 3,853 | 3,832 | 3,769 | 3,805 | 3,804 | 3,796 | 3,703 | 3,696 | 3,722 | 3,808 | 3,809 |
| Comptroller | 231 | 230 | 231 | 234 | 233 | 231 | 230 | 232 | 231 | 230 | 225 | 225 |
| Treasurer | 176 | 178 | 180 | 177 | 177 | 177 | 174 | 172 | 172 | 173 | 170 | 170 |
| Attorney General | 734 | 735 | 736 | 746 | 745 | 741 | 732 | 736 | 740 | 741 | 740 | 740 |
| Board of Education | 118 | 123 | 121 | 119 | 120 | 116 | 113 | 113 | 111 | 109 | 108 | 108 |
| Court of Claims | 640 | 645 | 652 | 645 | 638 | 512 | 631 | 633 | 635 | 643 | 628 | 628 |
| General Assembly | 616 | 732 | 721 | 727 | 725 | 607 | 636 | 713 | 622 | 744 | 621 | 621 |
| Human Services | 11,966 | 12,073 | 12,219 | 12,053 | 12,338 | 11,954 | 12,095 | 12,152 | 12,057 | 12,099 | 12,296 | 12,297 |
| Agriculture | 430 | 473 | 606 | 621 | 373 | 345 | 339 | 344 | 347 | 337 | 351 | 351 |
| Natural Resources | 1,470 | 1,488 | 1,468 | 1,383 | 1,362 | 1,263 | 1,212 | 1,227 | 1,202 | 1,224 | 1,278 | 1,278 |
| Financial and Professional Regulation | 656 | 663 | 629 | 671 | 684 | 069 | 688 | 683 | 684 | 683 | 686 | 686 |
| Labor | 94 | 95 | 94 | 93 | 91 | 89 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 84 | 90 | 90 |
| DCFS | 2,771 | 2,786 | 2,722 | 2,746 | 2,725 | 2,658 | 2,629 | 2,571 | 2,641 | 2,609 | 2,116 | 2,116 |
| Comptroller - Court Reporters | 604 | 606 | 604 | 603 | 604 | 609 | 603 | 605 | 605 | 605 | 605 | 605 |
| Auditor General | 66 | 66 | 100 | 66 | 66 | 96 | 96 | 95 | 93 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Public Health | 1,107 | 1,112 | 1,060 | 1,114 | 1,135 | 1,133 | 1,126 | 1,107 | 1,114 | 1,128 | 1, 144 | 1,144 |
| State Police | 2,762 | 2,758 | 2,748 | 2,726 | 2,721 | 2,739 | 2,715 | 2,783 | 2,782 | 2,765 | 2,725 | 2,729 |
| Transportation | 4,994 | 5,933 | 5,851 | 5,643 | 5,628 | 6,744 | 6,658 | 6,880 | 6,610 | 5,637 | 5,432 | 5,434 |
| Revenue | 1,795 | 1,813 | 1,751 | 1,781 | 1,802 | 1,782 | 1,756 | 1,778 | 1,801 | 1,794 | 1,769 | 1,768 |
| Juvenile Justice | 983 | 987 | 1,060 | 696 | 993 | 941 | 956 | 973 | 970 | 985 | 969 | 696 |
| Corrections | 11,236 | 11,281 | 11,296 | 11,207 | 11,263 | 10,964 | 10,881 | 10,907 | 10,889 | 10,985 | 10,900 | 10,900 |
| Civil Service Commission | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | ŝ | ŝ | ω | ŝ | 33 |
| Commerce Commission | 239 | 240 | 241 | 241 | 246 | 243 | 242 | 241 | 238 | 240 | 236 | 236 |
| Public Aid | 2,182 | 2,195 | 2,107 | 2,211 | 2,221 | 2,192 | 2,175 | 2,156 | 2,154 | 2,154 | 2,173 | 2,173 |
| Veterans Affairs | 1,384 | 1,388 | 1,348 | 1,375 | 1,352 | 1,313 | 1,322 | 1,335 | 1,317 | 1,333 | 1,369 | 1,369 |
| Military Affairs | 221 | 225 | 219 | 223 | 223 | 220 | 215 | 218 | 215 | 213 | 215 | 215 |
| CMS | 1,336 | 1,346 | 1,292 | 1,326 | 1,370 | 1,318 | 1,306 | 1,285 | 1,288 | 1,267 | 1,270 | 1,271 |
| DCEO | 381 | 383 | 375 | 378 | 380 | 383 | 378 | 375 | 377 | 377 | 374 | 374 |
| Nuclear Safety | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Employment Security | 1,313 | 1,312 | 1,292 | 1,290 | 1,282 | 1,242 | 1,228 | 1,216 | 1,217 | 1,224 | 1,210 | 1,210 |
| Lottery | 143 | 143 | 140 | 143 | 140 | 141 | 140 | 143 | 138 | 142 | 135 | 135 |
| EPA | 839 | 859 | 858 | 837 | 838 | 838 | 820 | 825 | 820 | 805 | 829 | 829 |
| Aging | 144 | 144 | 135 | 141 | 137 | 136 | 137 | 136 | 135 | 133 | 138 | 138 |
| Historic Preservation | 225 | 226 | 226 | 216 | 214 | 180 | 172 | 170 | 169 | 172 | 183 | 183 |
| Human Rights | 138 | 143 | 138 | 144 | 144 | 142 | 136 | 137 | 142 | 143 | 141 | 141 |
| Miscellaneous Boards and Commissions | 4,019 | 4,077 | 4,021 | 4,007 | 4,035 | 3,956 | 3,960 | 3,944 | 3,966 | 3,940 | 3,970 | 3,994 |
| Total | 60.094 | 61.573 | 61.634 | 60.888 | 61.076 | 60.736 | 60.612 | 60.898 | 60.490 | 59.754 | 59.222 | 59.254 |
| Source: SERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | FY | 2013 SE | FY 2013 SERS HEADCOUN | È | TRACKER | ~ | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| Department | <u>July</u> | <u>August Sc</u> | <u>ptember</u> | <u> October</u> N | <u>ovember</u> D | ecember . | lanuary <u>H</u> | ⁷ ebruar <u>y</u> | <u>March</u> | <u>April</u> | <u>May</u> | <u>June</u> |
| Governor | 184 | 192 | 192 | 188 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 198 | 196 | 197 | 203 | 207 |
| Lt. Governor | 20 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 18 | 16 | 17 | 16 | 15 |
| Secretary of State | 3,797 | 3,758 | 3,686 | 3,792 | 3,794 | 3,788 | 3,753 | 3,658 | 3,747 | 3,730 | 3,741 | 3,777 |
| Comptroller | 228 | 227 | 228 | 227 | 230 | 231 | 231 | 233 | 233 | 233 | 234 | 235 |
| Treasurer | 171 | 168 | 163 | 159 | 161 | 159 | 164 | 168 | 170 | 169 | 168 | 178 |
| Attorney General | 728 | 724 | 734 | 736 | 734 | 724 | 720 | 720 | 734 | 735 | 736 | 740 |
| Board of Education | 120 | 131 | 128 | 123 | 121 | 120 | 120 | 122 | 122 | 122 | 122 | 120 |
| Court of Claims | 525 | 654 | 644 | 675 | 662 | 523 | 626 | 644 | 648 | 650 | 645 | 646 |
| General Assembly | 474 | 550 | 648 | 519 | 604 | 611 | 604 | 746 | 753 | 741 | 628 | 732 |
| Human Services | 11,837 | 11,904 | 11,730 | 12,258 | 12,139 | 11,423 | 11,787 | 11,308 | 11,785 | 11,755 | 11,813 | 11,939 |
| Agriculture | 347 | 345 | 344 | 368 | 346 | 339 | 329 | 329 | 332 | 329 | 349 | 403 |
| Natural Resources | 1,350 | 1,282 | 1,232 | 1,223 | 1,161 | 1,198 | 1,069 | 1,138 | 1,152 | 1,182 | 1,204 | 1,447 |
| Financial and Professional Regulation | 687 | 687 | 691 | 669 | 694 | 695 | 679 | 999 | 665 | 651 | 652 | 660 |
| Labor | 91 | 91 | 94 | 95 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 06 | 89 | 92 |
| DCFS | 2,823 | 2,669 | 2,854 | 2,845 | 2,827 | 2,789 | 2,784 | 2,578 | 2,743 | 2,730 | 2,755 | 2,791 |
| Comptroller - Court Reporters | 603 | 603 | 605 | 605 | 605 | 909 | 599 | 601 | 605 | 605 | 598 | 606 |
| Auditor General | 101 | 66 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 66 | 96 | 70 | 95 | 93 | 92 | 100 |
| Public Health | 1,053 | 1,050 | 1,065 | 1,096 | 1,092 | 1,095 | 1,090 | 1,091 | 1,091 | 1,094 | 1,103 | 1,132 |
| State Police | 2,762 | 2,753 | 2,740 | 2,796 | 2,772 | 2,752 | 2,683 | 2,741 | 2,742 | 2,742 | 2,722 | 2,780 |
| Transportation | 4,459 | 5,573 | 5,489 | 5,553 | 5,757 | 6,558 | 6,699 | 6,606 | 7,112 | 6,269 | 5,588 | 5,876 |
| Revenue | 1,613 | 1,717 | 1,657 | 1,689 | 1,650 | 1,692 | 1,740 | 1,724 | 1,772 | 1,773 | 1,781 | 1,801 |
| Juvenile Justice | 1,137 | 1,123 | 1,137 | 1,170 | 1,147 | 1,129 | 1,041 | 1,070 | 985 | 616 | 963 | 1,001 |
| Corrections | 10,940 | 10,993 | 10,989 | 11,415 | 11,085 | 10,979 | 10,787 | 11,025 | 11,363 | 11,294 | 10,927 | 11,339 |
| Civil Service Commission | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Commerce Commission | 247 | 252 | 253 | 251 | 252 | 250 | 246 | 245 | 244 | 242 | 242 | 241 |
| Public Aid | 2,081 | 2,117 | 2, 129 | 2,160 | 2,157 | 2,185 | 2,163 | 2,133 | 2,172 | 2,163 | 2,202 | 2,180 |
| Veterans Affairs | 1,326 | 1,328 | 1,296 | 1,390 | 1,329 | 1,286 | 1,309 | 1,310 | 1,385 | 1,380 | 1,303 | 1,385 |
| Military Affairs | 231 | 229 | 231 | 226 | 221 | 220 | 220 | 225 | 228 | 221 | 223 | 225 |
| CMS | 1,298 | 1,341 | 1,376 | 1,393 | 1,385 | 1,390 | 1,369 | 1,357 | 1,384 | 1,348 | 1,350 | 1,347 |
| DCEO | 398 | 386 | 391 | 394 | 394 | 389 | 384 | 378 | 382 | 379 | 382 | 375 |
| Nuclear Safety | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Employment Security | 1,767 | 1,721 | 1,755 | 1,644 | 1,571 | 1,541 | 1,498 | 1,484 | 1,471 | 1,445 | 1,297 | 1,292 |
| Lottery | 141 | 139 | 141 | 143 | 142 | 138 | 138 | 140 | 138 | 142 | 137 | 139 |
| EPA | 863 | 826 | 864 | 862 | 855 | 853 | 838 | 840 | 842 | 838 | 837 | 858 |
| Aging | 128 | 110 | 135 | 135 | 136 | 136 | 133 | 133 | 132 | 143 | 144 | 144 |
| Historic Preservation | 157 | 189 | 238 | 228 | 194 | 176 | 172 | 168 | 168 | 171 | 187 | 221 |
| Human Rights | 135 | 136 | 139 | 135 | 132 | 131 | 132 | 132 | 139 | 132 | 141 | 143 |
| Miscellaneous Boards and Commissions | 3,790 | 3,885 | 3,948 | 3,994 | 3,978 | 3,963 | 3,962 | 3,946 | 3,976 | 3,966 | 3,949 | 4,037 |
| Total | 58,617 | 59,978 | 60,071 | 61, 309 | 60,736 | 60,478 | 60,476 | 60,069 | 61,819 | 60,755 | 59,528 | 61,209 |
| Source: SERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | FY | 2012 SE | FY 2012 SERS HEADCOUN | COUNT | TRACKER | 2 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| Department | <u>July</u> | <u>August Sc</u> | ptember (| <u>October</u> N | ovember D | ecember . | January <u>H</u> | r <mark>ebruary</mark> | <u>March</u> | <u>April</u> | <u>May</u> | <u>June</u> |
| Governor | 187 | 185 | 184 | 185 | 185 | 184 | 191 | 190 | 191 | 188 | 184 | 188 |
| Lt. Governor | 20 | 21 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Secretary of State | 4,232 | 4,214 | 3,965 | 3,747 | 3,770 | 4,011 | 3,880 | 3,879 | 3,968 | 3,868 | 3,962 | 3,840 |
| Comptroller | 242 | 241 | 238 | 239 | 239 | 237 | 238 | 240 | 239 | 241 | 242 | 227 |
| Treasurer | 177 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 176 | 174 | 173 | 171 | 171 | 171 | 172 | 170 |
| Attorney General | 725 | 723 | 732 | 733 | 737 | 733 | 739 | 734 | 733 | 732 | 739 | 730 |
| Board of Education | 138 | 138 | 133 | 132 | 134 | 134 | 126 | 127 | 126 | 125 | 123 | 124 |
| Court of Claims | 647 | 642 | 636 | 642 | 648 | 527 | 646 | 651 | 646 | 645 | 648 | 664 |
| House Senate Code Officers | 735 | 721 | 719 | 692 | <i>1</i> 0 <i>1</i> | 592 | 567 | 708 | 584 | 707 | 606 | 710 |
| Human Services | 13,979 | 13,834 | 13,659 | 13,312 | 13,313 | 13,495 | 12,689 | 12,697 | 13,078 | 12,413 | 12,911 | 12,153 |
| Agriculture | 443 | 464 | 483 | 402 | 385 | 392 | 386 | 392 | 389 | 392 | 401 | 405 |
| Natural Resources | 1,548 | 1,530 | 1,474 | 1,421 | 1,344 | 1,338 | 1,232 | 1,229 | 1,218 | 1,224 | 1,294 | 1,322 |
| Financial and Professional Regulation | 727 | 728 | 728 | 734 | 733 | 733 | 705 | 712 | 736 | 718 | 734 | 722 |
| Labor | 82 | 93 | 92 | 94 | 93 | 93 | 92 | 91 | 89 | 87 | 91 | 90 |
| DCFS | 2,970 | 2,942 | 2,944 | 2,948 | 2,949 | 2,962 | 2,861 | 2,838 | 2,927 | 2,888 | 2,957 | 2,292 |
| Comptroller - Court Reporters | 619 | 618 | 614 | 616 | 615 | 610 | 608 | 609 | 607 | 608 | 610 | 605 |
| Auditor General | 100 | 76 | 95 | 92 | 91 | 90 | 96 | 76 | 76 | 97 | 96 | 103 |
| Public Health | 1,127 | 1,116 | 1,117 | 1,123 | 1,117 | 1,115 | 1,066 | 1,074 | 1,096 | 1,074 | 1,101 | 1,082 |
| State Police | 3,004 | 2,990 | 2,981 | 2,980 | 2,973 | 2,973 | 2,733 | 2,791 | 2,849 | 2,821 | 2,870 | 2,776 |
| Transportation | 5,868 | 5,823 | 5,610 | 5,627 | 5,729 | 6,679 | 6,702 | 6,715 | 6,558 | 5,627 | 5,682 | 5,819 |
| Revenue | 2,090 | 2,053 | 2,017 | 1,885 | 1,844 | 1,832 | 1,735 | 1,735 | 1,727 | 1,741 | 1,749 | 1,649 |
| Juvenile Justice | 1,279 | 1,268 | 1,220 | 1,125 | 1,221 | 1,250 | 1,188 | 1,223 | 1,206 | 1,181 | 1,207 | 1,183 |
| Corrections | 12,251 | 12,101 | 11,647 | 11,602 | 11,530 | 11,474 | 11,130 | 11,279 | 11,192 | 11,059 | 11,135 | 10,937 |
| Civil Service Commission | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Commerce Commission | 266 | 263 | 260 | 259 | 257 | 257 | 238 | 245 | 252 | 251 | 249 | 249 |
| Public Aid | 2,317 | 2,301 | 2,301 | 2,304 | 2,297 | 2,306 | 2,184 | 2,205 | 2,216 | 2,193 | 2,227 | 2,162 |
| Veterans Affairs | 1,384 | 1,383 | 1,327 | 1,333 | 1,353 | 1,414 | 1,339 | 1,316 | 1,318 | 1,320 | 1,445 | 1,342 |
| Military Affairs | 243 | 243 | 240 | 234 | 237 | 235 | 232 | 230 | 232 | 232 | 232 | 234 |
| CMS | 1,407 | 1,405 | 1,396 | 1,402 | 1,419 | 1,421 | 1,309 | 1,362 | 1,388 | 1,359 | 1,390 | 1,345 |
| DCEO | 432 | 418 | 414 | 413 | 407 | 408 | 396 | 382 | 407 | 403 | 416 | 401 |
| Nuclear Safety | 2 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Employment Security | 1,884 | 1,873 | 1,840 | 1,835 | 1,580 | 1,824 | 1,727 | 1,751 | 1,788 | 1,781 | 1,785 | 1,753 |
| Lottery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 129 | 151 | 149 | 135 | 141 | 144 | 147 | 146 | 139 |
| EPA | 926 | 915 | 912 | 913 | 914 | 916 | 885 | 869 | 881 | 882 | 880 | 876 |
| Aging | 150 | 150 | 148 | 150 | 150 | 151 | 145 | 147 | 142 | 140 | 139 | 132 |
| Historic Preservation | 244 | 238 | 233 | 236 | 202 | 188 | 181 | 180 | 179 | 177 | 238 | 241 |
| Human Rights | 151 | 150 | 148 | 147 | 146 | 144 | 140 | 137 | 137 | 136 | 138 | 138 |
| Miscellaneous Boards and Commissions | 4,019 | 3,979 | 3,970 | 3,973 | 2,797 | 3,977 | 3,945 | 3,855 | 3,957 | 3,960 | 3,970 | 3,909 |
| Total | 66,619 | 66,042 | 64,678 | 63,861 | 62,468 | 65,044 | 62,665 | 63,027 | 63,493 | 61,613 | 62,794 | 60,737 |
| Source: SERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

SECTION 5. STATE EMPLOYEES' GROUP INSURANCE

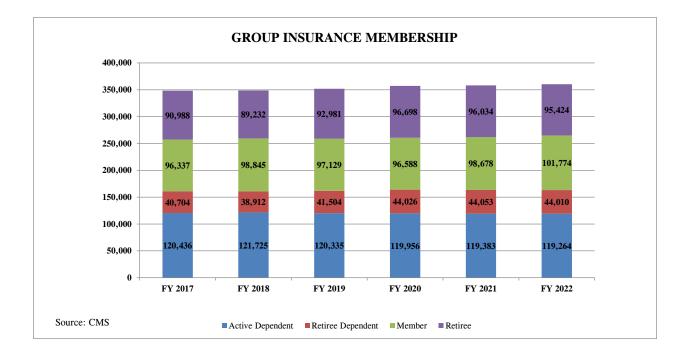
- Group Insurance Enrollment
- Group Insurance Appropriation and Liabilities
- Liability per Participant
- Group Insurance Liability Components
- Medicare
- Unpaid Bills Backlog



GROUP INSURANCE ENROLLMENT

According to CMS, as of February 2021, the State Employees' Group Health Insurance Program has an estimated 359,705 participants for FY 2021, of which 134,196 are in a non-Medicare Advantage HMO, 84,149 are in a Medicare Advantage HMO/PPO, 95,729 are in an Open Access Plan, and 44,074 are in the Quality Care Health Plan. The QCHP is estimated to have 15,993 employees, 12,204 active employee dependents, 6,038 retiree dependents, and 9,839 retirees in FY 2021. Traditional HMO plans are estimated to have 49,345 employees, 62,509 active employee dependents, 10,321 retiree dependents, and 12,021 retirees in FY 2021. The CDHP is estimated to have 767 active employees and 790 active employee dependents. Medicare Advantage plans in FY 2021 include 19,443 dependents and 64,501 retirees. OAPs are anticipated to have 33,340 employees, 44,670 active employee dependents, 8,046 retiree dependents, and 9,673 retirees in FY 2021.

For FY 2022, the QCHP is estimated to have 16,170 employees, 12,011 active employee dependents, 5,453 retiree dependents, and 8,783 retirees. Medicare advantage HMO/PPO plans are expected to have 20,697 dependents and 67,300 retirees. Non-Medicare Advantage HMO Plans are expected to have 50,808 employees, 61,136 active dependent lives, 9,817 retiree dependents, and 9,829 retirees. OAPs are expected to have 34,796 employees, 46,117 active dependents, 8,043 retiree dependents, and 9,512 retirees in FY 2022. The new Consumer Driven Health plan is projected to have 1,434 employees and 1,497 active employee dependents, which are primarily assumed to come from existing HMO plans. Total FY 2022 membership is expected to increase 1.0% from 359,705 to 363,403.



The Consumer Driven Health plan (CDHP) is a new plan developed by CMS that functions as a High-Deductible Health Plan. This type of health plan is characterized by low monthly premiums for members, but significantly higher deductibles than the other plans currently offered by the State before services (from hospitals, providers, etc.) are disbursed. This type of plan is intended for current employees and dependents rather than retirees and will work in conjunction with an option for a Health Savings Account that SEGIP members can set up to save for expenses or deductibles for the CDHP by setting aside money from their paychecks before any tax deductions are taken.

The movement of eligible retirees and dependents into a system of Medicare Advantage plans has continued from previous fiscal years and is expected to proceed accordingly in FY 2022. These plans were set forth in an effort to save the State money as well as to provide quality service and care for retirees and their dependents. A Health Alliance HMO plan for retirees and dependents was added in FY 2015. The table below shows the population figures involved with this program.

It is important to note that many of the 87,997 people projected to be covered in FY 2022 by a MA HMO or PPO plan came from the QCHP through labor negotiations that moved all members qualifying for Medicare Advantage to a MA PPO/HMO plan. As a result of these people being moved from QCHP into a MA HMO/PPO plan and the movement of people into a MA plan that would have otherwise stayed in the QCHP, the QCHP is forecasted to continue to be significantly more expensive on a per-person basis in the 2022 fiscal year and in future years. In regards to MA, there are two different HMO benefit plans being offered by Humana as Humana Benefit Plan 1 is intended for Livingston and Knox counties while Humana Benefit Plan 2 is a traditional open area Medicare Advantage plan.

| ME | DICARE ADVAN | TAGE PLANS | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| НМО/РРО | FY2020 # of Participants | FY2021 # of Participants | FY2022 # of Participants |
| Aetna HMO | 4,899 | 5,281 | 5,649 |
| Humana Benefit Plan HMO | 142 | 157 | 171 |
| Humana Health Plan HMO | 3,472 | 3,829 | 4,187 |
| Health Alliance HMO | 1,599 | 1,971 | 2,338 |
| United HealthCare PPO | 70,222 | 72,911 | 75,652 |
| TOTAL | 80,334 | 84,149 | 87,997 |
| *FY 2022 numbers are projected | l as of February 2021 | | |
| Source: CMS | | | |

GROUP INSURANCE APPROPRIATION AND LIABILITIES

The FY 2022 budget notes that \$1.851 billion in General Revenue Funds is appropriated to the Department of Central Management Services for the SEGIP for FY 2022. The FY 2021 appropriation request for the Group Health Insurance Program was \$1.857 billion in GRF. The FY 2022 budget also allocates approximately \$131 million (compared to \$172 million in FY 2021) from the Road Fund towards the provision of Group Health Insurance, a significant decrease. The table below shows the appropriation and liability history of the SEGIP from FY 2015 to FY 2022. For FY 2018, it is necessary to note the large one-time increase in Total Revenues from a bond of approximately \$4 billion issued in November 2017 to pay down the majority of group insurance held bills. This additional revenue is included in the Total Revenues entry for FY 2018. In addition, due to the timing of bond revenues, some additional funding was received in FY 2018. FY 2020 projected revenues include interfund borrowing intended for the same purpose.

The Commission's FY 2022 liability estimate is \$3.07 billion for group insurance liability, which is \$25 million higher than the FY 2021 estimate from CMS of \$3.04 billion (as of February 2021). The table on the next page shows a detailed comparison of the CGFA estimate for the various cost components and the CMS projection for FY 2022. These numbers reflect an increase of 1.5 and 0.8 percent respectively from the FY 2021 liability estimate from CMS of \$3.05 billion.

| GRF A | PPROPRIATION, RE | EVENUE, AND LIAB | BILITY HISTORY |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| |] | FY 2015-2022 | |
| | | (\$ Millions) | |
| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>GRF Appropriation</u> | <u>Total Revenues</u> | <u>CMS Liability*</u> |
| FY 2015 | \$1,665.4 | \$2,674.3 | \$2,764.2 |
| FY 2016 | \$5.0 | \$876.9 | \$2,811.2 |
| FY 2017 | \$0.0 | \$1,082.1 | \$2,872.0 |
| FY 2018 | \$1,340.0 | \$6,306.6 | \$3,149.8 |
| FY 2019 | \$2,176.2 | \$3,198.0 | \$3,108.6 |
| FY 2020 | \$2,440.2 | \$3,699.1 | \$3,078.6 |
| FY 2021 | \$1,856.5 | \$3,070.6 | \$3,045.6 |
| FY 2022 | \$1,851.5 | \$3,082.6 | \$3,070.6 |
| *Liability Estim | ated for FY 2022 | | |
| Source: CMS | | | |

SECTION 5. STATE EMPLOYEES' GROUP INSURANCE Page 83

The Department's estimate of liability for FY 2022 continues increases from prior years, including their projections for FY 2021. This increase in liability reflects traditional year-to-year cost increases due to inflation and other factors. Of particular interest this year are the increases in liability for the new Consumer Driven Health Plan and the Open Access Plan line, both of which are projected to increase significantly from FY 2021 to FY 2022.

While these components are increasing in cost at a higher amount and pace than traditional HMO coverage, numerous other lines are staying relatively flat or decreasing in terms of liability changes from FY 2021 to FY 2022. As in previous years, Mental Health, Vision, and Life Insurance lines are projected to stay substantially flat for both FY 2021 and FY 2022. This follows historical trends for the group insurance program. For 2022, most other liability lines are only changing slightly.

The Special Programs line in the table below continues to be an item of interest. Specifically, the total interest payments expected in the group insurance program in FY 2022 is expected to increase by approximately \$18 million from the 2021 fiscal year. While the state has been able to pay off a significant portion of its held bills and thereby reduce vouchers on hand accruing interest, it is uncertain what effect the COVID pandemic will have on liabilities as many people are able to access healthcare that had to be put "on hold" during part of the 2020-2021 calendar years to accommodate COVID patients and procedures.

| FY 2022 GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE LIABILITY | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Liability Component | (\$ Millions) FY 2021 CMS Estimate | FY 2022 CMS Estimate | FY 2022 CGFA Estimate | | | | | |
| QCHP Medical | \$366.5 | \$371.2 | \$373.2 | | | | | |
| QCHP Prescriptions | \$126.6 | \$125.1 | \$126.3 | | | | | |
| Dental (QCHP/MC) | \$110.3 | \$113.8 | \$114.0 | | | | | |
| НМО | \$1,081.8 | \$1,019.7 | \$1,023.7 | | | | | |
| Medicare Advantage HMO/PPO | \$174.6 | \$161.4 | \$162.4 | | | | | |
| Open Access Plan | \$891.3 | \$954.2 | \$961.1 | | | | | |
| Consumer Driven Health Plan (HDHP) | \$10.5 | \$20.5 | \$20.9 | | | | | |
| Mental Health | \$5.5 | \$5.6 | \$5.7 | | | | | |
| Vision | \$8.5 | \$8.6 | \$8.6 | | | | | |
| Administrative Services (QCHP) | \$17.6 | \$17.0 | \$17.4 | | | | | |
| Life | \$95.0 | \$98.2 | \$98.2 | | | | | |
| Special Programs* (Admin/Int./Other) | \$157.4 | \$175.4 | \$180.5 | | | | | |
| TOTAL | \$3,045.6 | \$3,070.7 | \$3,092.0 | | | | | |
| % increase | -1.1% | 0.8% | 1.5% | | | | | |

*FY 2021 and FY 2022 Special Programs line includes Prompt and Timely Payment Interest.

Rounding may cause slight differences.

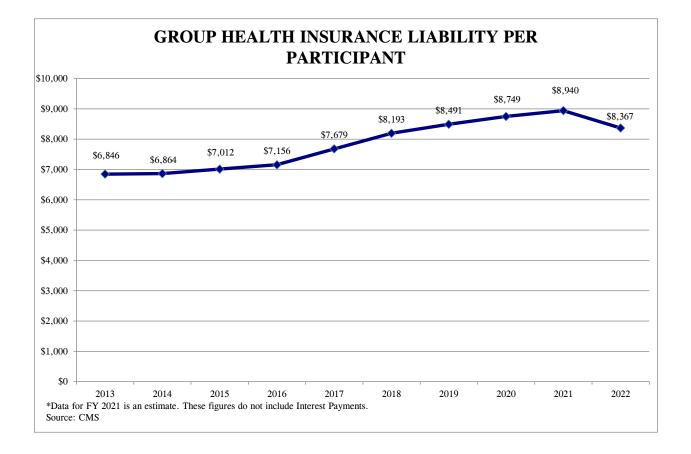
Source: CMS, CGFA

The following table illustrates the cost components for the Group Health Insurance Program from FY 2013 through FY 2022 (projected). From a high of \$274 million in FY 2018, interest payments are projected to amount to \$30 million in FY 2022. Though slightly higher than the \$25 million projected in this category in FY 2021, this is the one of the lowest amount of interest projected to be paid out by the state in over a decade. Such a low projected amount for total interest payments reflects an expectation of timely payment of state vouchers by insurance companies, individual providers, and others submitting claims to the state. However, this success is tempered by the continued increase in administrative costs to the state since FY 2016. From \$53 million in FY 2016, this particular liability is projected to reach \$145 million in FY 2022 (a projected decrease of \$13 million from FY 2021). At this point, the full impact of the Consumer Driven Health Plan (CDHP) on overall state liabilities is uncertain, though it is expected to grow significantly in FY 2022 compared to FY 2021. CMS has indicated they expect an impact on liabilities, as the CDHP provides savings to Illinois compared to existing plans while providing savings to the expected individual users in the form of significantly lower premiums. While the consumer savings are predicated on low utilization of plan benefits, many of the expected younger users of these plans do not typically require the extensive medical services (apart from a yearly physical) utilized by participants in the other plans offered, such as the Quality Care Health Plan (QCHP).

| HISTORICAL GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE LIABILITY | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| (\$ Millions) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liability Component | FY 2013 | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022* |
| QCHP Medical/Rx | \$731 | \$598 | \$493 | \$488 | \$482 | \$510 | \$519 | \$498 | \$493 | \$496 |
| HMO Medical | \$894 | \$910 | \$917 | \$934 | \$975 | \$1,036 | \$1,067 | \$1,088 | \$1,082 | \$1,020 |
| Medicare Advantage | \$0 | \$62 | \$154 | \$168 | \$183 | \$200 | \$197 | \$188 | \$175 | \$161 |
| Dental | \$118 | \$118 | \$118 | \$115 | \$110 | \$115 | \$121 | \$107 | \$110 | \$114 |
| Open Access Plan | \$582 | \$616 | \$657 | \$670 | \$702 | \$773 | \$845 | \$842 | \$891 | \$954 |
| CDHP | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10 | \$20 |
| QC Mental Health | \$7 | \$7 | \$5 | \$5 | \$5 | \$6 | \$6 | \$6 | \$6 | \$6 |
| Vision | \$12 | \$11 | \$11 | \$8 | \$8 | \$8 | \$8 | \$8 | \$9 | \$9 |
| Life Insurance | \$84 | \$88 | \$95 | \$91 | \$90 | \$90 | \$88 | \$92 | \$95 | \$98 |
| QC ASC | \$32 | \$26 | \$19 | \$18 | \$17 | \$18 | \$17 | \$18 | \$18 | \$17 |
| Interest Payments | \$112 | \$130 | \$221 | \$262 | \$195 | \$274 | \$105 | \$73 | \$25 | \$30 |
| Admin/Other | \$15 | \$48 | \$73 | \$53 | \$103 | \$120 | \$137 | \$159 | \$132 | \$145 |
| Total | \$2,587 | \$2,614 | \$2,764 | \$2,812 | \$2,870 | \$3,150 | \$3,110 | \$3,079 | \$3,046 | \$3,070 |
| % change | 6.0% | 1.0% | 5.7% | 1.7% | 2.1% | 9.7% | -1.3% | -1.0% | -1.1% | 0.8% |
| * Estimate, Rounding causes slight differences in totals. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Source: CMS | | | | | | | | | | |

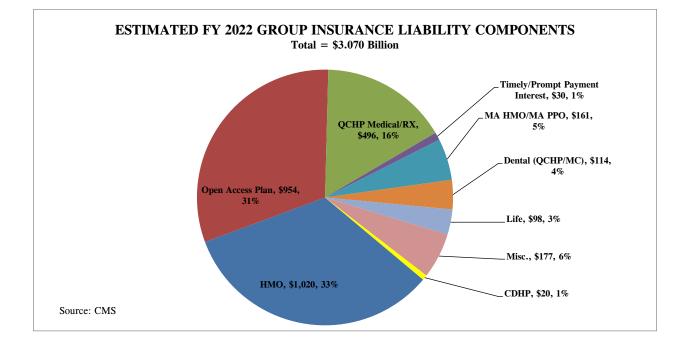
LIABILITY PER PARTICIPANT

The liability per participant in the State Employees' Group Insurance Program is the total of the State's liability across all participants. The following chart shows the steady increase each year in liability per participant. In FY 2013, the annual liability per participant in the group health insurance program was \$6,846. According to CMS, the estimated liability per participant for FY 2022 is \$8,367, a 22% increase from the FY 2013 liability per participant. However, the liability per participant is expected to decrease 6.4% from FY 2021 to FY 2022. If this comes to pass, it would be the first decrease in over a decade. It is necessary to note that this is only a projection and that the full impact of cost saving measures such as the CDHP have not been fully actualized. In regards to the liability pressures exerted by interest payments on state group insurance bills, the bonding out of most of that backlog has alleviated a significant portion of that particular budgetary inflation pressure source and the expected federal COVID stimulus funding is anticipated to lower these pressures further still. In order to better demonstrate the increase in liability over time, the portion of liability resulting from interest payments has been removed for this chart.



GROUP INSURANCE LIABILITY COMPONENTS

The following chart includes the various components of the FY 2022 CMS liability estimate of \$3.070 billion. The largest component of the State Group Insurance Program is the State's managed care plans (HMOs, OAPs, and Medicare Advantage) representing 69% of total FY 2022 liability. The new CDHP is projected to amount to 1% of total FY 2022 liability. The QCHP component (16%) is slightly lower than in FY 2020 (17%) and includes medical/prescriptions, mental health coverage, and administrative service charges. Dental care and life insurance comprise 7% of total liability. The remaining components, including various administrative service costs, comprise the remaining 7% of total FY 2022 liability.



SECTION 5. STATE EMPLOYEES' GROUP INSURANCE Page 87

MEDICARE

Medicare is a federal health insurance program designed specifically for individuals who are 65 years of age or older, certain younger people with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease. Traditionally, Medicare has been broken out into four specific parts: A, B, C, and D. Part A of Medicare refers to hospital insurance, which would cover inpatient hospital care, skilled nursing facility care, hospice care and some home health care. Part B of Medicare refers to general medical insurance, which would cover certain doctors' services, outpatient care, medical supplies, and preventative services. Part C of Medicare refers to the federally permitted Medicare refers to prescription drug coverage, which adds prescription drug coverage to original Medicare, some Medicare Cost plans, some Medicare private fee-for-service plans, and Medical Savings Accounts (MSAs). Medicare offers coverage at an 80-20 split, where individuals are responsible for 20 percent of medical costs in Parts A and B after deductibles and co-payments have been met.

Individuals may be automatically enrolled in Medicare depending on certain conditions:

- 1. If they are getting Social Security (SS) or Railroad Retirement Board (RRB) benefits
- 2. If they are under 65 years of age and disabled
- 3. If they have Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)
- 4. If they live in Puerto Rico and receive SS or RRB benefits

If these conditions do not apply, individuals must apply for Parts A and B of Medicare online, in person or via a toll-free telephone number. Medicare premiums are automatically deducted from an individual's Social Security, Railroad Retirement, or Civil Service Retirement check. If an individual does not receive the aforementioned payments, Medicare will send a bill for the insurance premium quarterly.

Medicare Advantage

Medicare Advantage plans are typically classified under Part C of the traditional Medicare sections. In comparison to traditional Medicare coverage for types A and B (and also D, in some cases), Medicare Advantage is primarily a type of plan that is offered by private companies that contract with Medicare to provide Parts A and B benefits. In addition, Medicare Advantage plans may also contain prescription drug coverage.

Generally, Medicare Advantage plans include Health Management Organizations (HMOs), Preferred Provider Organization (PPOs), Fee for Service (FFS), Special Needs and Medical Savings Account plans. As a result of the variety of organizations participating in Medicare Advantage, the plans offered by these organizations in place of traditional Medicare can vary significantly with the original product. Depending on the needs of consumers, MA plans can be limited by geographical area and costs incurred (deductibles, co-payments, etc.). Some MA plans cover a large area of the United States, while others only offer coverage in a much smaller in-state area. CMS has stated that the MA network put into place for Illinois retirees and dependents would have a "passive" component that would allow retirees and dependents to seek services at most, if not all, Medicare providers across the country.

Medicare for State Retirees

Citing a long-standing concern for rising costs, the State of Illinois and the employee unions representing State employees came to an agreement to restructure retiree and retiree dependent contributions for health insurance. After analysis by CMS, four separate Medicare Advantage plans were chosen for the state employee retirees. Aetna HMO, United HealthCare PPO, and two Humana Benefit Plans (both HMO) were selected. Health Alliance HMO was later selected to supplement Medicare Advantage plan coverage for retirees. At last count, the FY 2022 projected enrollment in this program totals 87,997 individuals, an increase of 3,848 (4.6%) from FY 2020. This is not expected to significantly change due to the relatively new CDHP, as that plan is available exclusively for current employees and their dependents.

UNPAID BILLS BACKLOG

Since at least 2015, the State Employee Group Insurance Program (SEGIP) had amassed a large backlog of unpaid claims, rising to \$5.2 billion at its height, partly due to the lack of an official state budget during much of that time to ensure payments on claims. After a budget was passed in 2017, this issue continued to be a problem as no additional funding was provided at the time to pay down the existing group insurance bill backlog. However, in November 2017, the State bonded out approximately \$4 billion to pay down group health insurance bills. This bonding brought the total unpaid bill backlog down significantly. Successful efforts have been made to continue the paying down of the total claims backlog.

As of the end of June 2021, the total bill backlog in the SEGIP stood at \$178 million. This does not include any bills awaiting payment at the Comptroller's office. The Comptroller's office has indicated that due to COVID stimulus funding, they expect to reduce the amount of unpaid bills to a nearly 30-day payment cycle, contingent on when they receive payment vouchers from CMS and other agencies. Of this total, the largest portion was approximately \$102 million of HMO/Medicare Advantage claims. The second largest portion was CVS/Caremark at \$29 million. Life Insurance claims were the third largest among the categories, totaling \$16 million. The estimated time for claims to be held by CMS is 97 days for Managed Care, 5 days for CVS/Caremark, and 97 days for Life Insurance. This information and other pertinent data is displayed on the chart on the next page. CMS has indicated that absent supplemental appropriations, approximately \$1 billion in unpaid bills will be held by CMS at the end of FY 2022.

As a result of the State Employees Group Insurance Program (SEGIP) building up a large backlog of unpaid claims from health care vendors, alternative options for payment have been explored. One option that has arisen in recent years is a program called the Vendor Payment Program (VPP), which is organized through the Department of Central Management Services (CMS).

Under the VPP, vendors for the state of Illinois who would otherwise receive prompt payment interest would instead partner with a "qualified purchaser" who would purchase the outstanding claim from them. The vendor would receive approximately 90% of the total invoice owed to them with the other 10% paid to them once the qualified purchaser is paid by the state. The qualified purchaser would keep any interest paid out by the state on the voucher. However, because the State has not been able to pay vouchers without an appropriation, CMS switched to the Vendor Support Initiative program (VSI), which is procedurally similar to the Vendor Payment Program, but does not require a voucher to receive payment. As of the end of June 2021, approximately \$32 million in group insurance program vouchers was held through the VPP/VSI program from Blue Cross Blue Shield (\$30 million), Fidelity (<\$1 million), and

Humana (<\$1 million), among others (including non-health insurance companies) out of a total of \$116 million across all state invoices held by CMS.

| CLAIMS HOLD DATA FOR SEGIP (as of June 30, 2021) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (d5 01 50 | Length of Claims | Interest Owed (Including | | | | | | |
| Vendor | Claims Hold | Hold (in days) | Past Due Interest) | | | | | | |
| Aetna PPO | \$0 | 101 | \$532,092 | | | | | | |
| Dental Claims Hold – PPO | \$16,932,411 | 66 | \$148,159 | | | | | | |
| Dental - Non-PPO | \$9,446,199 | 143 | \$264,494 | | | | | | |
| Magellan (Mental Health) Claims | \$0 | 45 | \$1,274 | | | | | | |
| Aetna/Coventry HMO | \$7,092,352 | 97 | \$77,465 | | | | | | |
| Health Alliance HMO | \$51,622,651 | 97 | \$792,334 | | | | | | |
| HMO Illinois | \$21,487,539 | 97 | \$237,554 | | | | | | |
| Blue Advantage | \$8,469,066 | 97 | \$91,166 | | | | | | |
| HealthLink OAP | \$0 | 101 | \$847,072 | | | | | | |
| Aetna/Coventry OAP | \$0 | 100 | \$354,474 | | | | | | |
| CVS/Caremark | \$29,424,631 | 5 | \$1,013,689 | | | | | | |
| Aetna/Coventry MA | \$944,832 | 97 | \$6,110 | | | | | | |
| Health Alliance MA | \$339,300 | 97 | \$2,187 | | | | | | |
| Humana Benefit Plan MA | \$24,636 | 97 | \$158 | | | | | | |
| Humana Health Plan MA | \$577,977 | 97 | \$3,753 | | | | | | |
| United Healthcare MA | \$11,272,414 | 97 | \$122,008 | | | | | | |
| Fidelity (Vision) | \$709,129 | 97 | \$4,693 | | | | | | |
| Minnesota Life | \$15,757,874 | 97 | \$0 | | | | | | |
| Other Fees (ASC/etc.) | \$3,487,365 | 5-117 | \$109,336 | | | | | | |
| Total | \$177,588,378 | 5-143 | \$4,608,019 | | | | | | |
| Source: CMS | | | | | | | | | |

SECTION 6. MEDICAID

- Medicaid Requirements
- Medicaid Enrollment
- Medicaid Liability per Participant
- Medicaid Liability
- Medicaid Funding



MEDICAID REQUIREMENTS

The Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (HFS) is the sole administrator of the State's Medicaid program. HFS serves as the State's largest insurer, insuring approximately 3.1 million people. Medicaid and related programs are authorized under Titles XIX and XXI of the Social Security Act. At the State level, Medicaid and related programs are guided by Article 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Children's Health Insurance Program Act, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, and other state laws. The laws and regulations that govern the Medicaid program are voluminous and complex. The items listed below are the basic requirements the State must follow in offering Medicaid.

(1) Operation. The Medicaid program must:

- Operate statewide.
- Provide beneficiaries freedom of choice of providers (enroll any willing and qualified provider).
- Provide comparable services to all members of each class of beneficiaries.
- Provide transportation to and from a source of medical care.
- Be overseen by a single State agency.

(2) Funding and payments. The Medicaid program generally must:

- Fund the State plan. Match rates vary by Medical program from 10% state match currently being required for newly eligible clients under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) to certain state-only funded programs requiring 100% of their funding from the State. The state match generally required for traditional Medicaid is currently just under 50% (excluding the temporary federal CARES Act increase due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Operate an automated claims processing system.
- Require most providers to submit claims within 6 months of the date of service (under State law).
- Pay claims timely. Clean claims for practitioners (including shared health facilities) 90% within 30 days of receipt; 99% within 90 days of receipt. All other clean claims must be paid within 12 months of receipt.
- Pay for services furnished in another State to the same extent that it would pay for services furnished within its boundaries.

(3) Populations. The Medicaid program must cover categorically needy individuals:

- Families who meet the AFDC eligibility requirements in effect on July 16, 1996.
- Children whose income is at or below 133% of the federal poverty guideline (FPL) as adjusted per the MAGI requirements of the PPACA.
- Caretakers (relatives or legal guardians who take care of children under 18 years of age).
- Pregnant women in families whose income is at or below 133% of the FPL as adjusted per the MAGI requirements of the PPACA.

- Persons who are aged, blind, or disabled who meet the AABD eligibility requirements in effect on January 1, 1972.
- Children for whom adoption assistance or foster care maintenance payments are made under Title IV-E.

And certain needs of the following special populations:

- Treatment of an emergency medical condition to certain undocumented non-citizens.
- Medicare premiums, deductibles and coinsurance for individuals whose income is at or below 100% of the FPL.
- Medicare premiums for individuals with income greater than 100% but less than 135% of the FPL.

A State need not cover medically needy persons, but if it elects to do so, it must cover:

- Pregnant women through a 60-day postpartum period.
- Children under age 18 years of age.
- Certain newborns for one year.
- Certain protected blind persons.

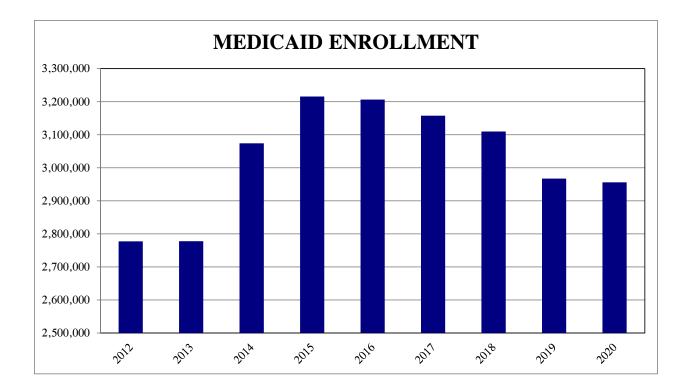
(4) Required services for categorically needy are entitled to the following services.

- Ambulatory services provided by rural health clinics and federally qualified health centers.
- Ambulatory services to presumptively eligible pregnant women.
- Early and periodic screening, diagnosis and treatment for individuals under 21 years of age.
- Emergency services to non-citizens.
- Family planning services and supplies.
- Home health, including home health aide, medical supplies, equipment and appliances, nursing services, physical, occupational and speech therapies, and audiology services.
- Inpatient hospital services (other than those provided in an institution for mental diseases).
- Medical and surgical services performed by a dentist.
- Nurse practitioner (pediatric and family only).
- Nurse-midwife services.
- Nursing facility and home health services for individuals 21 years of age and older.
- Outpatient hospital services.
- Other laboratory and x-ray services.
- Physician services.
- Pregnancy-related services and services for other conditions that might complicate pregnancy.

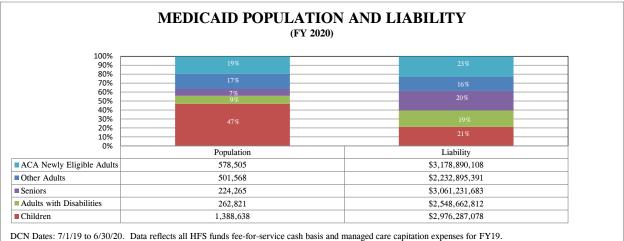
MEDICAID ENROLLMENT

As noted in previous years, the passage and implementation of the PPACA in Illinois had a significant impact on the Medicaid program. With the PPACA, adults between 19-64 years of age who have an income level at or below 133% of the federal poverty level (calculated per the requirements of the PPACA) qualify for Medicaid coverage. Medicaid enrollment in FY 2014 and FY 2015 increased significantly. However, enrollment began to decline in FY 2016 and has continued until recently due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Medicaid enrollment for FY 2020 was 2,955,797, a decline of 11,420 from FY 2019. The budgeted Medicaid enrollment for FY 2020. The numbers for FY 2021 are not final, as there is a three month lag in enrollment figures, so the final number is likely to change somewhat after the publication date of this budget summary.

The chart at the top of the next page examines historical Medicaid enrollment. In FY 2012, the average Illinois Medicaid population was 2,777,349. Since that time, the Medicaid population has grown partially due to eligibility expansions such as the PPACA, despite contracting since FY 2015. The most recent figures from FY 2020, pre-COVID-19 pandemic, place the average Medicaid population at 2,955,797, or 178,448 more people than the FY 2012 population. FY 2021 estimates are uncertain at this time due to the impact of COVID-19, as a number of independent variables outside state control are still being determined, such as economic impact due to the pandemic and possible resurgence of the virus in the future. Medicaid enrollment numbers have typically been reported three months late, given the requirement to offer retroactive eligibility for up to three months prior to application as appropriate. It is necessary to note that the FY 2014 and FY 2015 population numbers are mainly increased due to additional people entering the Medicaid system as a result of the PPACA expansion. Costs for individuals newly eligible under the PPACA was funded 100% by the federal government until calendar year 2017. At that time, under current law, the federal match rate gradually declines for that population to a minimum of 90% in calendar year 2020. This match rate minimum affected Illinois in the latter half of FY 2020, though this can be contrasted with a temporary matching rate increase of 6.2 percentage points expected to last until the end of the 2021 calendar year due to federal COVID-19 legislation. FY 2021 figures will be updated when the information is provided by HFS for the FY 2023 Budget Summary.



In order to better understand the components of the aggregate population figure of 2.96 million enrollees for FY 2020 and provide some insights for FY 2021-FY 2022, the chart below breaks the overall population figure into its component parts. The largest population group in FY 2020, accounting for 1,388,638 participants, was Children. According to state data, this group accounted for \$2.98 billion in claims-based liability expenditures. While only representing 16% of the overall Medicaid population, seniors and disabled accounted for 39% of overall Medicaid claims-based liability expenditures. The following chart compares overall FY 2020 claims-based liability expenditures by population category.



DCN Dates: 7/1/19 to 6/30/20. Data reflects all HFS funds fee-for-service cash basis and managed care capitation expenses for FY15 Includes spending from all HFS funds. Liability by group does not include partial benefits recipients. Source: HFS.

MEDICAID LIABILITY PER PARTICIPANT

Based on information provided to the Commission from HFS, it is apparent that the liability per participant for higher medical need seniors and adults with disabilities is significantly greater than for lower need adults and children. In fact, for the Adults with Disabilities category the liability expenditure per participant annually in FY 2020 was \$9,686. Likewise, the average liability expenditure per participant for senior Medicaid enrollees was \$13,650. The average liability per participant for children was \$2,143 while the average liability for other adults was \$4,452. Concurrently, the average liability for individuals under the PPACA was \$5,495.

Due to the three month lapse cycle in Medicaid reimbursements and enrollment, final FY 2021 liability estimates are unavailable at this time. In addition, the full impact of COVID-19 on these FY 2021 components is uncertain, as is the impact on FY 2022 enrollment and reimbursements. Temporary increases in Medicaid enrollment due to COVID-19 impact may have limited influence on long-term Medicaid liabilities and population estimates.

The table below compares the various population components of Medicaid with their corresponding total liability amounts to calculate the average liability expenditure per participant. As shown by the chart, despite a large number of enrollees, children are a relatively low liability component for the Medicaid program on a per participant basis. Also, as can be expected, seniors and adults with disabilities are a much larger liability component per participant due to the increased costs of care involved with these specific populations. In comparison, PPACA eligible adults and other adults have a much lower per participant liability.

| MEDICAID LIABILITY PER PARTICIPANT | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| FY 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Population Group | Enrollment | Liability | Liability Per Participant | | | | | |
| Children | 1,388,638 | \$ 2,976,287,078 | \$2,143 | | | | | |
| Adults with Disabilities | 262,821 | \$ 2,545,662,812 | \$9,686 | | | | | |
| ACA Newly Eligible Adults | 578,505 | \$ 3,178,890,108 | \$5,495 | | | | | |
| Other Adults | 501,568 | \$ 2,232,895,391 | \$4,452 | | | | | |
| Seniors | 224,265 | \$ 3,061,231,683 | \$13,650 | | | | | |
| Total | 2,955,797 | \$13,994,967,072 | \$4,735 | | | | | |

DCN Dates: 7/1/2018 to 6/30/2019. Data reflects all HFS funds fee-for-service cash basis and managed care capitation expenses for FY19. Includes spending from HFS funds only. Liability by group does not include partial benefits recipients. Source: HFS.

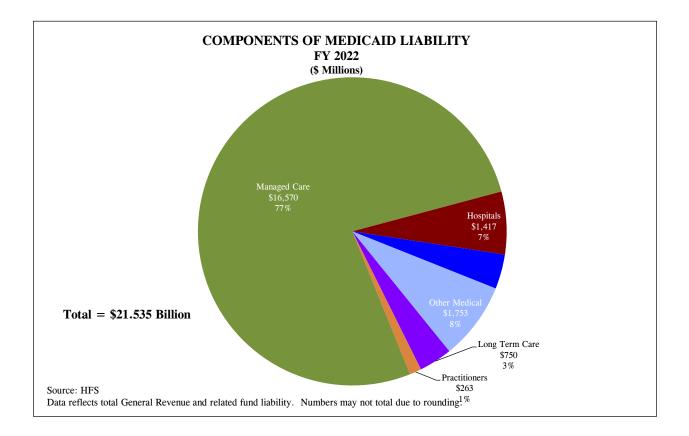
MEDICAID LIABILITY

In FY 2013, overall GRF and related fund Medicaid liabilities totaled \$9.8 billion. The projected FY 2021 liability for Medicaid is \$18.8 billion, a 92% increase, due in large part to statutory program changes, eligibility expansions (PPACA, etc.) and consolidation of other state agency fee-for-service Medicaid liability to HFS under Managed Care. In addition, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic should be taken into account, as this has served to increase liabilities for FY 2020 - FY 2022, though depending on effectiveness of treatments and vaccines, future effects on Medicaid liabilities are uncertain. While FY 2021 liability projections are included in the chart below, these projections were made before the impact of COVID-19 was anticipated, and should therefore be understood cautiously within the context of gradual systematic increases in overall Medicaid liability.

| HISTORIC MEDICAID LIABILITY | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| (\$ Millions) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liability Component | FY 2013 | FY 2014 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 Est. | FY 2022 Proj. | Avg % Change |
| Long Term Care | \$1,853 | \$1,755 | \$1,586 | \$1,418 | \$1,077 | \$929 | \$1,026 | \$688 | \$538 | \$750 | -6.0% |
| Hospitals | \$3,169 | \$3,354 | \$2,878 | \$1,955 | \$1,893 | \$1,946 | \$1,126 | \$1,346 | \$891 | \$1,417 | -2.8% |
| Prescribed Drugs | \$1,447 | \$1,453 | \$1,215 | \$1,079 | \$1,161 | \$1,160 | \$887 | \$922 | \$769 | \$782 | -6.8% |
| Practitioners | \$1,226 | \$1,499 | \$1,142 | \$603 | \$504 | \$463 | \$287 | \$265 | \$215 | \$263 | -9.5% |
| Managed Care | \$827 | \$1,295 | \$4,323 | \$6,293 | \$7,309 | \$8,433 | \$9,309 | \$12,599 | \$15,615 | \$16,570 | 71.8% |
| Other Medical | \$1,291 | \$1,262 | \$1,188 | \$1,085 | \$1,183 | \$1,138 | \$1,073 | \$1,322 | \$1,478 | \$1,753 | 4.8% |
| Total Liability | \$9,813 | \$10,619 | \$12,333 | \$12,433 | \$13,128 | \$14,070 | \$13,709 | \$17,142 | \$19,506 | \$21,535 | |
| % Change Source: HFS | 13.30% | 8.21% | 16.14% | 0.81% | 5.59% | 7.18% | -2.57% | 25.04% | 13.79% | 10.40% | 9.8% |

*These numbers reflect total General Revenue and related fund liability. PPACA enrollment and liability begin in FY14 and significantly impact FY14 and FY15 liability growth. FY16-FY 19 liability growth is mainly driven by state statutory changes, federal changes (increased Medicare Part B premium charges) and consolidation of other agency fee-for-service Medicaid liability to HFS under the Managed Care expansion for long-term supports and services. FY20 liability growth can also be largely attributed to state statutory changes including the minimum wage increase as well as the implementation of the managed care assessment and non-emergency transportation intergovernmental transfer mechanism. The latter two FY20 items provide significant new resources to the Medicaid program to fund enhancements enacted during the 2019 legislative session. The numbers above may not appear to add due to rounding. The total effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are uncertain, though noticeable increased liabilities for FY 2020 – FY 2022 are anticipated, but not reflected on this chart.

While Hospital Medicaid payments used to be the highest single component of overall GRF and related fund liability, Managed Care spending has surpassed Hospital spending since FY 2015 and is expected to continue that trend through FY 2022, according to HFS data. Looking at FY 2013, payments to hospitals accounted for 32% of total liabilities, while in FY 2021 they are projected to account for just 7%. The difference is taken up and added upon by Managed Care liability, which has increased from \$827 million and 8% of the FY 13 liability to \$16.57 billion and 77% of the FY 22 projected liability. The table below shows historical GRF and related fund liabilities for Medicaid over the years. The pie chart on the following page breaks down the various components of FY 2021 Medicaid liability.



MEDICAID FUNDING

It is important to note the various funding sources that provide the necessary revenue for Medicaid. According to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (HFS), funding has been different due to the conversion of much of the Medicaid program to managed care and the uncertain impact of COVID-19 on overall revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, as was the case for FY 2021, the FY 2022 Medicaid budget was once again enacted in lump sum appropriations at fund levels and is reflected in the chart on the following page.

According to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, this indicates that a breakdown of appropriation by the standard categories of Hospitals, Managed Care, Practitioners, Other Medical, Long Term Care, and Prescribed Drugs is not available for FY 2022 as was the case for FY 2021. Total spending will increase for FY 2021 due to lapse period spending for the bills that come in for payment by the state in the next few months. In most years, GRF appropriations and allocations may change during the course of the fiscal year as the Governor takes actions to address the State's fiscal challenges. Traditionally, appropriations include non-GRF funds from which cycled Medical Programs liability is reimbursed.

Federal action to date and proposed continued federal support of Medicaid enhancement and population enrollment should be considered to be a potential factor in final FY 2021 and FY 2022 Medicaid funding estimates as was the case in FY 2020. To the extent that lapse spending and reimbursements are affected, this translates to potential effects for future years as well. However, at this time, insufficient data is available for reliable projections of specific impacts on out-year funding estimates.

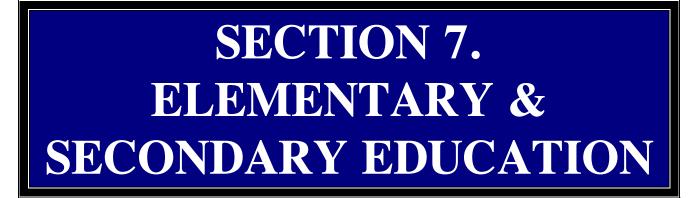
Also important for consideration is the amount of Medicaid payments delayed in the past few fiscal years due to budgetary and appropriation issues. According to state law, the imposition of Section 25 cap for HFS Medicaid applies only to the General Revenue Fund, Long-Term Care Provider Fund, Drug Rebate Fund, and Healthcare Provider Relief Fund. The cap for FY 2020 was \$100 million, which applied to bills received by the Department on or before June 30, 2020. HFS believes it met the FY 2021 Section 25 cap requirement as amounts in excess of \$100 million, paid from FY 2022 appropriations, are estimated to relate to FY 2020 bills received after June 30, 2020.

Certain medical providers in Illinois contribute to the costs of Medicaid through health care assessments and intergovernmental transfers. In collecting these fees, the State maximizes its share of available federal matching funds. Hospitals, nursing homes, managed care organizations, and long-term care facilities for the developmentally disabled currently pay provider assessments to help support the Medical Assistance program.

Illinois also uses intergovernmental transfers (IGT) to support Medicaid services. An IGT is essentially a transfer between government entities. When local health care entities transfer funds to the state under an IGT agreement, these funds are used for Medicaid payments supplemented by federal matching funds. For example, certain Medicaid services provided by Cook County Health Services are currently funded via IGT arrangements. Cook County Health Services generally make transfers in amounts equal to the difference between total payments made to county providers and the related federal financial participation monies received by the State from the County Provider Trust Fund. By using the IGT mechanism, Medicaid services can be provided to many Cook County residents without the need for state GRF resources.

| MEDICAID SPENDING COMPARISON (\$ Millions) | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Appropriation | FY 2021 | FY 2022* | Difference | | |
| General Revenue Fund | \$6,903.0 | \$6,903.0 | \$0.0 | | |
| Healthcare Provider Relief Fund** | \$10,189.0 | \$12,555.0 | \$2,366.0 | | |
| Drug Rebate Fund | \$1,183.0 | \$1,098.0 | -\$85.0 | | |
| Tobacco Settlement Fund | \$230.0 | \$244.0 | \$14.0 | | |
| Long Term Care Provider Fund | \$498.0 | \$457.0 | -\$41.0 | | |
| Hospital Provider Fund | \$310.0 | \$279.0 | -\$31.0 | | |
| General Revenue and Related Funds Total | \$19,313.0 | \$21,536.0 | \$2,223.0 | | |
| * FY 2022 values represent appropriations as of July 2021. | | | | | |

** Healthcare Provider Relief Fund resources may be allocated to Medicaid billings from any provider type. Source: HFS



• Elementary and Secondary Education Funding



ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION FUNDING

A major portion of the State's general revenues are used to fund elementary and secondary education in Illinois. For the FY 2022 budget, the State Board of Education's allotment is \$9.240 billion (PA 102-0017). This enacted budget includes a continuation of the revised education funding formula which began in FY 2018, often referred to as evidence-based school funding.

Under Public Act 100-0465, several changes to the School Code were made, which includes setting forth provisions concerning:

- An adequacy target calculation;
- A local capacity calculation;
- A base funding minimum calculation;
- A percent of adequacy and final resources calculation;
- An evidence-based funding (EBF) formula distribution system;
- State Superintendent of Education administration of funding and school district submission requirements; and
- A Professional Review Panel.

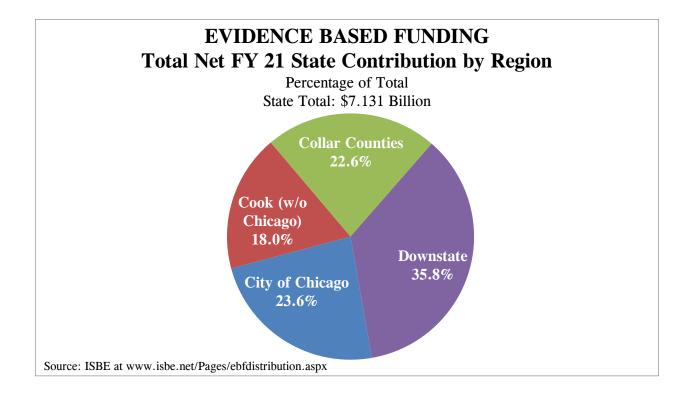
The EBF formula requires the Illinois State Board of Education to go through a data-verification process with school districts to ensure all of the data incorporated into the formula is accurate.

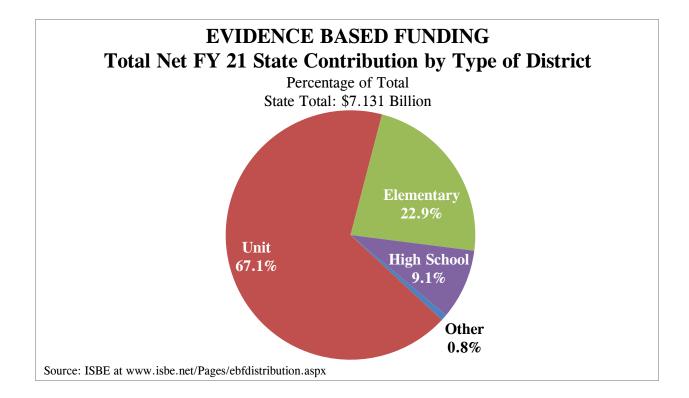
A more detailed overview of the new evidence-based funding formula can be found at the Illinois State Board of Education's website here:

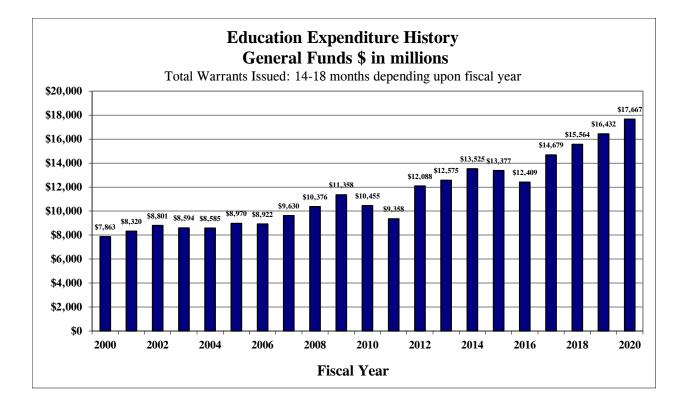
https://www.isbe.net/Pages/EvidenceBasedFunding.aspx

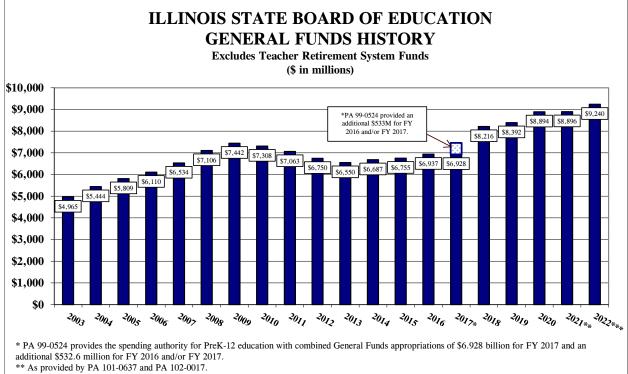
On the following page are charts displaying the distribution of the calculated net State contributions by region and by type of district. For a more detailed look of how and where the State education funding dollars are distributed, please see the ISBE's website at:

https://www.isbe.net/Pages/ebfdistribution.aspx









*** As provided by PA 102-0017.

SECTION 8. PENSION LEGISLATION

- Elimination of Birthdate Requirement for Tier 1 COLAs for the Chicago Fire Pension Fund
- The Downstate Police and Fire Investment Consolidation Act
- Extension of Voluntary Pension Buyout Plans
- Voluntary Pension Buyout Plans
- Tier Three Pension Reform
- Chicago Park District Pension Reform
- Police and Fire Pension Reform
- Two-Tier Pension Reform



ELIMINATION OF BIRTHDATE REQUIREMENT FOR TIER 1 COLAS FOR THE CHICAGO FIRE PENSION FUND

Public Act 101-0673 House Bill 2451 – Martwick (Martwick)

| Passed House: | 72-40-1 |
|----------------|---------|
| Passed Senate: | 37-14-1 |

Effective Date

• April 5, 2021

Affected Systems

• Chicago Fire Pension Fund

Elimination of Birthdate Requirement for Tier One 3% Non-compounded COLAs

Prior to the enactment of P.A. 101-0673, Tier 1 firefighters born before January 1, 1966 with at least 20 years of service received an annual non-compounded increase of 3% on or after the age of 55, not subject to a 30% increase maximum. Those Tier 1 firefighters born after January 1, 1966 received 1.5% increases on or after the age of 60 with at least 20 years of service, subject to a maximum of 30% (hence, after 15 years of retirement, no annual increases were payable). The Act removed the birthdate restriction and sets the annual Tier 1 increase to 3% non-compounded for all retirees at least 55 years of age with 20 years of service. The Act further stipulates that firefighters who were not eligible for the 3% increase prior to the effective date of the bill (April 5th, 2021) will receive a 3% increase for each year the firefighter would have otherwise been eligible had the firefighter not received any increase.

THE DOWNSTATE POLICE AND FIRE INVESTMENT CONSOLIDATION ACT

Public Act 101-0610 Senate Bill 1300 – Castro (Hoffman)

| Passed Senate: | 46-00-0 |
|---------------------|---------|
| Passed House: | 96-14-3 |
| Senate Concurrence: | 42-12-0 |

Effective Date

• January 1, 2020

Affected Systems

• Downstate Police (Article 3), Downstate Fire, (Article 4), TRS, SURS, IMRF, SERS

Consolidated Police and Firefighter Pension Investment Funds

Under P.A. 101-0610, as soon as practicable after the effective date of the bill, but no later than 30 months afterwards, each Article 3 and Article 4 fund shall transfer all of its securities, funds, assets, and moneys to the newly created Police Officers' and Firefighters Pension Investment Funds (this period of time is referred to as "the transition period"). Upon transferal, the two consolidated Funds will assume management and investment authority, and the Article 3 and Article 4 funds shall no longer exercise control over such securities, funds, assets, and moneys.

The Transition Boards for the Consolidated Funds

- For each consolidated fund, the Governor will appoint a 9 member, temporary transition board within 1 month of the Act's effective date.
- Each transition board will select a chairperson from among the trustees and will consist of the following members:
 - 3 members representing municipalities who are mayors, presidents, chief executive officers, chief financial officers, or other officers or executives of municipalities. They will be appointed from among candidates recommended by the Illinois Municipal League.
 - o 3 selected from participant members, as detailed below:
 - For the Police Fund transition board, 2 members will be appointed from among candidates recommended by an organization representing more than 20,000 active and retired police officers in the State of Illinois, and one will be appointed from among candidates recommended by a benevolent association representing police officers in the State of Illinois.

- For the Firefighter Fund transition board, all 3 will be recommended by a statewide labor organization representing at least 85 municipalities and which is affiliated with the Illinois State Federation of Labor.
- 2 employee/annuitant members, as detailed below:
 - For the Police Fund, 2 members selected from beneficiary members. One will be appointed from among candidates recommended by an organization representing more than 20,000 active and retired police officers in the State of Illinois, and one will be appointed from among candidates recommended by a benevolent association representing police officers in the State of Illinois.
 - For the Firefighter Fund transition board, one member will be selected from beneficiary members. They will be recommended by a statewide labor organization representing at least 85 municipalities and which is affiliated with the Illinois State Federation of Labor. One participant member recommended by a statewide labor organization representing at least 85 municipalities and which is affiliated with the Illinois State Federation of Labor
- o 1 representative of the Illinois Municipal League
- The "transition period" begins on the effective date of the Act and will end when so determined by the transition board. The transition boards cannot function for a period longer than 30 months.
- The transition board members will serve until the end of the transition period and until the permanent board members are elected.
- This initial election for the permanent board will be administered and conducted by the transition board, with the permanent board determining the procedure for all future elections.

The Permanent Boards of Trustees for the Consolidated Funds

- The permanent Boards of Trustees will consist of 9 members, as follows:
 - 3 employer members who are mayors, presidents, chief executive officers, chief financial officers, or other officers or executives of municipalities. They will be elected by the mayors and presidents of municipalities with participating pension funds.
 - 3 members elected by and from active participant members
 - For the Police Board, 2 members elected by and from beneficiary members
 - For the Firefighter Board, 1 member elected by and from beneficiary members
 - Also, for the Firefighter Board, 1 member appointed by the Governor with the advice of the Senate following recommendation by a statewide labor organization representing at least 85 municipalities and which is affiliated with the Illinois State Federation of Labor

- 1 member recommended by the Illinois Municipal League and appointed by the Governor, subject to Senate confirmation
- The Chairperson of the permanent boards will serve 2-year terms and will be selected from among the trustees.

Consolidation Timeline of Events

- The transition board will audit the investment assets of each current Article 3 and Article 4 fund as soon as practicable after the effective date of the bill.
- Once the audit is certified by both the newly created board(s) and the existing Article 3 and Article 4 funds, the transfer of assets will begin within 10 business days.
- The interim executive directors of each newly created board, appointed by the Governor until the permanent boards appoint their own, will notify the board of trustees of existing Article 3 and Article 4 funds no less than 30 days before the consolidated Fund takes control of their assets.
- Within 90 days after the end of the transition period, all remaining assets in any Article 3 and Article 4 fund must be transferred into the consolidated Fund.
- Within 6 months after the end of the transition period, a public accountant selected by the consolidated boards will audit the consolidated funds. The report will be published on the Funds' website and filed with the Department of Insurance.
- Quarterly reports will be issued by the consolidated Funds to Article 3 and Article 4 funds detailing the status of investments.
- A yearly, more comprehensive report will be published by the consolidated funds describing their investment operations, yearly performance, and other related information. Included in this report will also be the results of an audit undertaken by an accounting firm selected by the board of the consolidated fund.

Other Major Pension Provisions of P.A. 101-0610

Relinquishment of Investment Authority for Article 3 and Article 4 Funds

The General Provisions article is amended so that Article 3 and Article 4 funds shall, upon transferal of assets, no longer exercise any investment authority over such investments.

Illinois Finance Authority Loan Authorization

The Illinois Finance Authority is authorized to loan up to \$7,500,000 to each consolidated Fund to assist with the costs associated with the transition process. The loan shall be repaid by the Fund with an interest rate tied to the Federal Funds Rate or an equivalent market established variable rate. Such agreement will be made public record and the terms of the loan will be posted on the Fund's official website.

Article 3 and Article 4 Pension Funds, Tier 2 Final Average Salary

Prior to the effective date (January 1, 2020) of P.A. 101-0610, Tier 2 employees of Article 3 and Article 4 funds had their pensions based on their final average salaries using the 96 consecutive months of service during which their total salary is highest within their last 120 months of service. P.A. 101-0610 amends the Downstate Police and Fire Pension Code so that:

• Tier 2 employees' final average salaries are calculated using the greater of (i) the method, previously summarized, or (ii) the 48 consecutive months of service when their total salary is highest within their last 60 months of service.

Article 3 and Article 4 Pension Funds, Computation of Final Average Salary Cap

Under the Pension Code, the highest salary that can be used for calculation of a final average salary for Tier 2 employees in an Article 3 or Article 4 fund is \$106,800. Prior to the effective date (January 1, 2020) of P.A. 101-0610, that amount had been increased annually since 2011 by the lesser of (i) 3% of that amount, or (ii) 50% of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u. P.A. 101-0610 amends the Pension Code so that:

- The final average salary cap increases by the lesser of (i) 3% of that amount, or (ii) 100% of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u.
- The Act does not permit retroactive changes in employee contributions.
- COLAs will still be computed at simple interest.

Article 3 and Article 4 Pension Funds, Tier 2 Survivor Pensions

For Article 3 and Article 4 fund employees in the Tier 2 system, prior to P.A. 101-0610, survivor pensions for spouses, children, or parents of a police officer or firefighter were equal to 66 2/3% of the police officer or firefighter's earned pension at the date of death. P.A. 101-0610 amends the Pension Code so that:

- The survivors are entitled to the greater of (i) the survivor benefit, previously described, or (ii) 54% of the police officer or firefighter's monthly salary at the date of death.
- If a survivor is a spouse, then the guardian of any minor children, including children not yet born, is entitled to 12% of such monthly salary for each child until they reach 18.
- A monthly pension of 20% of such monthly salary is granted upon the death of the surviving spouse, or upon the death of a police officer or firefighter leaving one or more minor children but no surviving spouse, to an appointed guardian until the children reach 18.
- The total survivor's pension provided shall not exceed 75% of the monthly salary of the deceased officer or firefighter when paid to the survivor of an officer or firefighter who:
 - Has attained 20 or more years of service credit and receives or is eligible to receive a pension.
 - Dies as a result of illness or accident.
 - Dies from any cause while in receipt of a disability pension.
 - Is a deferred pensioner.

EXTENSION OF VOLUNTARY PENSION BUYOUT PLANS

Public Act 101-0010 (Via the FY 2020 Budget Implementation Bill) Senate Bill 1814 – Steans (Harris)

| Passed Senate: | 54-00-0 |
|---------------------|---------|
| Passed House: | 97-17-1 |
| Senate Concurrence: | 52-06-0 |

Effective Date

• June 5, 2019

Affected Systems

• State Employee's Retirement System (SERS), State Universities Retirement System (SURS) and Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

Extension of the Two Voluntary Pension Buyout Programs

The election period for the two existing pension buyout programs created by P.A. 100-0587 were extended by 3 years to June 30, 2024, from June 30, 2021, as summarized below.

- Total pension buyout plan:
 - If an eligible inactive, vested member irrevocably participates in the total pension buyout plan, the member would receive an accelerated pension benefit payment equal to 60% of the present value of a member's pension benefit in lieu of receiving any pension benefit.
- 3% COLA buyout plan:
 - If an eligible Tier 1 member irrevocably participates in the COLA buyout plan, the member would receive a lump sum payment equal to 70% of the difference of the present value of 3% compounded COLA and the present value of a reduced COLA (simple 1.5%) in exchange for receiving a simple 1.5% COLA.

Other Major Pension Provisions of P.A. 101-0010

Reinstatement of Teachers' Final Average Salary (FAS) Cap of 6%

(Affected Systems: SURS and TRS)

P.A. 94-0004, which took effect on June 1, 2005, implemented an "excess salary increase penalty" for school districts and universities in both TRS and SURS. Under the Act, for purposes of

SECTION 8. PENSION LEGISLATION Page 118

determining the final average salary, if a teacher's full-time equivalent annual salary increases more than the salary increase cap with the same employer, the (local) employer would have to make a payment to the retirement system equal to the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the salary increase in excess of the salary increase cap. P.A. 94-0004 established a 6% "excess salary increase penalty." P.A. 100-0587, which took effect on June 4, 2018, lowered the cap to 3%. Pursuant to P.A. 101-0010, the final salary cap reverted back to 6%.

GRF Lump-sum Appropriation for SERS

When departments in the State make contributions for their employees, the contributions shall be made for each pay period by warrants by the State Comptroller against their respective funds or appropriations based on vouchers. However, contributions for the GRF payrolls are not required to be processed by the Comptroller. Since 2012 the GRF portion of State contributions has been paid by lump sum, via the Budget Implementation bill for the past several years, according to SERS. P.A. 101-0010 eliminates the need to include the appropriation process for the GRF portion of State contributions in the Budget Implementation bill every year as the process would be made permanent under this Act.

SERS stated the percentage of total members who are on the GRF payrolls is approximately 65%.

Participation by Members of the Human Rights Commission in SERS

A person appointed as a member of the Human Rights Commission on or after June 1, 2019, may elect to participate in SERS with respect to that service and shall be deemed an employee in order to qualify for membership. Such employees may elect to establish service credit for periods on or after June 1, 2019, and before establishing service credit in SERS by paying a fee determined by the SERS Board based upon: 1) the employee's salary on the first day as a member of SERS, and 2) regular interest (7%, based on the actuarially assumed rate of return). According to SERS, this provision is likely to impact 7 full-time Human Rights Commissioners.

Also, P.A. 101-0010 removes old provisions that are no longer applicable.

VOLUNTARY PENSION BUYOUT PLANS

Public Act 100-0587 (Via the FY 2019 Budget Implementation Bill) House Bill 3342 – G. Harris (Steans)

| Passed House: | 61-52-0 |
|--------------------|----------|
| Passed Senate: | 54-2-2 |
| House Concurrence: | 100-14-0 |

Effective Date

• June 4, 2018

Affected Systems

• State Employee's Retirement System (SERS), State Universities Retirement System (SURS), and Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

Voluntary Pension Buyout for Vested, Inactive Members

Until June 30, 2021, an eligible member in SERS, SURS, or TRS may irrevocably elect to receive an accelerated pension benefit payment equal to 60% of the present value of a member's pension benefit in lieu of receiving any pension benefit. An eligible member means a person who:

- Is an inactive member in a DB plan;
- Has enough credits to receive a retirement annuity (i.e. vested);
- Has not received any retirement annuity; and
- Has not elected the compounded 3% COLA buyout option.

The accelerated pension payments would be paid from the proceeds of the State Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds.

Voluntary Compounded 3% COLA Buyout for Tier 1 Members

An eligible member in SERS, SURS, or TRS may irrevocably elect to receive an accelerated pension benefit payment equal to 70% of the difference of the present value of 3% compounded COLA and the present value of a reduced COLA (simple 1.5%) in exchange for receiving a simple 1.5% COLA. An eligible member means a person who:

- Is a Tier 1 member in a DB plan;
- Has submitted an application for retirement;
- Meets age and service requirements to receive a retirement annuity;
- Has not received any retirement annuity; and

• Has not elected the pension buyout option, which is the other voluntary buyout option mentioned above.

The accelerated pension benefit payments would be paid from the proceeds of the State Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds.

Teachers' Final Salary Spiking Cap of 3%

For purposes of determining the final average salary, a teacher's annual salary increase with the same employer under SURS or TRS was previously capped at 6%. Pursuant to P.A. 100-0587, the final salary cap decreased to 3% for academic years beginning on or after July 1, 2018 and for salary under a contract or collective bargaining agreement on or after June 4, 2018 (the effective date of P.A. 100-0587). If a teacher's full-time equivalent annual salary increases more than 3% with the same employer, the (local) employer would have to make a payment equal to the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the salary increase in excess of 3%. However, the final salary average cap rate was returned to 6% via P.A. 101-0010 in 2019, as mentioned in the previous section.

Recertification of FY 2019 State Contributions

Between June 15, 2019 and June 30, 2019, TRS, SURS and SERS shall recalculate and recertify State contributions for FY 2019, taking into account all changes made by P.A. 100-0587.

State Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds

The State Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds of \$1 billion would be authorized to be issued for the accelerated pension benefit payments for SERS, SURS and TRS.

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TIER THREE PENSION REFORM

Public Act 100-0023 (Via the FY 2018 Budget Implementation Bill) Senate Bill 0042 – Trotter (G. Harris)

* As of writing, the Optional Tier 3 Hybrid Plan has been implemented by two pension funds, the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (MEABF) and Laborers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (LABF). None of the State-funded systems have implemented the Tier 3 plan, yet.

| Passed Senate: | 33-23-2 |
|---------------------|---------|
| Passed House: | 73-36-0 |
| Senate Concurrence: | 36-17-0 |
| Senate Override | 36-18-0 |
| House Override | 71-41-0 |

Effective Date

• July 6, 2017

Affected Systems

• GARS, Chicago Fire, Chicago Municipal, Cook County, Cook County Forest Preserve, Chicago Laborers, Chicago Park District, SERS, SURS, TRS, Chicago Teachers, JRS

Optional Tier 3 Hybrid Plan

Tier 3 Availability

- SERS, SURS, and TRS:
 - Tier 3 benefits are available as soon as the board of that respective system authorizes members to begin participation.
 - Each of these systems shall endeavor to make participation available as soon as possible. This requirement is referred to as the "implementation date."
 - Newly hired and existing Tier 2 members must make the election to participate in Tier 3 within 30 days of becoming a member or participant in the pertinent system.
- MEABF, Cook County Employees, Forest Preserve Employees, LABF, Park Employees, and CTPF

- Tier 3 benefits are available beginning 6 months after the governing body of the unit of local government approves participation in the plan via adoption of a resolution or ordinance.
- No later than 5 months after the resolution or ordinance approving participation in Tier 3, the affected system shall prepare and implement the defined contribution component of the Tier 3 hybrid plan.
- Newly hired members must make the election to participate in the Tier 3 hybrid system within 30 days of becoming a member or participant in the pertinent system.

Tier 3 Benefit Summary

- Retirement Annuity: 1.25% for each service credit multiplied by final average salary
- Normal Retirement: determined by Social Security Administration, but no earlier than 67 years of age with at least 10 years of service
- COLA: Beginning 1 year after annuity start date and equal to 50% of the CPI-W
- Survivor's/Widow's Annuity: 66 2/3% of participant's retirement annuity
- Employee Contribution for the DB component: 6.2% of salary (cannot exceed normal cost)
- Employee Contribution for the DC component: 4% minimum
- Employer Contributions for the DC component: between 2% and 6% of salary
- Employer contributions vest when they are paid into a participant's account.
- Employee and employer contributions are transferrable into other qualified plans.
- For SURS and TRS;
 - Employer Contribution: DB Normal Cost Employee Contribution + 2% (expressed as a % of payroll).

MEABF and LABF Retirement Eligibility (New Tier 3 DB Schedule of Benefits)

- Between October 1, 2017 and November 15, 2017, existing Tier 2 members who began service prior to the effective date of this Act (July 6, 2017) shall make an irrevocable decision to be eligible for the new Tier 3 retirement options described below.
 - Those who elect to gain eligibility for the new Tier 3 schedule of benefits will be subject to the Tier 3 employee contribution rates.
- Tier 3 Employee Contribution Rates
 - \circ After the effective date of this Act, but prior to January 1, 2018: 7.5%
 - o January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2019: 8.5%
 - January 1st and thereafter: the lesser of:
 - Normal Cost using the EAN actuarial method (no less than 6.5%), or
 - **9.5%**

- \circ This rate shall resume until the systems have reached a 90% funding ratio, at which point the employee contribution shall be reduced to 5.5% of salary.
- $\circ~$ If the funding ratio falls below 75%, then the employee contribution shall revert to the previous amount.
- Tier 3 Benefits
 - New hires that are at least 65 years of age with at least 10 years of service credit are entitled to a retirement annuity upon written application.
 - New hires who retire between the age of 60 and 65, with at least 10 years of service credit, shall have their annuity reduced by 0.5% for each month that he or she is under age 65.

Changes in State Contributions

- For SURS and TRS, in fiscal years 2018 through 2020, the State shall contribute an additional 2% of payroll of each Tier 3 employee.
- For SURS and TRS, if the amount of a participant's salary exceeds the amount of the Governor's salary, the employer shall pay to the System an amount equal to the employer normal cost multiplied by the excess amount of salary.
- State contribution-altering changes in actuarial or investment assumptions shall be implemented and smoothed over a 5-year period beginning in FY 2018.
- State contribution-altering changes in actuarial or investment assumptions that first applied in fiscal year 2014, 2015, 2016, or 2017 shall be retroactively smoothed over a 5-year period, beginning with and including the year in which the actuarial change first applied.
- By November 1, 2017, the amount of the State Contribution shall be recertified to include retroactive smoothing.

Chicago Fire COLA

- Firefighters born after December 31, 1954 but before January 1, 1966 and retired after September 1, 1967 are entitled to a 3% noncompounded annuity increase upon:
 - The 1st of the month following the 1 year anniversary of retirement, and every 1st of January thereafter
 - Or following the attainment of age 55 if they were not 55 after 1 year of retirement.
- Firefighters that meet the aforementioned criteria prior to this Act will receive an increase to their annuity; as if they had received a 3% increase each year rather than 1.5%.
 - P.A. 101-0673, effective April 5, 2021, removed the birthdate restriction and sets the annual Tier 1 increase to 3% non-compounded for all retirees at least 55 years of age with 20 years of service. P.A. 101-0673 further stipulates that firefighters who were not eligible for the 3% increase prior to the effective date

of the bill will receive a 3% increase for each year the firefighter would have otherwise been eligible had the firefighter not received any increase.

Chicago Municipal and Laborers Tax Levy

• Beginning in 2017, the property tax levy cannot exceed the amount of the city's total required contribution for the following year.

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CHICAGO PARK DISTRICT PENSION REFORM

P.A. 98-0622 SB 1523 – Cullerton (Madigan)

| Passed Senate: | 51-0-0 |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Passed House: | 87-26-2 |
| Approved by Governor on | 1/7/14 |

Effective Date

• June 1, 2014.

Systems Impacted

• Chicago Park District

Employer Contributions

- Employer Contributions will follow a ramping schedule, gradually increasing the employer tax levy multiplier to 2.9.
 - Beginning January 1, 2015: Multiplier of 1.7.
 - Beginning January 1, 2017: Multiplier of 2.3.
 - Beginning January 1, 2019: Multiplier of 2.9.
- For any duration that the funded ratio is over 90%, Employer contributions will be the lesser of the 2.9 multiplier or the amount necessary to maintain 90% funding.
- Supplemental contributions of \$12.5 million will be made in FY 2015 & FY 2016. A supplemental contribution of \$50 million will be made in FY 2019.

Retirement Eligibility

• For Tier 1 employees who have not attained age 45 before January 1, 2015, the eligible retirement age is increased from 50 to 58. For Tier 2 employees the normal retirement age decreases from 67 to 65, and the age for early retirement decreases from 62 to 60.

Annual Increases in Annuity

- Tier 1 COLAs are to be the same as Tier 2 COLAs (Lesser of 3% or ¹/₂ the CPI-U, simple)
- Cost of living adjustments will be suspended in 2015, 2017, and 2019.

Employee Contributions

- Beginning January 1, 2015, employee contributions will increase on a graduated scale.
 - Beginning January 1, 2015: Employee contributions will increase to 10% of salary
 - Beginning January 1, 2017: Employee contributions will increase to 11% of salary
 - Beginning January 1, 2019: Employee contributions will increase to 12% of salary

• For any duration of time that the funded ratio is over 90%, employee contributions will be 10.5% of salary.

Duty Disability Benefits

- Beginning January 1, 2015, duty disability benefits will be adjusted on a decreasing scale.
 - Beginning 2015: 74% of salary
 - Beginning 2017: 73% of salary
 - Beginning 2019: 72% of salary

SECTION 8. PENSION LEGISLATION Page 127

POLICE AND FIRE PENSION REFORM

P.A. 96-1495 SB 3538 – Link (McCarthy)

| Passed Senate: | 46-0-0 |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Passed House: | 95-18-0 |
| Senate Concurrence: | 46-4-2 |
| Approved by Governor of | n 12/30/10 |

Effective Date

• January 1, 2011

Systems Impacted

• Downstate Police, Downstate Fire, Chicago Police, Chicago Fire, IMRF (SLEP)

Creation of a Two-Tier System for Firefighters and Police Officers

- Benefits for current police officers and firefighters have not changed.
- Changes only apply to police officers and firefighters hired on or after January 1, 2011.
- Normal Retirement: 55 years old with 10 years of service
- Early Retirement: 50 years old with 10 years of service, but penalty of 1/2 % for each month that the police officer or firefighter is younger than 55 years
- Retirement Pension based upon 2.5% of Final Average Salary for a maximum of 75%.
- Annuity based on highest 8 years out of last 10 years of service
 - P.A. 101-0610, the Downstate Police and Fire Investment Consolidation Act of 2020, provides that the final average salary for a retired Tier 2 police officer or firefighter shall be the greater of (i) the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the employee during the highest 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of employment; or (ii) the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the total salary of the employee during the employee during the highest 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of employment.
- Annual Final Average Salary may not exceed \$106,800, as automatically increased by the lesser of 3% or one-half of the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year.

Annual Increases in annuity

- Increases begin at age 60 either on the January 1st after police officer/firefighter retires or the first anniversary of pension starting date, whichever is later.
- Increases equal to the lesser of 3% or one-half the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year; if increase in CPI is zero or if there is a decrease in CPI, then no COLA is payable.

• Increase not compounded

Survivor Benefits

- 66.7% of the earned retirement benefit at death
- Increased by the lesser of 3% or one-half of the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year.
- Increases not compounded

Municipal Funding Provisions

- Pension funds must be 90% funded by Fiscal Year 2040.
- Annual Municipal contributions will be calculated as level percentage of payroll under "Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method."
- Comptroller is authorized to redirect municipal monies directly to pension funds if municipal contributions are insufficient.
- Future pension fund studies are authorized to review the condition of pension funds and potential investment pooling.

TWO-TIER PENSION REFORM

Public Act 96-0889 Senate Bill 1946 – Cullerton (Madigan)

| Passed House: | 92-17-7 |
|----------------------|------------|
| Passed Senate: | 48-6-3 |
| Approved by Governor | on 4/14/10 |

Effective Date

• January 1, 2011

Systems Impacted

• IMRF, Chicago Municipal, Cook County, Cook County Forest Preserve, Chicago Laborers, Chicago Park District, Metropolitan Water, SERS, SURS, TRS, Chicago Teachers (Judges and GA separate; CTA, Police, and Fire excluded)

Retirement Eligibility - Except State Policemen, Firefighters, and Correctional Guards

- Normal Retirement: 67 years old with 10 years of service
- Early Retirement: 62 years old with 10 years of service with a 6% per year reduction in benefits for each year age is under 67
- Annuity based on highest 8 years out of last 10 years of service
- Annual Final Average Salary may not exceed \$106,800, as automatically increased by the lesser of 3% or one-half of the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year

Retirement Eligibility - State Policemen, Firefighters, and Correctional Guards

- Normal Retirement: 60 years old with 20 years of service
- State Policemen, Firefighters, DOC Guards are still eligible for Alternative Formula

Annual Increases in Annuity

- Increases begin at the later of the first anniversary of retirement or at age 67.
- Increases equal to the lesser of 3% or one-half the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year; if increase in CPI is zero or if there is a decrease in CPI, then no COLA is payable
- Increase not compounded

Survivor Benefits

- 66.7% of the earned retirement benefit at death
- Increased by the lesser of 3% or one-half of the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year
- Increases not compounded

"Double Dipping" Prohibited

• Prohibition on simultaneously collecting a pension and a salary with public employer.

Chicago Teachers' Extension of Funding Plan

- Contributions specified in Fiscal Years 2011 2014
- New Goal: CTPF must reach 90% by 2059 (currently 2045)

Retirement Eligibility – Judges and General Assembly

- Normal Retirement: 67 years old with 8 years of service
- Early Retirement: 62 years old with 8 years of service

Change in Benefit Formula – Judges and General Assembly

- 3% of Final Average Salary for each year of service
- Maximum annuity 60% of Final Average Salary
- Retirement annuity based on highest 8 out of final 10 years of service

Annual Increase in Annuity – Judges and General Assembly

- Increases begin after attainment of age 67
- Increases equal to the lesser of 3% or one-half of the annual increase in the CPIU during the preceding 12-month calendar year
- Increases compounded

Annual Increase in Survivor's Annuity – Judges and General Assembly

- 66.7% of the earned retirement benefit at death
- Increased by the lesser of 3% or one-half of the annual increase in the CPI-U during the preceding 12-month calendar year
- Increases compounded

SECTION 8. PENSION LEGISLATION Page 131

SECTION 9. STATE FUNDED RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

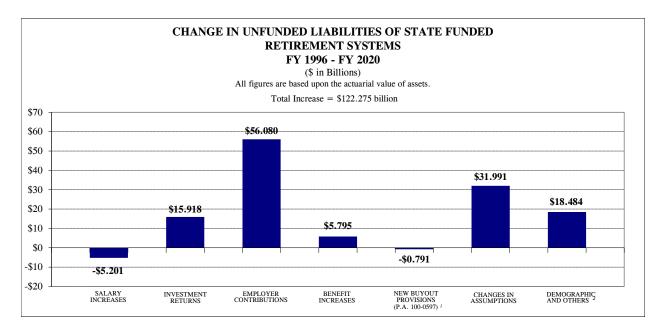
• Unfunded Liabilities



UNFUNDED LIABILITIES

The chart below documents the change in the unfunded liabilities of all five State systems combined over the period FY 1996 – FY 2020. FY 1996 was the first year of the funding plan under P.A. 88-593, or what is commonly referred to as the "1995 pension funding law." While the funding plan sets an ultimate goal of reaching a 90% funding ratio by FY 2045, the systems' unfunded liabilities will continue to grow even if the State makes its statutorily-required contributions in the coming years as the required state contributions are not sufficient to cover both the employer portion of the normal cost and the interest on the unfunded liabilities.

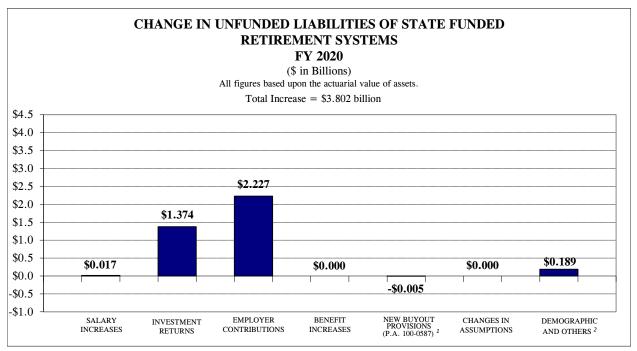
As shown in the chart below, the single largest driver of the increase in the unfunded liability since Fiscal Year 1996 has been actuarially insufficient employer contributions. Other factors contributing to the growth in the unfunded liability include 1) changes in actuarial assumptions, 2) demographic and other factors, 3) investment losses when compared to the assumed rates of return, and 4) benefit increases such as the general formula upgrades in the late 1990's. The category "demographic and other factors" encompasses miscellaneous actuarial factors such as rates of termination, disability, and pre-and post-retirement mortality, among other factors. Any factors that cause the systems' actuaries to revise their assumptions as a result of an experience study are included in the "changes in assumptions" category.



¹ P.A. 100-0587 created the vested inactive and retiree COLA buyout programs (pension buyout programs) for TRS, SURS and SERS. P.A. 101-0010 extended the buyout programs by 3 years to June 30th, 2024. Each system made their respective participation assumptions regarding the pension buyout programs in the FY 2020 actuarial valuation reports. The total reduction in the combined liability of \$791 million came from TRS in FY 2018 (\$381 million), SERS in FY 2019 (\$405 million), and SURS in FY 2020 (\$5.2 million), respectively.

² The combined liability increased by \$1 million due to the effect of P.A. 101-610, solely coming from SURS. Under P.A. 101-610, effective January 1, 2020, an unreduced retirement (full retirement annuity) eligibility for Tier 2 police officers and firefighters at SURS was lowered to age 60 with 20 years of service from age 67 with 20 years of service.

The chart below shows how actuarial factors affected unfunded liabilities of all five State systems in FY 2020. Based on the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations, the combined unfunded liabilities grew by \$3.8 billion during FY 2020, an increase of 2.8% over FY 2019. The primary reason for the increase was, again, actuarially insufficient State contributions, which increased the unfunded liability by \$2.2 billion, accounting for 58.6% of the total increase. There were three more factors that worsened the unfunded liability. A factor contributing to the increase in the combined unfunded liability the most among the remaining three was actuarial losses that resulted from lower-than-assumed investment returns by all the five systems, which brought it up by \$1.4 billion. The other two reasons were unfavorable experiences from demographic/other factors and higher-than-assumed salary increases.



¹ P.A. 100-0587 created the vested inactive and retiree COLA buyout programs (pension buyout programs) for TRS, SURS and SERS, and P.A. 101-0010 extended the buyout programs by 3 years to June 30th, 2024. Each system made their respective participation assumptions regarding the pension buyout programs in the FY 2020 actuarial valuation reports. The combined liability decreased by \$5.2 million, coming from SURS.

² The combined liability increased by \$1 million due to the effect of P.A. 101-610, coming from SURS. Under P.A. 101-610, effective January 1, 2020, an unreduced retirement (full retirement annuity) eligibility for Tier 2 police officers and firefighters at SURS was lowered to age 60 with 20 years of service from age 67 with 20 years of service.

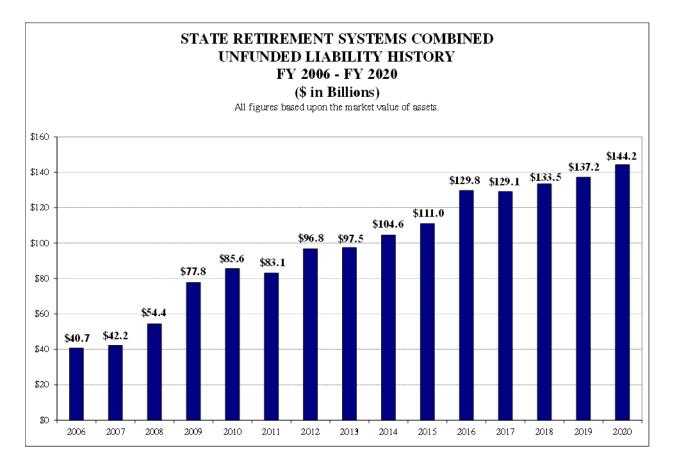
SECTION 9. STATE FUNDED RETIREMENT SYSTEMS Page 136

The following chart shows a brief history of changes in the investment rate assumption for each of the State-funded systems. None of the systems changed their respective investment rate assumptions in FY 2020.

| System | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|--------|-------|-----------|------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|
| TRS | 8.50% | 8.0 | 0% | 7.5 | 0% | | | 7.00% | | |
| SERS | | 7.75% | | 7.2 | 5% | 7.00% | | | 6.75% | |
| SURS | | 7.75% 7.2 | | 5% | | 6.75% | | | | |
| JARS | | 7.00% | | | 6.75% | | | 6.50% | | |
| GARS | 7.00% | | | | 6.75% | | | 6.50% | | |

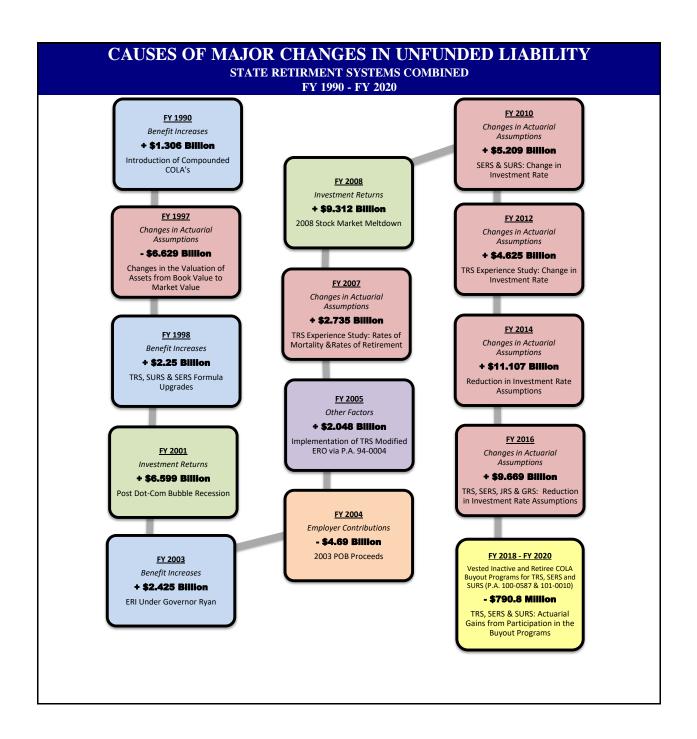
The chart below shows a 15-year history of the cumulative unfunded State pension liability. The combined liability has grown significantly over the past 15 years from \$40.7 billion in FY 2006 to \$144.2 billion in FY 2020. Further details on the financial conditions of the five State-funded systems will be available in the Commission's latest Financial Condition of the State Retirement Systems in the near future at the Commission's website.

(https://cgfa.ilga.gov/Resource.aspx?id=5)



SECTION 9. STATE FUNDED RETIREMENT SYSTEMS Page 137

The chart below shows major factors that affected the combined unfunded liability from FY 1990 to FY 2020.



SECTION 10. DEBT OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

- Illinois Bonds at a Glance
- Short-term Borrowing
- MLF Borrowing
- Bond Sales
- Pension Obligations Bonds
- Bond Authorization and Appropriated Amounts
- Bond Rating Agencies Commentary
- Illinois' Credit Ratings
- Illinois' Credit Spread



| | | (\$ i | n millions) | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|-----------------|
| | <u>FY 2020</u> | <u>FY 2021</u> | <u>\$ Change</u> | <u>% Change</u> | <u>FY 2022</u> | <u>\$ Change</u> | <u>% Change</u> |
| Bond Sales* | Actual | Actual | | | Estimate | | |
| General Obligation | \$1,775.0 | \$2,320.0 | \$545.0 | 30.7% | \$2,705.0 | \$385.0 | 16.6% |
| Revenue | \$0.0 | \$0.0 | \$0.0 | 0.0% | \$350.0 | \$350.0 | 100.0% |
| Total | \$1,775.0 | \$2,320.0 | \$545.0 | 30.7% | \$3,055.0 | \$735.0 | 31.7% |
| Outstanding Principal | | | | | | | |
| General Obligation | \$27,579.0 | \$27,657.0 | \$78.0 | 0.3% | \$28,447.0 | \$790.0 | 2.9% |
| Revenue | \$2,114.3 | \$1,941.0 | -\$173.3 | -8.2% | \$2,113.0 | \$172.0 | 8.9% |
| Total | \$29,693.3 | \$29,598.0 | -\$95.3 | -0.3% | \$30,560.0 | \$962.0 | 3.3% |
| Debt Service** | | | | | | | |
| General Obligation | \$3,110.2 | \$3,201.1 | \$90.9 | 2.9% | \$3,333.1 | \$132.0 | 4.1% |
| Revenue | \$312.4 | \$264.3 | -\$48.1 | -15.4% | \$269.3 | \$5.0 | 1.9% |
| | | | | 1.00 | #3 (0 8 4 | | 4.00 |
| Total | \$3,422.6 | \$3,465.4 | \$42.8 | 1.3% | \$3,602.4 | \$137.0 | 4.0% |
| Total | \$3,422.6 | \$3,465.4 | \$42.8 | 1.3% | \$3,602.4 | \$137.0 | 4.0% |
| | \$3,422.6 \$38,060.0 | \$3,465.4 \$44,852.0 | \$42.8 \$6,792.0 | 1.3% | \$3,602.4 \$41,188.0 | \$137.0 | |
| Total General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue | | | | | | - | |
| General Revenues*** | | | | | | - | 4.0% -8.2% |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue | | | | | | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % | \$38,060.0 | \$44,852.0 | | | \$41,188.0 | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % General Revenues | \$38,060.0 | \$44,852.0 | | | \$41,188.0 | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % General Revenues | \$38,060.0 8.99% | \$44,852.0 | | 17.8% | \$41,188.0 | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % General Revenues GO Bond Rating | \$38,060.0 8.99% Baa3 | \$44,852.0 7.73% | | 17.8% | \$41,188.0 8.75% | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % General Revenues GO Bond Rating Moody's | \$38,060.0 8.99% Baa3 BBB- | \$44,852.0 7.73% Baa3 | | 17.8% | \$41,188.0 8.75% Baa2 | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % General Revenues GO Bond Rating Moody's Standard & Poor's Fitch | \$38,060.0 8.99% Baa3 1 BBB- 1 BBB - 1 | \$44,852.0 7.73% Baa3 BBB- BBB - | \$6,792.0 | 17.8% | \$41,188.0 8.75% Baa2 BBB | - | |
| General Revenues*** G.O. & Revenue Debt Service as % General Revenues GO Bond Rating Moody's Standard & Poor's | \$38,060.0 8.99% Baa3] BBB-] BBB -] include refunding | \$44,852.0 7.73% Baa3 BBB- BBB - 5 sales or Shor | \$6,792.0 | 17.8% | \$41,188.0 8.75% Baa2 BBB BBB - | - | |

In FY 2021, the State sold \$2.108 billion in General Obligation bonds for the State's capital programs and \$212 million of Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds. No Build Illinois bonds were sold.

In FY 2022, the Governor's Budget estimates the sale of \$2.555 billion in General Obligation bonds for capital projects, \$150 million of Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds, and \$350 million of Build Illinois bonds.

SHORT-TERM BORROWING

The State can borrow up to 5% of the State's appropriations for the fiscal year, for cash flow purposes, but it must be repaid by the end of that fiscal year. The State can also use short-term borrowing for a deficit due to emergencies or failure of revenues for up to 15% of the State's appropriations for the fiscal year which must be repaid within one year.

The following table is a history of the State's short-term borrowing which includes the June 2020 GO Certificates sold to the Federal Reserve's Municipal Liquidity Facility. The December 2020 GO Notes which were sold to the MLF were not borrowed under the Short-Term Borrowing Act, but under the State's recently created Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (CURE) Borrowing Act.

| Date Issued | HISTOR Date Retired | Purpose | Amount (millions) |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------|
| June-July 1983 | May 1984 | To maintain adequate cash balances caused by revenue shortfalls | \$200 |
| February 1985 | February 1984 | To improve the cash position of the General Funds | \$200 |
| August 1991 | June 1992 | For cash flow purposes | \$185 |
| August 1991 | Julie 1992 | To pay Medicaid providers through the Medicaid Developmentally | \$183 |
| Eahmuany 1002 | October 1992* | Disabled Provider Participation Fee, Medicaid Long-Term Care Provider | \$300 |
| February 1992 | October 1992* | Participation Fee, and Hospital Services Trust Funds | |
| August 1002 | May 1002 | | \$600 |
| August 1992 | May 1993 | To improve payment cycle to Medicaid service providers For cash flow purposes | \$600 |
| October 1992 | June 1993 | 1 1 | \$300 |
| August 1993 | June 1994 | For cash flow to pay Medicaid service providers through the Hospital Provider Fund | \$900 |
| | | To pay Medicaid service providers through the Long-Term Care and | \$687 |
| August 1994 | June 1995 | Hospital Provider Funds | |
| | | To GRF for cash flow and payment to Medicaid service providers through | \$500 |
| August 1995 | June 1996 | the Long-Term Care Provider Fund and Hospital Provider Fund | |
| 8 | | | |
| | | For Cash Flow; payments for medical assistance; to medical providers for | \$1,000 |
| July 2002 | June 2003 | long-term care; Income Tax Refunds | + - , • • • |
| | | For Cash Flow; payments for medical assistance; to medical providers for | \$1,500 |
| May 2003 | May 2004* | long-term care; for Income Tax Refunds; for State Aid to K-12 school | ¢1,000 |
| 101uy 2005 | 101uj 2001 | districts | |
| | | For Medicaid service providers and the Children's Health Insurance | \$850 |
| June 2004 | October 2004* | Program | <i>QUU 0</i> |
| | | For Cash Flow; for payments to Medicaid Service Providers through the | \$765 |
| March 2005 | June 2005 | Hospital Provider Fund. | +···· |
| | | For Cash Flow; for payments for Medicaid and the Children's Health | \$1,000 |
| November 2005 | June 2006 | Insurance Program. | . , |
| | | For the Hospital Provider Assessment Tax Program; health care related | \$900 |
| February 2007 | June 2007 | funds; General Revenue Fund liquidity. | |
| | | For the Hospital Provider Assessment Tax Program; health care related | \$1,200 |
| September 2007 | November 2007 | funds; General Revenue Fund liquidity. | + - , - • • |
| | | For the Hospital Provider Assessment Tax Program; health care related | \$1,200 |
| April 2008 | June 2008 | funds; General Revenue Fund liquidity. | + - , - • • |
| December 2008 | June 2009 | To relieve General Revenue Fund cash flow pressures. | \$1,400 |
| May 2009 | May 2010* | Failure of Revenues | \$1,000 |
| August 2009 | June 2010 | Failure of Revenues | \$1,250 |
| July 2010 | June 2011 | Failure of Revenues | \$1,300 |
| July 2010 | June 2011 | Failure of Revenues - Borrowed through the Federal Reserve's Municipal | \$1,198 |
| June 2020 | June 2021* | Liquidity Facility due to COVID-19 shutdown effect on State revenues, for | ψ1,170 |
| June 2020 | June 2021 | Medicaid-related vouchers. | |
| *Across fiscal yea | r horrowing | | |
| | | rings were issued to provide liquidity to the State's Hospital Provider Fund to make sup | plemental |
| | | e federally-approved Medicaid State Plan. | |
| CORC | NAVIRUS UR | GENT REMEDIATION EMERCENCY BORROWING A | СТ |
| | | Failure of Revenues - Borrowed through the Federal Reserve's Municipal | \$2,000 |
| December 2020 | December 2023 [^] | Liquidity Facility due to COVID-19 shutdown effect on State revenues, for | , |
| | 2023 | | |
| | | Medicaid-related vouchers. | |

with a 10-year maturity through negotiated (in FY 2020-FY2021) or competitive sale to meet failures of revenue and increases in expenditures from the COVID-19 pandemic. Source: Governor's Office of Management & Budget

MLF BORROWING

The Municipal Liquidity Facility (MLF) was established under Section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act, with approval of the Treasury Secretary, under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act enacted in March 2020. The MLF was allowed to buy up to \$500 billion in debt from state and local governments affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The MLF would have allowed Illinois to borrow up to \$9.677 billion, through December 31, 2020, with up to a 3-year maturity, through negotiated or competitive sale. Illinois passed Public Act 101-0630 which created the Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (CURE) Borrowing Act, allowing the State to borrow from Federal programs related to COVID-19 in an amount up to \$5 billion outstanding at one time, with a 10-year maturity, through negotiated (in FY 2020 & FY 2021) or competitive sale.

Illinois borrowed \$1.2 billion of General Obligation Certificates in June 2020 for a failure of revenues under the Short-Term Borrowing Act. The proceeds were used for Medicaid-related vouchers awaiting payment at the Comptroller's Office. The market had been through many ups and downs over the previous few months due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Buyers had become hesitant to buy lower credits even with higher yields. The State tried to price the deal in May 2020, but had to put the deal on hold watching day-to-day whether market conditions would improve. Because of wide spreads and high interest rates in the market, the State became the first to take advantage of the Federal Reserve's Municipal Liquidity Facility. The State passed enabling legislation (Public Act 101-0630) and the Federal Reserve allowed for the purchase of competitively bid bonds, both of which gave Illinois options to borrow from the program.

The June 2020 \$1.2 billion GO Certificates were sold with an interest rate of 3.82%. This rate was lowered by the Municipal Liquidity Facility to 3.36% on August 27, 2020, when the Federal Reserve decided to lower the rates for the users of the facility and retroactively fixed the rate for Illinois. The original interest of \$45.8 million was lowered to approximately \$33 million. The MLF guidelines allowed for sellers to pay off the debt early which would affect the amount of interest to be paid. The final pay off date was June 5, 2021. The State made early payments starting in November 2020, with \$1.209 billion from GRF and \$23.8 million from federal Coronavirus Relief Funds.

| REPA | YMENT ON JUN | E 2020 CERTIFIC | ATES |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Redemption Date | Principal | Accrued Interest | Total |
| 11/30/2020 | 196,580,000.00 | 3,416,778.82 | 199,996,778.82 |
| 12/30/2020 | 78,420,000.00 | 1,582,602.73 | 80,002,602.73 |
| 1/26/2021 | 80,000,000.00 | 1,808,622.22 | 81,808,622.22 |
| 3/23/2021 | 145,000,000.00 | 4,049,527.78 | 149,049,527.78 |
| 4/13/2021 | 300,000,000.00 | 8,938,333.33 | 308,938,333.33 |
| 5/11/2021 | 250,000,000.00 | 8,101,944.45 | 258,101,944.45 |
| 6/7/2021 | 150,000,000.00 | 5,197,166.67 | 155,197,166.67 |
| | | | |
| Total | 1,200,000,000.00 | 33,094,976.00 | 1,233,094,976.00 |
| Source: GOMB 5/28/2021 | | | |

Illinois borrowed \$2 billion in General Obligation Notes from the MLF on December 17, 2020 under the CURE Borrowing Act. The borrowing received a 3.42% rate and has a 3-year maturity (to be paid off by December 2023). The proceeds were used for the payment of Medicaid-related bills which would generate approximately \$1 billion dollars in federal matching funds. The 3-year maturity would require \$204.8 million in interest to be paid. Although Illinois will receive \$8.1 billion from the American Rescue Plan (originally expected to be \$7.5 billion), the initial rules restrict the funds from being used to pay debt service on borrowing. Due to increased revenues, the \$2 billion in debt will be paid off entirely per the FY 2022 Budget, which will decrease the total interest to be paid by approximately \$100 million. Through June 30, 2021, the State has transferred \$1 billion to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund for use as repayment in FY 2022 towards the \$2 billion sale.

BOND SALES

| | | STATE-IS | SUED BO | ND SALES | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------|-------|---------|-------|--|--|
| DATE | BOND SALE TYPE | AMOUNT | TAXABLE v. TAX- EXEMPT | NEGOTIATED v. COMPETITIVE SALE | TRUE INTEREST COST | S&P | FITCH | MOODY'S | KROLL | | |
| FY 2019 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sep-18 | General Obligation Refunding A & B | \$966 million | tax-exempt | negotiated | combined 4.19% | BBB- | BBB | Baa3 | | | |
| Oct-18 | Build IL October 2018 A | \$115 million | tax-exempt | competitive | 4.16% | A- | BBB | | AA+ | | |
| Oct-18 | Build IL October 2018 A | \$125 million | tax-exempt | competitive | 4.27% | A- | BBB | | AA+ | | |
| Oct-18 | Build IL October 2018 A | \$10 million | taxable | competitive | 4.09% | A- | BBB | | AA+ | | |
| Apr-19 | General Obligation Pension Obligation Acceleration Bonds April 2019A | \$300 million | taxable | competitive | 5.74% | BBB | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Apr-19 | General Obligation Refunding April 2019B | \$140 million | tax-exempt | competitive | 3.33% | BBB | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| | | | FY 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Nov-19 | General Obligation November 2019A/B/C | \$750 million | tax-exempt | competitive | all in TIC 3.4578% | BBB | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| May-20 | General Obligation May 2020 | \$800 million | tax-exempt | negotiated | all in TIC 5.83% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Jun-20 | General Obligation Certificates (MLF) | \$1.2 billion | tax-exempt | negotiated | 3.36% adjusted | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| | | | FY 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| Oct-20 | General Obligation October 2020 A | \$125 million | taxable | competitive | 2.83% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Oct-20 | General Obligation October 2020 B | \$325 million | tax-exempt | competitive | 3.71% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Oct-20 | General Obligation October 2020 C | \$300 million | tax-exempt | competitive | 4.32% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Oct-20 | General Obligation October 2020 D | \$100 million | tax-exempt | competitive | 2.15% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Dec-20 | General Obligation Notes (MLF) | \$2.0 billion | tax-exempt | negotiated | 3.42% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Mar-21 | General Obligation March 2021A | \$850 million | tax-exempt | negotiated | | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Mar-21 | General Obligation March 2021B | \$150 million | tax-exempt | negotiated | 2.90% | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |
| Mar-21 | General Obligation Refunding March 2021C | \$258 million | tax-exempt | negotiated | | BBB- | BBB- | Baa3 | | | |

Illinois sold \$1.258 billion in General Obligation bonds on March 16, 2021, a day earlier than planned due to a high amount of market interest in the sale. The March 2021A bonds will be used for capital projects and pension acceleration bonds. The March 2021B will be used for information technology projects and the March 2021C bonds will be refunding previous GO bonds for savings. The combined true interest cost was 2.90%, and the refunding portion will save the State almost \$22 million in interest.

"The state said it had received strong enough order interest in the pre-marketing wire distributed Monday that it decided to accelerate the sale which drew 'more than 700 orders from more than 130 different investors, including respected names that have not invested in the state for a decade,' the state's Director of Capital Markets Paul Chatalas said in a statement...A confluence of factors helped the sale, from the return of inflows and demand for higher-yielding paper to the state's improving tax projections and a looming infusion of \$7.5 billion from the \$1.9 trillion American Rescue Plan signed by President Biden last week...The state's one-year bond settled at 0.69%, a 63 basis point spread to Refinitiv MMD's AAA benchmark. The 10-year landed at 2.22%, 120 basis point spread, and the 25-year bond at 2.75%, a 115 basis point spread. All came with 5% coupons." [*Illinois primary market penalties shrink to levels of bygone era*, by Yvette Shields, The Bond Buyer, March 17, 2021]

Illinois borrowed \$2 billion from the Federal Reserve's Municipal Liquidity Facility (MLF) on December 17, 2020. The borrowing received a 3.42% rate and has a 3-year maturity. The proceeds will be used for the payment of Medicaid-related bills which will generate approximately \$1 billion dollars in federal matching funds. Illinois previously borrowed \$1.2 billion of General Obligation Certificates in June 2020 for a failure of revenues, which also was used for Medicaid-related vouchers awaiting payment at the Comptroller's Office.

"The state's three-year bond was at 1.99%, a 183 basis point spread to the Municipal Market Data's AAA benchmark earlier this week when terms were set and by Thursday had narrowed to 1.94%, a 178 basis point spread so the 3.42% represents a steep penalty...Despite the high rate, market participants have said the state's decision to use the MLF was a smart move given its market rates fluctuate and its access alone could contribute to improved overall trading levels." *[Illinois pockets \$2B Fed MLF loan*, by Yvette Shields, The Bond Buyer, December 18, 2020.]

In October 2020, the State sold \$850 million of General Obligation bonds competitively in four series. Series A was taxable and will be used for the accelerated pension buy-out programs. Series B, C and D were tax exempt and will be used for capital projects and information technology projects.

"The state will pay an aggregated true interest cost of 3.948%, low when compared to historic levels but punishing given the market's attractive rates with the Municipal Market Data's 10-year AAA benchmark set at 0.96% at the market close Tuesday and the BBB benchmark at 2.22%."

"Illinois fared better in the market Tuesday compared to recent trading levels — especially on the short end — as investors on a hunt for yield put aside worries over COVID-19 fiscal wounds threatening the state's investment grade ratings...The deal's results landed close to where the state's bonds 10 years and out were trading early this month before widening by 10 basis points last week and shorter bonds saw penalties shrink by 40 basis points compared to the start of the month and 50 basis points from a week ago." [*Illinois spread penalties held in check as high yields suit buyers*, by Yvette Shields, The Bond Buyer, October 21, 2020]

Illinois borrowed \$1.2 billion of General Obligation Certificates in June 2020 for a failure of revenues. The proceeds were used for Medicaid-related vouchers awaiting payment at the Comptroller's Office. The market had been through many ups and downs over the past few months due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Buyers had become hesitant to buy lower credits even with higher yields. The State tried to price the deal in May, but had to put the deal on hold watching day-to-day whether market conditions would improve. With wide spreads and high interest rates, the State became the first to take advantage of the Federal Reserve's Municipal Liquidity Facility (MLF). The State passed enabling legislation (Public Act 101-0630) and the Federal Reserve allowed for the purchase of competitively bid bonds, both of which allowed Illinois to borrow from the program. Illinois was to pay 3.82% interest for one year, but the Federal Reserve lowered the interest rate to 3.36% on August 27, 2020.

"At the time the state's one-year was set at 3.73%, a 296 basis point spread to MMD top benchmark. Market participants said they expected the market to price the notes at a much higher interest rate. The one-year maturity in the 25-year long term bond sale that came a week later landed at a 4.875% yield for a 433 bp spread to the AAA scale." [*Illinois is first to use Fed MLF program in \$1.2 billion deal*, By Yvette Shields, The Bond Buyer, June 02, 2020]

Illinois sold \$800 million in General Obligation bonds in May 2020 for capital projects and the Pension Acceleration programs. The negotiated bonds had an all-in true interest cost of 5.83%, and received \$8.4 billion of orders from over 120 investors.

"The 10-year bond in the deal landed at 5.65%, a 452 basis point spread to Municipal Market Data's AAA benchmark and a 331 bp spread to the BBB benchmark...Illinois headed into the deal with its one-year bond at a 373 bp spread, its 10-year and 25 year at a 415 bp spread. The deal's long bond came in below secondary levels settling at a 396 bp spread.

"Matt Fabian, a partner at Municipal Market Analytics, called the deal a great opportunity for the right buyer and thought it should have drawn even stronger interest given the inherent strengths in a sovereign state...'It's just a tremendous opportunity for a buy-and-hold investor who can bear some price volatility over the next year...This is where municipal investors should be flexing their intelligence about the strength of a state GO and put their money into this. The risk of Illinois not paying is miniscule'...Fabian also didn't see the yields as high enough to serve as a deterrent for state borrowing. 'There's a risk that some people will look at those prices and see them as telegraphing' trouble, but the pandemic has made 'it an extremely difficult situation for everyone'." *[Illinois pays peak penalty to borrow*, by Yvette Shields, The Bond Buyer, May 14, 2020.]

Illinois sold \$750 million in General Obligation bonds competitively at the beginning of November 2019. The tax-exempt bonds were sold in three series with a total all-in true interest cost of 3.4578%. The proceeds will be used mainly for transportation projects under the State's new six-year \$45 billion Rebuild Illinois capital program.

The 10-year bond came in at a 140 basis point (bp) spread to the Municipal Market Data's AAA benchmark, and 78 basis points from the BBB benchmark level that the State's ratings are actually at. "The state's spreads have fluctuated in recent years. The 10-year in an August 2018 deal landed at a 175 bp spread. That deal sold after the state's two-year budget impasse ended. The 10-year in the previous deal that sold in the fall of 2016 amid budget gridlock came at a 192 bp spread.

"Barclays won over nine other bidders on the \$300 million series that offered maturities from 2020 to 2029 with a true interest cost of 2.6058%. Bank of America Merrill Lynch won the \$300 million series with maturities from 2030 to 2039 with its 3.5786% TIC over seven other bidders and it won the \$150 million that offered maturities from 2040 to 2044 with a TIC of 3.8057% over 10 other bidders. Cover bids were tight indicating the deal sold on the market

based on demand, traders said." [*Competitive Illinois GO deal brings narrower spreads*, The Bond Buyer, by Yvette Shields, November 6, 2019.]

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PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS

The State sold three sets of Pension Obligation Bonds to pay State pension payments and in the case of the 2003 bonds to also put funds into the five State pension systems. The FY 2010 and FY 2011 Pension Obligation bonds have been repaid. The FY 2003 Pension Obligation bonds were a 30-year bond, which won't be paid off until FY 2033.

Pension Acceleration bonds are sold to pay for employees taking an accelerated retirement payment. The authorization level approved for these bonds is \$1 billion. The State sold \$300 million in FY 2019, \$220 million in FY 2020, and \$212 million through March 2021. According to the most recent information from the eligible State pension systems, the total payouts to date for both pension acceleration buyout programs equal \$648.0 million.

| (| COMBINED DEB | F SERVICE OF F | PENSION OBLIGA | TION AND PENSION | ACCELERATION B | ONDS |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | \$10 Billion | \$300 Million | \$225 Million | \$125 Million | \$87 Million | COMBINED |
| Fiscal Year | 2003 POB Total | 2019 PAB Total | 2020 PAB Total | Oct 2020 PAB Total | Mar 2021 PAB Total | Grand Total |
| FY 2021 | \$713,412,500 | \$27,546,000 | 20,822,781 | 1,949,769 | | \$763,731,050 |
| FY 2022 | \$749,800,000 | \$27,096,000 | 20,970,000 | 16,443,900 | 7,419,883 | \$821,729,783 |
| FY 2023 | \$783,712,500 | \$26,646,000 | 20,508,750 | 16,194,900 | 7,514,882 | \$854,577,032 |
| FY 2024 | \$840,150,000 | \$26,166,000 | 20,025,000 | 15,889,500 | 7,340,926 | \$909,571,426 |
| FY 2025 | \$892,200,000 | \$25,662,000 | 19,530,000 | 15,530,700 | 7,166,971 | \$960,089,671 |
| FY 2026 | \$915,425,000 | \$25,122,000 | 19,035,000 | 8,234,900 | 6,993,015 | \$974,809,915 |
| FY 2027 | \$936,100,000 | \$24,552,000 | 18,540,000 | 6,637,500 | 6,819,060 | \$992,648,560 |
| FY 2028 | \$979,225,000 | \$23,952,000 | 18,045,000 | 6,457,500 | 6,645,104 | \$1,034,324,604 |
| FY 2029 | \$1,018,525,000 | \$23,328,000 | 17,550,000 | 6,277,500 | 6,471,148 | \$1,072,151,648 |
| FY 2030 | \$1,079,000,000 | \$22,680,000 | 17,055,000 | 6,097,500 | 6,297,193 | \$1,131,129,693 |
| FY 2031 | \$1,134,375,000 | \$22,008,000 | 16,560,000 | 5,917,500 | 6,123,237 | \$1,184,983,737 |
| FY 2032 | \$1,159,650,000 | \$21,324,000 | 16,065,000 | 5,737,500 | 5,949,282 | \$1,208,725,782 |
| FY 2033 | \$1,156,100,000 | \$20,628,000 | 15,570,000 | 5,575,500 | 5,775,326 | \$1,203,648,826 |
| FY 2034 | | \$19,920,000 | 15,075,000 | 5,431,500 | 5,601,370 | \$46,027,870 |
| FY 2035 | | \$19,200,000 | 14,580,000 | 5,287,500 | 5,427,415 | \$44,494,915 |
| FY 2036 | | \$18,480,000 | 14,085,000 | 5,143,500 | 5,253,459 | \$42,961,959 |
| FY 2037 | | \$17,760,000 | 13,590,000 | 4,997,250 | 5,079,504 | \$41,426,754 |
| FY 2038 | | \$17,040,000 | 13,095,000 | 4,851,000 | 4,905,548 | \$39,891,548 |
| FY 2039 | | \$16,320,000 | 12,600,000 | 4,707,000 | 4,766,383 | \$38,393,383 |
| FY 2040 | | \$15,600,000 | 12,105,000 | 4,563,000 | 4,627,219 | \$36,895,21 |
| FY 2041 | | \$14,880,000 | 11,587,500 | 4,419,000 | 4,488,054 | \$35,374,554 |
| FY 2042 | | \$14,160,000 | 11,070,000 | 4,275,000 | 4,348,890 | \$33,853,890 |
| FY 2043 | | \$13,440,000 | 10,552,500 | 4,131,000 | 4,174,934 | \$32,298,434 |
| FY 2044 | | \$12,720,000 | 10,035,000 | 3,982,500 | 4,000,979 | \$30,738,479 |
| FY 2045 | | | 9,517,500 | 3,829,500 | 3,827,023 | \$17,174,023 |
| FY 2046 | | | , , , | 3,676,500 | 3,653,068 | \$7,329,568 |
| TOTAL | \$12,357,675,000 | \$496,230,000 | \$388,169,031 | \$176,238,419 | \$140,669,873 | \$13,558,982,323 |
| | PA 93-0002 | PA 100-0587 | PA 100-0587 | PA 100-0587 | PA 100-0587 | |
| | TIC = 5.047% | TIC = 5.741% | TIC = 5.817808% | TIC = aggregated 3.948% | TIC = 2.90% | |
| | 30-year maturity | 25-year maturity | 25-year maturity | 25-year maturity | 25-year maturity | |

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BOND AUTHORIZATION AND APPROPRIATED AMOUNTS

The table below shows bond authorization levels, amounts unissued and appropriated. The table below shows the status of authorization levels for each category of G.O. bonds and for State-issued revenue bonds. General Obligation capital projects total authorization is \$51.5 billion, with approximately \$21 billion remaining unissued as of May 31, 2021. Pension Acceleration bond authorization available is \$263 million. Income Tax Bonds have remaining authorization of \$1.2 billion. Build Illinois Bonds have available authorization of \$3.684 billion.

| STATUS OI | F G.O. AND S | STATE-ISS | SUED REVEN | UE BONDS | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | as o | f June 30, | 2021 | | |
| (\$ in billions) | Authorization | Un-Issued | Appropriated [†] | Available after | Over* |
| | | | | appropriations | Committed |
| Capital Facilities | \$18.580 | \$8.865 | \$18.295 | \$0.285 | \$0.207 |
| School Construction | \$4.824 | \$0.502 | \$4.856 | -\$0.032 | \$0.092 |
| Anti-Pollution | \$0.818 | \$0.185 | \$0.789 | \$0.030 | \$0.016 |
| Transportation A | \$11.921 | \$5.580 | \$12.039 | -\$0.118 | \$0.174 |
| Transportation B | \$5.966 | \$1.448 | \$5.703 | \$0.263 | |
| Transportation D | \$4.660 | \$0.266 | \$4.719 | -\$0.059 | \$0.059 |
| Transportation E Mutimodal | \$4.500 | \$4.159 | \$4.582 | -\$0.082 | \$0.082 |
| Coal & Energy Development | \$0.243 | \$0.089 | \$0.148 | \$0.095 | |
| SUBTOTAL | \$51.514 | \$21.093 | \$51.131 | \$0.383 | \$0.629 |
| Pension bonds | \$17.562 | \$0.396 | \$17.166 | \$0.396 | |
| Pension Acceleration Bonds | \$1.000 | \$0.263 | \$0.608 | \$0.392 | |
| Medicaid Funding Series | \$0.250 | \$0.004 | \$0.246 | \$0.004 | |
| Income Tax Bonds | \$7.200 | \$1.200 | \$6.000 | \$1.200 | |
| TOTAL | \$77.526 | \$22.957 | \$75.151 | \$2.375 | \$0.629 |
| | Limit | Un-Issued | Principal | Available | Over |
| | | | Outstanding | | Committed |
| G.O. Refunding [°] | \$4.839 | \$1.970 | \$2.869 | \$1.970 | |
| | Authorization | Un-Issued | Appropriated [†] | Available after | Over* |
| | | | | appropriations | Committed |
| Build Illinois | \$9.485 | \$3.684 | \$11.967 | -\$2.482 | \$2.482 |
| | Limit | Un-Issued | Principal | Available | Over |
| | | | Outstanding | | Committed |
| Build IL Refunding | Unlimited | Unlimited | \$0.620 | Unlimited | |
| | Authorization | Un-Issued | Principal | Available | Over |
| | | | Outstanding | | Committed |
| Civic Center | \$0.200 | \$0.200 | \$0.000 | \$0.200 | |
| | Limit | Un-Issued | Principal | Available | Over |
| | | | Outstanding | | Committed |
| Civic Center Refunding | Unlimited | Unlimited | \$0.000 | Unlimited | |
| Based on the Office of the Comp | troller's "Recap of | of General and | d Special Obligatio | n Bonded Indebted | ness and |

Based on the Office of the Comptroller's "Recap of General and Special Obligation Bonded Indebtedness and Update of Comparisons of General and Special Obligation Bond Activity".

†Includes appropriations up through FY 2021.

*Over Committed amounts come from specific line items under each Category in Statute that have higher appropriations than authorization. Does not include bond sale expenses.

[°]Refunding is limited only by how much is outstanding at one time. As principal amounts are paid off, those amounts become available for future refundings.

Note: Excludes bond premiums and expenses related to bond sales.

BOND RATING AGENCIES COMMENTARY

BOND RATINGS UPGRADES

MOODY'S — upgrades Illinois' bond rating to Baa2

Moody's upgraded Illinois' General Obligation bonds and Build Illinois bonds from Baa3 to Baa2, and the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority from Ba1 (junk) to Baa3.

"The upgrade of Illinois' GO rating to Baa2 from Baa3 is supported by material improvement in the state's finances. The enacted fiscal 2022 budget for the state increases pension contributions, repays emergency Federal Reserve borrowings and keeps a backlog of bills in check with only constrained use of federal aid from the American Rescue Plan Act. Illinois still faces longer-term challenges from unusually large unfunded pension liabilities, which are routinely shortchanged under the state's funding statute. These liabilities could exert growing pressure as the impact of federal support dissipates, barring significant revenue increases or other fiscal changes." [*Moody's upgrades Illinois general obligation rating to Baa2 from Baa3; outlook stable*, Moody's Investor Service, June 29, 2021]

STANDARD & POOR'S - upgrades Illinois' bond rating to BBB

S&P raised the State's bond rating from BBB- to BBB with a stable outlook. Build Illinois bonds and MPEA bonds were both raised from BBB to BBB+.

"The upgrade reflects our view of improved liquidity, demonstrated operational controls during the pandemic, and an improving economic condition," said S&P Global Ratings credit analyst Geoff Buswick. "The rating also reflects our opinion of governance risks that we view as being above the sector norms due to the constitutional limits the state faces to modify its rising pension costs, and that the state is not contributing to meet static funding, limiting current and future budgetary flexibility. However, we view the state's environmental risks as in line with our view of the sector. Our rating action also considered the COVID-19 pandemic, which we view as a social factor elevating health and safety. This risk is abating and is not viewed as a material credit factor.

"The stable outlook reflects the expected strength of the liquidity position, continued economic recovery, and regular revenue and expenditure reporting and budgetary control usage.

"We could raise the rating if we believe the recent improvements in fiscal operations and overall budget management coupled with the economic recovery will continue. The state's economic base can already support a higher rating. Any upside to the state's creditworthiness, however, remains somewhat constrained by the poorly funded pension systems and other outsize liabilities. If Illinois were to make sustainable progress toward structural balance, including meeting its pension obligations, further reducing its bill backlog, and increasing reserves, we could raise the rating.

"We could lower the rating if we believe Illinois' high fixed costs, particularly pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and a lack of reserves, limit operational flexibility while facing the next economic downturn, or if the use of additional ARP money will create additional budgetary structural challenges." [*State Of Illinois Debt Rating Raised To 'BBB' From 'BBB-' On Improving Fiscal Position*, S&P Global Ratings, July 8, 2021]

FITCH — ratings outlook improved

FitchRatings has changed Illinois' rating outlook from negative to positive after the Governor signed the State budget into law. Fitch had downgraded Illinois from BBB to BBB- and changed the outlook to negative in April 2020. (S&P and Moody's had changed the state to negative during the COVID-19 pandemic, but have since changed their outlooks back to stable.) Some of the factors for improving the outlook came from strong revenue growth, federal relief, and the pay down of short-term borrowing, inter-fund borrowing, and the State's bill backlog.

"The Outlook Revision to Positive from Negative, reflects Illinois' preservation of fiscal resilience given the quick and sustained economic recovery since the start of the pandemic, coupled with the state's unwinding of certain nonrecurring fiscal measures. Recent fiscal results and the enacted fiscal 2022 budget suggest further improvements in operating performance and structural balance in the near and medium-term that could support a return to the pre-pandemic rating or higher...Baseline revenue projections are back on track with pre-pandemic expectations, further reflecting the speed of recovery....Fitch considers the state's revenue estimates for fiscal 2022 realistic but subject to pandemic-driven uncertainty.

"Illinois' legislature also enacted a spending plan for ARPA aid, focused on one-time investments rather than recurring operating needs...With this initial allocation, the state appears to have avoided the use of ARPA aid for any material ongoing program costs in this budget...With more than \$5 billion left to be spent, Fitch will carefully assess the state's plans for the remaining ARPA direct aid which we anticipate will be focused on non-recurring uses." [*Fitch Revises State of Illinois' Rating Outlook to Positive; Affirms IDR at 'BBB-'*, FitchRatings, Wed. 23 Jun, 2021]

| Date of Rating Action Jun-Jul 2021 April 2020 June 2017 February 2017 September 2016 June 2016 | Fite Rating BBB- BBB | eh up/down ↓1x ↓1x | S Rating BBB BBB- | G&P up/down ↑1x | Moo Rating Baa2 | ody's up/down ↑1x |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Jun-Jul 2021 April 2020 June 2017 February 2017 September 2016 | BBB- | ↓1x | BBB | - | , | |
| April 2020 June 2017 February 2017 September 2016 | | · | | ↑ 1 x | Baa2 | ↑1x |
| June 2017 February 2017 September 2016 | | · | BBB- | | | |
| February 2017 September 2016 | BBB | ↓1x | BBB- | 1 | | |
| September 2016 | BBB | ↓1x | | ↓1x | Baa3 | ↓1x |
| - | | | | | | |
| Trans 2016 | | | BBB | ↓1x | | |
| June 2016 | | | BBB+ | ↓1x | Baa2 | ↓1x |
| October 2015 | BBB+ | ↓1x | | | Baa1 | ↓1x |
| June 2013 | <i>A</i> - | ↓1x | | | <i>A3</i> | ↓1x |
| Jan 2013 | | | A- | ↓1x | | |
| Aug 2012 | | | \boldsymbol{A} | ↓1x | | |
| Jan 2012 | | | | | A2 | ↓1x |
| Jun 2010 | A | ↓1x | | | <i>A1</i> | ↓1x |
| Mar-Apr 2010 A | A - A + recal | \downarrow 1x/ \uparrow 2x | | | Aa3 recal | ↑2 x |
| Dec 2009 | | | A+ | ↓1x | <i>A2</i> | ↓1x |
| Mar-Jul 2009 | A | ↓2x | AA- | ↓1x | <i>A1</i> | ↓1x |
| Dec 2008 | AA- | ↓1x | | | | |
| May 2003 | AA | ↓1x | | | Aa3 | ↓1x |
| Jun 2000 | AA + | ↑1x | | | | |
| Jun 1998 | | | | | Aa2 | ↑1x |
| Jul 1997 | | | AA | ↑1x | | |
| Feb 1997 | | | | | Aa3 | ↑1x |
| Sep 1996 | AA | initial rating | | | | |
| Feb 1995 | | _ | | | <i>A1</i> | ↓1x |
| Aug 1992 | | | AA- | ↓1x | Aa* | ↓1x |
| Aug-Sep 1991 | | | AA | ↓1x | Aa1 | ↓1x |
| Mar 1983 | | | AA + | ↓1x | | |
| Feb 1979 | | | AAA | initial rating | | |
| 1973 | | | | | AAA | initial rating |

ILLINOIS' CREDIT RATINGS

Note: "recal" means recalibration, when Fitch and Moody's revised their ratings on municipal bonds to match global/corporate ratings. These are not considered upgrades. *Moody's rating of Aa was before that level had modifiers of Aa2 and Aa3, so it was considered one level

in between AA1 and A1

| BUILD ILLINOIS BOND RATINGS | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| Rating | Mar-Apr | June | Jan | June | Oct | Jun | Jun | May | Oct | Apr | Jun-Jul |
| Agencies | 2010* | 2010 | 2012 | 2013 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2018 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Fitch | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ratings | AA+ | AA+ | AA+ | AA+ | AA+ | AA+ | AA+ | A- | A- | BBB+ | BBB+ |
| Standard | | | | | | | | | | | |
| & Poor's | AAA | AAA | AAA | AAA | AAA | AAA | AA- | AA- | BBB | BBB | BBB+ |
| Moody's | Aa3 | A1 | A2 | A3 | Baa1 | Baa2 | Baa3 | Baa3 | Baa3 | Baa3 | Baa2 |
| Kroll | | | | | | | | | AA+ | | |

ILLINOIS' CREDIT SPREAD

Illinois' Spread Penalties Diminished to BBB Baseline in June 2021

Illinois's bond ratings had been at the BBB-/Baa3 level, just above junk, from Moody's and Standard & Poor's ratings agencies since June 2017, and Fitch since April 2020. The agencies explained that their ratings are due to Illinois' structural imbalance between revenue and spending, the years-long bill backlogs, and the State's pension liabilities. Even at this ratings' level, Illinois has paid additional spread penalties to the AAA and the BBB benchmarks in the bond market.

Looking at previous years, the spread for June was 174 basis points in 2018 to the AAA and 139 basis points to the AAA in 2019. In June of 2020, the State's spread was as high as 325 basis points to the AAA. "Illinois spread penalties narrowed this month [June 2021] to levels in line with its ratings for the first time in years as the state reaps the benefits of swelling tax revenues, federal cash and a market looking for scarce yield...The state's 10-year spread currently stands at 63 basis points higher than Refinitiv Municipal Market Data's AAA benchmark and the yield of 1.59% matches the BBB benchmark."

"'A lot of the sectors and credits that were beaten up during the pandemic have seen spreads narrowing over the last month because of the economic reopening picture and vaccines etc. But no doubt, the move in Illinois spreads has been incredibly impressive over the past six months,' Greg Saulnier, managing analyst for U.S. Municipal Bonds at Refinitiv, said...While the national economic landscape and market appetites play into the 'impressive' spread movement, the state's near-term rating and budgetary stability are factors too." [*Illinois Spreads Hit the BBB Mark*, by Yvette Shields, The Bond Buyer, June 18, 2021]

- FY 2018 FY 2022 Interfund Borrowing
- FY 2015 Interfund Borrowing
- Treasurer's Investment Borrowing
- Special Fund Transfers Summary
- FY 2018 Fund Sweeps
- FY 2015 Fund Sweeps



FY 2018 – FY 2022 INTERFUND BORROWING

Beginning in FY 2018, Interfund Borrowing was allowed for up to \$1.2 billion outstanding at one time. The initial legislation, Public Act 100-0023, allowed for borrowing from July 6, 2017 through December 31, 2018. Public Act 100-0587 extended the time for borrowing through March 1, 2019. Public Act 101-0010 extended the borrowing period to March 1, 2021 and the payback period from 24 months to 48 months. Public Act 101-636, passed in May 2020, extended the borrowing through June 30, 2021 and increased the level to \$1.5 billion. And the recently passed Budget Implementation bill, Public Act 102-0016, extended the borrowing through June 30, 2022 and payback to 60 months from the date on which the funds were borrowed.

Interfund Borrowing may include transfers from unspecified special state funds to general funds and the Health Insurance Reserve Fund up to and outstanding at any one time of \$1.5 billion (increased from \$1.2 billion in Public Act 101-636). Additional transfers and retransfers may occur between funds as needed due to insufficient cash in the originator fund, as long as the amount outstanding is still at or below \$1.5 billion. Amounts shall be repaid from general funds to the original funds with interest within 60 months of the date borrowed.

Transfers through the end of FY 2021 to the General Revenue Fund equaled \$1.246 billion (excluding \$10.5 million from other general fund Commitment to Human Service Fund, which has been paid back), while transfers to the Health Insurance Reserve Fund equaled \$231 million. Principal of approximately \$559 million has been paid back to some of the originating funds. As of June 30, 2021, the total outstanding was \$928 million, which allows for room to borrow approximately \$571.9 million.

| | FY 2018 - FY 2022 I | NTERFUND F | BORROWIN | G | |
|-----------|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | 30 ILCS 105/5h.5 Interfund Borrowin | | | | |
| | Transfer from Fund | Transferred | Transferred | Principal | Amounts to be |
| | Fund Name | To GRF | To HIRF | Paid Back | Paid Back |
| 0016 | Teacher Certificate Fee Revolving Fund | | \$3,000,000 | | \$3,000,000 |
| 0022 | General Professions Dedicated Fund | \$100,000 | \$5,000,000 | | \$5,100,000 |
| 0044 | Lobbyist Registration Administration Fund | \$2,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0047 | Fire Prevention Fund | | \$5,000,000 | | \$5,000,000 |
| 0048 | Rural/Downstate Health Access Fund | \$200,000 | | \$200,000 | \$0 |
| 0050 | Mental Health Fund | | \$2,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0054 | State Pensions Fund | \$50,000,000 | | \$50,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0057 | Illinois State Pharmacy Disciplinary Fund | | \$1,000,000 | | \$1,000,000 |
| 0059 | Public Utility Fund | | \$5,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$3,000,000 |
| 0067 | Radiation Protection Fund | \$1,000,000 | | | \$1,000,000 |
| 0068 | Hospital Licensure Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | | \$3,000,000 |
| 0069 | Natural Heritage Endowment Trust Fund | \$340,000 | | \$340,000 | \$0 |
| 0072 | Underground Storage Tank Fund | \$99,300,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$53,000,000 | \$86,300,000 |
| 0075 | Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund | \$5,500,000 | | | \$5,500,000 |
| 0078 | Solid Waste Management Fund | | \$10,000,000 | | \$10,000,000 |
| 0082 | Distance Learning Fund | \$100,000 | | | \$100,000 |
| 0089 | Subtitle D Management Fund | | \$2,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0093 | Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Fund | \$20,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | | \$26,000,000 |
| 0104 | Stroke Data Collection Fund | \$150,000 | | | \$150,000 |
| 0113 | Community Health Center Care Fund | \$400,000 | | \$400,000 | \$0 |
| 0115 | Safe Bottled Water Fund | \$150,000 | | | \$150,000 |
| 0118 | Facility Licensing Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$1,500,000 |
| 0145 | Explosives Regulatory Fund | \$200,000 | 1 7 7 | . ,, | \$200,000 |
| 0148 | Mental Health Reporting Fund | \$4,000,000 | | \$4,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0150 | Rental Housing Support Program Fund | + .,, | \$1,000,000 | + ,,, | \$1,000,000 |
| 0151 | Registered Certified Public Accountants' | | . ,, | | . ,, |
| 0101 | Administration and Disciplinary Fund | \$500,000 | \$3,000,000 | | \$3,500,000 |
| 0152 | State Crime Laboratory Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$3,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0166 | State Police Merit Board Public Safety Fund | \$500,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$2,200,000 | \$500,000 |
| 0184 | ICJIA Violence Prevention Fund | \$100,000 | | \$100,000 | \$0 |
| 0238 | Illinois Health Facilities Planning Fund | \$1,000,000 | | <i>\</i> | \$1,000,000 |
| 0240 | Emergency Public Health Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$500,000 | | \$500,000 |
| 0244 | Residential Finance Regulatory Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0245 | Fair and Exposition Fund | \$2,500,000 | \$1,000,000 | | \$2,500,000 |
| 0245 | Public Health Water Permit Fund | \$150,000 | | | \$150,000 |
| 0258 | Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund | \$8,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | | \$12,000,000 |
| 0259 | Optometric Licensing and Disciplinary Board | φ0,000,000 | φ1,000,000 | | <i>Q12,000,000</i> |
| 0239 | Fund | \$350,000 | | | \$350,000 |
| 0265 | State Rail Freight Loan Repayment Fund | \$6,000,000 | | | \$5,000,000 |
| 0203 | Income Tax Refund Fund | \$150,000,000 | | \$150,000,000 | \$0,000,000 |
| 0278 | Illinois Affordable Housing Trust Fund | \$21,295,000 | | \$130,000,000 | \$10,000,000 |
| 0280 | Regulatory Fund | \$21,293,000 | | φ11,295,000 | \$10,000,000 |
| 0291 | Used Tire Management Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,000,000 | | \$2,500,000 |
| 0294 0298 | Natural Areas Acquisition Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0298 | Open Space Lands Acquisition and Development | φ2,000,000 | | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0299 | | \$58,000,000 | | | \$58,000,000 |
| 0327 | Fund Tattag and Body Diarging Establishment | \$58,000,000 | | | \$38,000,000 |
| 0327 | Tattoo and Body Piercing Establishment | ¢500.000 | | | \$500.000 |
| 0240 | Registration Fund | \$500,000 | | | \$500,000 |
| 0340 | Public Health Laboratory Services Revolving | | ¢1 500 000 | ¢1 500 000 | ¢0. |
| 02.42 | Fund | ¢00.000.000 | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0342 | Audit Expense Fund | \$20,000,000 | | \$20,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0343 | Federal National Community Services Grant | ¢222.200 | | | ¢222.200 |
| | Fund | \$333,289 | | | \$333,289 |

| | FY 2018 - FY 2022 I | | | | |
|--------------|--|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| | 30 ILCS 105/5h.5 Interfund Borrowin | | | | |
| | Transfer from Fund | Transferred | Transferred | Principal | Amounts to be |
| | Fund Name | To GRF | To HIRF | Paid Back | Paid Back |
| 0356 | Law Enforcement Camera Grant Fund Securities Audit and Enforcement Fund | \$12,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 \$0 |
| 0362 | | \$12,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0369 | Feed Control Fund Plumbing Licensure and Program Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$500,000 | |
| 0372 0384 | Tax Compliance and Administration Fund | \$1,300,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$300,000 | \$2,000,000 \$3,000,000 |
| 0384 | Public Aid Recoveries Trust Fund | \$200,000,000 | | \$100,000,000 | \$100,000,000 |
| 0421 | Alternate Fuels Fund | \$1,500,000 | | \$100,000,000 | \$1,500,000 |
| 0422 | Illinois State Fair Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$2,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0453 | Monitoring Device Driving Permit | | \$2,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0433 | Administration Fee Fund | \$6,000,000 | | \$6,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0510 | Illinois Fire Fighters' Memorial Fund | \$5,000,000 | | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0510 | State Asset Forfeiture Fund | \$100,000 | | \$5,000,000 | \$100,000 |
| 0527 | Sex Offender Management Board Fund | \$100,000 | | \$100,000 | \$0 |
| 0534 | Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission | <i>\</i> | | <i>\</i> | |
| 0551 | Operations Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$5,000,000 |
| 0536 | LEADS Maintenance Fund | ¢ _ ,000,000 | \$500,000 | ¢ _ ,000,000 | \$500,000 |
| 0539 | Death Penalty Abolition Fund | \$1,500,000 | +, | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0546 | Public Pension Regulation Fund | + = ,= = = , = = = = | \$2,000,000 | + - , , | \$2,000,000 |
| 0550 | Supplemental Low-Income Energy Assistance | | +_,, | | +_,, |
| | Fund | \$112,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | | \$142,000,000 |
| 0564 | Renewable Energy Resources Trust Fund | \$1,500,000 | | | \$1,500,000 |
| 0568 | School Infrastructure Fund | \$146,000,000 | | \$30,000,000 | \$116,000,000 |
| 0571 | Energy Efficiency Trust Fund | \$4,000,000 | | | \$4,000,000 |
| 0576 | Pesticide Control Fund | . , , | \$1,500,000 | | \$1,500,000 |
| 0603 | Port Development Revolving Loan Fund | \$204,153 | | | \$204,153 |
| 0608 | Partners for Conservation Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | \$2,000,000 |
| 0611 | Fund For Illinois' Future | \$61,181 | | | \$61,181 |
| 0621 | International Tourism Fund | \$1,500,000 | | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0629 | Real Estate Recovery Fund | \$350,000 | \$1,000,000 | | \$1,350,000 |
| 0644 | Commitment to Human Services Fund* | \$10,500,000 | | \$10,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0690 | DHS Private Resources Fund | \$500,000 | | | \$500,000 |
| 0702 | Assisted Living and Shared Housing Regulatory | | | | |
| | Fund | \$500,000 | | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0705 | State Police Whistleblower Reward and | | | | |
| | Protection Fund | \$4,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$4,000,000 |
| | Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund | \$1,000,000 | | | \$1,000,000 |
| | Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund | \$500,000 | | | \$500,000 |
| 0714 | Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust | | | | |
| | Fund | \$339,200 | | \$339,200 | \$0 |
| 0718 | Community Mental Health Medicaid Trust Fund | | | | |
| | | | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0722 | Comptroller Debt Recovery Trust Fund | \$16,000,000 | . | \$16,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0740 | Medicaid Buy-In Program Revolving Fund | | \$1,000,000 | | \$1,000,000 |
| 0746 | Home Inspector Administration Fund | \$300,000 | | A T A A | \$300,000 |
| 0763 | Tourism Promotion Fund | \$5,000,000 | | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0792 | Cemetery Oversight Licensing and Disciplinary | ¢1.500.000 | ¢1.000.000 | | to 500 000 |
| 0705 | Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,000,000 | | \$2,500,000 |
| 0795 | Bank and Trust Company Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | #2 000 000 | \$12,000,000 |
| 0796 | Nuclear Safety Emergency Preparedness Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 |
| 0801 | Attorney General's State Projects and Court | ¢10,000,000 | | ¢10,000,000 | \$ 0 |
| 0816 | Ordered Distribution Fund Money Laundering Asset Recovery Fund | \$10,000,000 | | \$10,000,000 | \$0 |
| | Inviolev Laundering Asset Recovery Fund | \$300,000 | | | \$300,000 |

| | FY 2018 - FY 2022 INTERFUND BORROWING 30 ILCS 105/5h.5 Interfund Borrowing Transfers to GRF and HIRF through FY 2021 | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Transfer from Fund | Transferred | Transferred | Principal | Amounts to be | | | | |
| Fund # | Fund Name | To GRF | To HIRF | Paid Back | Paid Back | | | | |
| 0821 | Dram Shop Fund | \$9,000,000 | | | \$9,000,000 | | | | |
| 0828 | Hazardous Waste Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,500,000 | | \$2,500,000 | | | | |
| 0836 | Illinois Power Agency Renewable Energy | | | | | | | | |
| | Resources Fund | \$160,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$37,500,000 | \$132,500,000 | | | | |
| 0840 | Hazardous Waste Research Fund | \$300,000 | | \$300,000 | \$0 | | | | |
| 0845 | Environmental Protection Trust Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | \$2,000,000 | | | | |
| 0848 | Settlement Fund - Illinois Chamber of Commerce | | | | | | | | |
| | v. Filan | \$5,000,000 | | | \$5,000,000 | | | | |
| 0850 | Real Estate License Administration Fund | \$1,000,000 | | | \$1,000,000 | | | | |
| 0888 | Design Professionals Administration and | | | | | | | | |
| | Investigation Fund | \$200,000 | | | \$200,000 | | | | |
| 0896 | Public Health Special State Projects Fund | \$5,000,000 | | | \$5,000,000 | | | | |
| 0906 | State Police Services Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | | \$12,000,000 | | | | |
| 0920 | Metabolic Screening and Treatment Fund | \$5,000,000 | | \$5,000,000 | \$0 | | | | |
| 0922 | Insurance Producer Administration Fund | \$15,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | | \$45,000,000 | | | | |
| 0925 | Coal Technology Development Assistance Fund | \$5,000,000 | | | \$5,000,000 | | | | |
| 0940 | Self-Insurers Security Fund | | \$2,000,000 | | \$2,000,000 | | | | |
| 0942 | Low-Level Radioactive Waste Facility | | | | | | | | |
| | Development and Operation Fund | \$500,000 | | | \$500,000 | | | | |
| 0944 | Environmental Protection Permit and Inspection | | | | | | | | |
| | Fund | \$3,100,000 | \$5,000,000 | | \$8,100,000 | | | | |
| 0945 | Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Fund | \$300,000 | | | \$300,000 | | | | |
| 0962 | Park and Conservation Fund | \$10,000,000 | | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | | | | |
| 0974 | Illinois Equity Fund | \$500,000 | | | \$500,000 | | | | |
| 0975 | Large Business Attraction Fund | \$100,000 | | | \$100,000 | | | | |
| 0982 | Adeline Jay Geo-Karis Illinois Beach Marina | | | | | | | | |
| | Fund | \$330,000 | | | \$330,000 | | | | |
| 0997 | Insurance Financial Regulation Fund | \$8,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | | \$23,000,000 | | | | |
| | TOTAL | \$1,256,213,523 | \$231,000,000 | \$559,074,200 | \$928,139,323 | | | | |
| * The Co | ommitment to Human Services Fund is a General Fund. | | | | | | | | |

FY 2015 INTERFUND BORROWING

Public Act 98-0682 allowed for the transfer of up to \$650 million from special funds of the State to the General Revenue Fund in FY 2015. On June 30, 2015, \$454 million in Interfund Borrowing was transferred to the General Revenue Fund from the following funds. Statute required that the borrowing be paid back to the funds of origin, with any interest that would have accrued had the transfer not occurred, within 18 months after the date on which they were borrowed. Public Act 99-0523 removed the requirement that the funds be paid back in 18 months, effectively removing the requirement for the funds to ever be paid back. In June FY 2021, the Comptroller transferred \$8.8 million of principal back to funds borrowed from in FY 2015.

| Fund # | | FY 2015 INTERFUND BORROWING | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Transfer Out | 0 1 001 (| Payback | T 2021 | Payback | | | | | | |
| r ulla # | Fund | June 2015 | Oct 2016 | Dec 2016 | June 2021 | Total | | | | | | |
| 0016 | | #3 000 000 | Principal | Interest | Principal | <u></u> | | | | | | |
| 0016 | Teacher Certificate Fee Revolving Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0044 | Lobbyist Registration Administration Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | | | \$1,000,000 | | | | | | |
| 0093 | IL State Medical Disciplinary Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$33,776 | | \$5,033,776 | | | | | | |
| 0119 | Foreclosure Prevention Program Graduated Fund | \$3,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0159 | ISBE Teacher Certificate Institute Fund | \$1,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0209 | State Police Firearm Services Fund | \$6,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0246 | State Police Vehicle Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0285 | Long Term Care Monitor/Receiver Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0292 | Securities Investors Education Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | | | \$5,000,000 | | | | | | |
| 0299 | Open Space Lands Acquisition & Development Fund | \$40,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0362 | Securities Audit & Enforcement Fund | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | \$26,693 | | \$4,026,693 | | | | | | |
| 0371 | Equality in Long-Term Care Quality Fund | \$5,800,000 | | | \$5,800,000 | \$5,800,000 | | | | | | |
| 0539 | Death Penalty Abolition Fund | \$8,000,000 | | | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | | | | | | |
| 0550 | Supplemental Low Income Energy Assistance Fund | \$75,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0568 | School Infrastructure Fund | \$179,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0640 | Fund for Advancement of Education | \$17,681,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0644 | Commitment to Human Services Fund | \$60,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0697 | Roadside Memorial Fund | \$1,375,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0731 | IL Clean Water Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0733 | Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund | \$15,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0796 | Nuclear Safety Emergency Preparedness Fund | \$1,500,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0845 | Environmental Protection Trust Fund | \$1,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0891 | Foreclosure Prevention Program Fund | \$2,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0906 | State Police Services Fund | \$5,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| 0962 | Park and Conservation Fund | \$10,000,000 | | | | \$0 | | | | | | |
| | TOTAL | .,, | \$15,000,000 | \$60,469 | \$8,800,000 | \$23,860,469 | | | | | | |

TREASURER'S INVESTMENT BORROWING

Public Act 100-1107, which became effective August 27, 2018, allows the State Treasurer to invest up to \$2 billion in debt issued by the State Comptroller. The Treasurer could refinance backlogged bill debt during times of portfolio liquidity to help during the State's low revenue months. The State would then pay a lower interest rate than the normal 9%-12% on the amount refinanced, while the Treasurer gets interest off of the investment through intergovernmental agreements made for a market-based rate. When the State is projected to have better cash flow, such as during the month of April during tax payments, the State pays off the Treasurer's investment.

The Treasurer's Office utilized this investment tool in September and October of 2018 with principal and interest paid back from December 2018 through April 2019. The actual amount used was \$700 million, but during the six month period of one of the investments, one of the Funds, the AML Reclamation Set Aside Fund, needed the \$50 million repaid. This occurred in March and \$50 million was used from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund for the remainder of the time period and repaid in April.

In September 2019, \$400 million was invested, with payback expected in March and April of 2020. Those amounts were re-invested from those dates, so that the Comptroller could continue to use the \$400 million to pay bills, because income tax payments from individuals and corporations were delayed by the Governor until July 16, 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The maturities for the March amounts were set for September 2020, and maturities for the April funds for July 2020.

In November of 2020, another \$400 million was invested, with principal and interest paid back in May 2021. FY 2021 payback amounts include the principal and interest payments from the March and April 2020 investments as mentioned in the paragraph above.

Below are the funds used and their repayment of principal and interest through June 30, 2021. The Office of the Treasurer reports that the General Revenue Fund and the Health Insurance Reserve Fund saved \$115.5 million dollars to date. Interest rates on the investments ranged from 1.25% to 3.78%.

| | TRESURER'S INVESTMEN | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | FY 2019 Total | Total Principal | Total Interest |
| Fund # | Fund Name | Borrowed | Paid Back | Paid Back |
| 0011 | Road Fund | \$100,000,000 | \$100,000,000 | \$1,810,000 |
| 0019 | Grade Crossing Protection | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$932,500 |
| 0142 | Community Developmental Disability Services Medicaid Trust | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$283,500 |
| 0257 | AML Reclamation Set Aside | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$657,961 |
| 0278 | Income Tax Refund Fund | \$200,000,000 | \$200,000,000 | \$3,590,000 |
| 0482 | Unclaimed Property Trust* | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$274,569 |
| 0663 | Federal Student Loan | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$38,163 |
| 0902 | State Construction Account | \$270,000,000 | \$270,000,000 | \$4,983,000 |
| | FY 2019 TOTAL | \$750,000,000 | \$750,000,000 | \$12,569,693 |
| | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad | | | |
| paid bac | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total | ng Fund 257 becaus Total Principal | se it needed to be Total Interest |
| paid bac Fund # | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed | ng Fund 257 becau Total Principal Paid Back | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back |
| paid bac Fund # 0011 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 | ng Fund 257 becaus Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 |
| paid bac Fund # 0011 0019 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 | ng Fund 257 becaus Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 |
| paid bac Fund # 0011 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 | ng Fund 257 becaus Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 |
| paid bac Fund # 0011 0019 0902 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account FY 2020 TOTAL | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 | ng Fund 257 because Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 |
| paid bac Fund # 0011 0019 0902 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 und September of FY | ng Fund 257 because Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 7 2021. | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 \$4,330,772 \$6,624,647 |
| Fund # 0011 0019 0902 Note: At | Illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account FY 2020 TOTAL mounts borrowed in March and April of 2020 will be repaid in July a | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 \$800,000,000 Ind September of FY FY 2021 Total | ng Fund 257 becau Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 7 2021. Total Principal | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 \$4,330,772 \$6,624,647 Total Interest |
| Fund # 0011 0019 0902 Note: Ar Fund # | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account FY 2020 TOTAL mounts borrowed in March and April of 2020 will be repaid in July a Fund Name | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 \$800,000,000 md September of FY FY 2021 Total Borrowed | ng Fund 257 becau Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 2021. Total Principal Paid Back | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 \$4,330,772 \$6,624,647 |
| Datid bac Fund # 0011 0019 0902 Note: An Fund # 0011 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account FY 2020 TOTAL mounts borrowed in March and April of 2020 will be repaid in July a Fund Name Road Fund | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 \$800,000,000 Ind September of FY FY 2021 Total | ng Fund 257 becau Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 7 2021. Total Principal Paid Back \$500,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 \$4,330,772 \$6,624,647 Total Interest Paid Back \$3,146,500 |
| Datid bac Fund # 0011 0019 0902 Note: An Fund # 0011 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account FY 2020 TOTAL mounts borrowed in March and April of 2020 will be repaid in July a Fund Name | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 \$800,000,000 md September of FY FY 2021 Total Borrowed | ng Fund 257 becau Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 72021. Total Principal Paid Back \$500,000,000 \$50,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 \$4,330,772 \$6,624,647 Total Interest Paid Back \$3,146,500 |
| Fund # 0011 0019 0902 | illion in March borrowed from Unclaimed Property Trust was not ad k. Fund Name Road Fund Grade Crossing Protection State Construction Account FY 2020 TOTAL mounts borrowed in March and April of 2020 will be repaid in July a Fund Name Road Fund | ditional, just replaci FY 2019 Total Borrowed \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$800,000,000 \$800,000,000 md September of FY FY 2021 Total Borrowed | ng Fund 257 becau Total Principal Paid Back \$100,000,000 \$50,000,000 \$250,000,000 \$400,000,000 7 2021. Total Principal Paid Back \$500,000,000 | se it needed to be Total Interest Paid Back \$1,529,250 \$764,625 \$4,330,772 \$6,624,647 Total Interest |

SPECIAL FUND TRANSFERS SUMMARY

Beginning in FY 2003, the State initiated a policy of transferring excess moneys from funds to the General Funds to aid in decreasing the annual budget deficits. This strategy combined several different special transfers:

Fund Sweeps—specific amounts set out in Statute for transfer in a given fiscal year;

Chargebacks—transfers of a specified sum from any fund held by the State Treasurer to the General Revenue Fund in order to defray the State's operating costs for FY 2004 through the end of FY 2007. The total transfer under this Section from any fund in any fiscal year shall not exceed the lesser of (i) 8% of the revenues to be deposited into the fund during that fiscal year or (ii) an amount that leaves a remaining fund balance of 25% of the July 1 fund balance of that fiscal year. Certain funds are exempt from this transfer (30 ILCS 105/8h);

Increased Fees Transfers—transfers from funds receiving increased revenues due to increases in fees. Revenues from increased fees go directly into their specific funds. The increased fee revenues reported here are transfers from these other funds to the General Revenue Fund after the fees have been receipted (30 ILCS 105/8j);

Executive Order #10 Transfers—these transfers are of unexpended appropriations and savings pertaining to functions to be consolidated at CMS, facilities management, audit functions, and staff legal functions. These transfers have only occurred in FY 2004.

| | HISTORY OF SPECIAL TRANSFERS TO GRF (FY 2003 - FY 2018) | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Fiscal Year | Executive Order 10 | Chargebacks (8h) | Statutory (Funds Sweep) | Repealed Funds | Fee Increase (8j) | TOTAL |
| FY 2003 | | | \$165,000,000 | _ | | \$165,000,000 |
| FY 2004 | \$5,526,569 | \$269,464,457 | \$158,514,000 | | \$88,841,000 | \$522,346,020 |
| FY 2005* | | \$208,237,815 | \$259,881,179 | | \$37,671,512 | \$505,790,500 |
| FY 2006*^ | | \$140,356,525 | \$129,060,833 | \$343,900 | \$35,309,438 | \$305,070,690 |
| FY 2007 | | \$98,011,513 | \$188,345,450 | | \$28,175,300 | \$314,532,263 |
| FY 2008 | | | | | \$34,255,400 | \$34,255,400 |
| FY 2009 | | | | | \$27,740,000 | \$27,740,000 |
| FY 2010 | | | \$282,952,202 | | \$4,229,100 | \$287,181,302 |
| FY 2015 | | | \$1,284,051,100 | | | \$1,284,051,100 |
| FY 2018 | | | \$269,113,150 | | | \$269,113,150 |
| TOTAL | \$5,526,569 | \$716,070,310 | \$2,736,917,914 | \$343,900 | \$256,221,750 | \$3,715,080,443 |
| | Include the chargebacks and fee increase transfers of \$263,938,498 that were not executed by the Treasurer. \$38,068 was placed in regular transfers due to paperwork issues. | | | | | |

Below are the Special Transfer totals from FY 2003 through FY 2010, for FY 2015 and FY 2018. There were no Special Transfers in fiscal years 2011-2014 and in fiscal years 2016-2017, and 2019-2021.

Approximately \$264 million of chargebacks and increased fee transfers in FY 2005 and FY 2006 were blocked by the Treasurer's Office awaiting the settlement of several court cases on the constitutionality of these transfers. Public Act 94-774 allowed \$250 million of these pending transfers to GRF to be redirected in equal shares to the Hospital Provider Fund, Long-term Care Provider Fund, and Drug Rebate Fund. Due to the block by the Treasurer's Office, the Comptroller was not allowed to use these amounts until they were released. The Public Act forced the transfer to GRF, and then the Comptroller's Office transferred the \$250 million out of GRF (1/3 to each) to the three above-mentioned funds. The following sections detail annual Special Transfer totals back through FY 2015 by Fund.

For a detailed history of Special Transfers, visit the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability's website at http://cgfa.ilga.gov/Resource.aspx?id=4.

FY 2018 FUND SWEEPS

P.A. 100-0023 allowed for Fund Sweeps (statutory transfers) of \$293 million from the following list of funds into one of these four state funds: General Revenue Fund, Budget Stabilization Fund, Healthcare Provider Relief Fund or the Health Insurance Reserve Fund. Transfers and retransfers were allowed from GRF if an originator fund had insufficient cash. Total transfers for FY 2018 of \$269 million were made to the General Revenue Fund.

| FY 2018 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA100-23] | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder |
| 0021 | Financial Institution Fund | \$328,200 | \$328,200 | \$0 |
| 0022 | General Professions Dedicated Fund | \$612,700 | \$612,700 | \$0 |
| 0023 | Economic Research and Information Fund | \$11,000 | \$11,000 | \$0 |
| 0040 | State Parks Fund | \$662,000 | \$662,000 | \$0 |
| 0047 | Fire Prevention Fund | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0050 | Mental Health Fund | \$1,101,300 | \$1,101,300 | \$0 |
| 0057 | Illinois State Pharmacy Disciplinary Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$C |
| 0067 | Radiation Protection Fund | \$4,500,000 | \$4,500,000 | \$C |
| 0068 | Hospital Licensure Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$C |
| 0075 | Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund | \$2,500,000 | \$2,500,000 | \$C |
| 0076 | Illinois National Guard Billeting Fund | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$C |
| 0078 | Solid Waste Management Fund | \$13,900,000 | \$13,900,000 | \$C |
| 0082 | Distance Learning Fund | \$180,000 | \$180,000 | \$0 |
| 0085 | Illinois Gaming Law Enforcement Fund | \$62,000 | \$62,000 | \$0 |
| 0089 | Subtitle D Management Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0091 | Clean Air Act Permit Fund | \$911,600 | \$911,600 | \$(|
| 0093 | Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0113 | Community Health Center Care Fund | \$800,000 | \$800,000 | \$0 |
| 0115 | Safe Bottled Water Fund | \$150,000 | \$0 | \$150,000 |
| 0119 | Foreclosure Prevention Program Graduated Fund | \$2,500,000 | \$2,500,000 | \$(|
| 0137 | Plugging and Restoration Fund | \$1,200,000 | \$1,200,000 | \$0 |
| 0145 | Explosives Regulatory Fund | \$280,000 | \$280,000 | \$0 |
| 0146 | Aggregate Operations Regulatory Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0148 | Mental Health Reporting Fund | \$624,100 | \$0 | \$624,100 |
| 0150 | Rental Housing Support Program Fund | \$760,000 | \$760,000 | \$(|
| | Registered Certified Public Accountants' Admin and | | 1 | |
| 0151 | Disciplinary Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0152 | State Crime Laboratory Fund | \$150,500 | \$150,500 | \$(|
| 0156 | Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Trust Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$(|
| 0163 | Weights and Measures Fund | \$256,100 | \$256,100 | \$0 |
| 0166 | State Police Merit Board Public Safety Fund | \$58,200 | \$58,200 | \$0 |
| 0199 | Illinois Fisheries Management Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0209 | State Police Firearm Services Fund | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$0 |
| 0211 | DHS Technology Initiative Fund | \$2,250,000 | \$2,250,000 | \$0 |
| 0218 | Professions Indirect Cost Fund | \$1,409,500 | \$1,409,500 | \$(|
| 0222 | State Police DUI Fund | \$57,100 | \$57,100 | \$0 |
| 0233 | Intercity Passenger Rail Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0238 | Illinois Health Facilities Planning Fund | \$2,500,000 | \$2,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0241 | TOMA Consumer Protection Fund | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$C |

| | FY 2018 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA100-23] | | | |
|--------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder |
| 0243 | Credit Union Fund | \$176,200 | \$176,200 | \$0 |
| 0244 | Residential Finance Regulatory Fund | \$127,000 | \$127,000 | \$0 |
| 0258 | Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0261 | Underground Resources Conservation Enforcement Fund | \$700,000 | \$700,000 | \$0 |
| 0265 | State Rail Freight Loan Repayment Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$0 | \$6,000,000 |
| 0276 | Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund | \$90,000 | \$0 | \$90,000 |
| 0277 | Pollution Control Board Fund | \$300,000 | \$0 | \$300,000 |
| 0286 | Illinois Affordable Housing Trust Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0290 | Fertilizer Control Fund | \$4,100,000 | \$3,587,500 | \$512,500 |
| 0291 | Regulatory Fund | \$330,000 | \$330,000 | \$0 |
| 0293 | State Furbearer Fund | \$200,000 | \$0 | \$200,000 |
| 0294 | Used Tire Management Fund | \$17,500,000 | \$17,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0298 | Natural Areas Acquisition Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0318 | ICJIA Violence Prevention Special Projects Fund | \$100,000 | \$0 | \$100,000 |
| 0335 | Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund | \$400,000 | \$400,000 | \$0 |
| 0336 | Environmental Laboratory Certification Fund | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$0 |
| 0341 | Provider Inquiry Trust Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| | Care Provider Fund for Persons with a Developmental | | | |
| 0344 | Disability | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0356 | Law Enforcement Camera Grant Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0368 | Drug Treatment Fund | \$195,000 | \$195,000 | \$0 |
| 0369 | Feed Control Fund | \$6,800,000 | \$5,950,000 | \$850,000 |
| 0372 | Plumbing Licensure and Program Fund | \$89,000 | \$89,000 | \$0 |
| 0384 | Tax Compliance and Administration Fund | \$2,800,000 | \$2,800,000 | \$0 |
| 0386 | Appraisal Administration Fund | \$400,000 | \$400,000 | \$0 |
| 0387 | Small Business Environmental Assistance Fund | \$294,000 | \$147,000 | \$147,000 |
| 0388 | Regulatory Evaluation and Basic Enforcement Fund | \$150,000 | \$150,000 | \$0 |
| 0397 | Trauma Center Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0422 | Alternate Fuels Fund | \$1,300,000 | \$1,300,000 | \$0 |
| 0437 | Quality of Life Endowment Fund | \$337,500 | \$0 | \$337,500 |
| 0440 | Agricultural Master Fund | \$900,000 | \$900,000 | \$0 |
| 0474 | Human Services Priority Capital Program Fund | \$3,200 | \$1,600 | \$1,600 |
| 0502 | Early Intervention Services Revolving Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$0 | \$5,000,000 |
| 0514 | State Asset Forfeiture Fund | \$185,000 | \$185,000 | \$0 |
| | Department of Corrections Reimbursement and | | | |
| 0523 | Education Fund | \$180,000 | \$0 | \$180,000 |
| 0524 | Health Facility Plan Review Fund | \$78,200 | \$78,200 | \$0 |
| 0.55 | Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations | | | |
| 0534 | Fund | \$11,272,900 | \$11,272,900 | \$0 |
| 0535 | Sex Offender Registration Fund | \$100,000 | \$0 | \$100,000 |
| 0536 | LEADS Maintenance Fund | \$118,900 | \$118,900 | \$0 |
| 0537 | State Offender DNA Identification System Fund | \$98,200 | \$0 | \$98,200 |
| 0539 | Death Penalty Abolition Fund | \$309,800 | \$309,800 | \$(|
| 0546 | Public Pension Regulation Fund | \$100,300 | \$100,300 | \$(|
| 0547 | Conservation Police Operations Assistance Fund | \$1,400,000 | \$1,400,000 | \$0 |
| 0 | Workforce, Technology, and Economic Development | A (F 000 | | |
| 0552 | Fund | \$65,000 | \$65,000 | \$(|
| 0555 | Good Samaritan Energy Trust Fund | \$29,000 | \$14,500 | \$14,500 |
| 0564 | Renewable Energy Resources Trust Fund | \$12,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | \$(|
| 0569 | School Technology Revolving Loan Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |

| | FY 2018 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA100-23] | | | | |
|--------|---|--------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder | |
| 0571 | Energy Efficiency Trust Fund | \$7,600,000 | \$7,600,000 | \$0 | |
| 0576 | Pesticide Control Fund | \$400,000 | \$400,000 | \$0 | |
| 0603 | Port Development Revolving Loan Fund | \$410,000 | \$205,000 | \$205,000 | |
| 0612 | Statewide 9-1-1 Fund | \$5,926,000 | \$0 | \$5,926,000 | |
| 0613 | Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund | \$327,000 | \$327,000 | \$0 | |
| 0632 | Horse Racing Fund | \$197,900 | \$197,900 | \$0 | |
| 0635 | Death Certificate Surcharge Fund | \$70,500 | \$70,500 | \$0 | |
| | Illinois Adoption Registry and Medical Information | | | | |
| 0638 | Exchange Fund | \$80,000 | \$40,000 | \$40,000 | |
| 0649 | Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund | \$115,000 | \$115,000 | \$0 | |
| 0665 | Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal Fund | \$250,000 | \$0 | \$250,000 | |
| 0674 | State Charter School Commission Fund | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$0 | |
| 0675 | Electronics Recycling Fund | \$450,000 | \$450,000 | \$0 | |
| 0690 | DHS Private Resources Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 | |
| 0697 | Roadside Memorial Fund | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$0 | |
| | | | | | |
| 0705 | State Police Whistleblower Reward and Protection Fund | \$625,700 | \$625,700 | \$0 | |
| 0708 | Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 | |
| 0709 | Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 | |
| | | | | | |
| 0714 | Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund | \$300,000 | \$150,000 | \$150,000 | |
| 0731 | Illinois Clean Water Fund | \$4,400,000 | \$4,400,000 | \$0 | |
| 0740 | Medicaid Buy-In Program Revolving Fund | \$300,000 | \$300,000 | \$0 | |
| 0746 | Home Inspector Administration Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 | |
| 0763 | Tourism Promotion Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 | |
| 0770 | Digital Divide Elimination Fund | \$1,347,000 | \$1,010,250 | \$336,750 | |
| | | | | | |
| 0792 | Cemetery Oversight Licensing and Disciplinary Fund | \$50,900 | \$50,900 | \$0 | |
| 0795 | Bank and Trust Company Fund | \$917,400 | \$917,400 | \$0 | |
| 0796 | Nuclear Safety Emergency Preparedness Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$0 | |
| 0797 | Department of Human Rights Special Fund | \$100,000 | \$100,000 | \$0 | |
| 0816 | Money Laundering Asset Recovery Fund | \$63,700 | \$63,700 | \$0 | |
| 0817 | State Police Operations Assistance Fund | \$1,022,000 | \$1,022,000 | \$0 | |
| 0821 | Dram Shop Fund | \$365,000 | \$365,000 | \$0 | |
| 0823 | Illinois State Dental Disciplinary Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 | |
| 0828 | Hazardous Waste Fund | \$431,600 | \$431,600 | \$0 | |
| 0831 | Natural Resources Restoration Trust Fund | \$2,100,000 | \$0 | \$2,100,000 | |
| 0845 | Environmental Protection Trust Fund | \$265,000 | \$265,000 | \$0 | |
| 0849 | Real Estate Research and Education Fund | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | \$0 | |
| 0850 | Real Estate License Administration Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$0 | |
| 0866 | Snowmobile Trail Establishment Fund | \$150,000 | \$150,000 | \$0 | |
| 0879 | Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund | \$638,100 | \$638,100 | \$0 | |
| 0891 | Foreclosure Prevention Program Fund | \$2,500,000 | \$2,500,000 | \$0 | |
| | Abandoned Residential Property Municipality Relief | | | | |
| 0892 | Fund | \$6,600,000 | \$6,600,000 | \$0 | |
| 0896 | Public Health Special State Projects Fund | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$0 | |
| 0905 | Illinois Forestry Development Fund | \$264,300 | \$264,300 | \$0 | |
| 0906 | State Police Services Fund | \$3,500,000 | \$3,500,000 | \$0 | |
| 0920 | Metabolic Screening and Treatment Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$C | |
| 0921 | DHS Recoveries Trust Fund | \$5,515,000 | \$5,515,000 | \$0 | |
| 0922 | Insurance Producer Administration Fund | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$C | |

| FY 2018 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA100-23] | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder |
| 0925 | Coal Technology Development Assistance Fund | \$9,500,000 | \$9,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0936 | Rail Freight Loan Repayment Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| | Low-Level Radioactive Waste Facility Development and | | | |
| 0942 | Operation Fund | \$1,300,000 | \$1,300,000 | \$0 |
| 0944 | Environmental Protection Permit and Inspection Fund | \$461,800 | \$461,800 | \$0 |
| 0954 | Illinois State Podiatric Disciplinary Fund | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$0 |
| 0973 | Illinois Capital Revolving Loan Fund | \$1,263,000 | \$1,263,000 | \$0 |
| 0974 | Illinois Equity Fund | \$535,000 | \$535,000 | \$0 |
| 0975 | Large Business Attraction Fund | \$1,562,000 | \$1,562,000 | \$0 |
| 0984 | International and Promotional Fund | \$37,000 | \$37,000 | \$0 |
| 0993 | Public Infrastructure Construction Loan Revolving Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0997 | Insurance Financial Regulation Fund | \$10,941,900 | \$10,941,900 | \$0 |
| | TOTAL | \$292,826,300 | \$269,113,150 | \$23,713,150 |

FY 2015 FUND SWEEPS

FY 2015 Fund Sweeps to the General Revenue Fund were approved by Public Act 99-0002 in the amount of \$1.318 billion, with specific amounts coming from specific funds. Amounts were transferred from April through June, and funds that had insufficient amounts had funds transferred back to them. At the end of FY 2015, including retransfers that were made back to the original funds due to appropriation needs, the total funds swept equaled \$1.284 billion. The Act also allowed \$48 million to be transferred from the Federal High Speed Rail Trust Fund to the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund, which occurred in June.

| FY 2015 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA 99-0002] | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder |
| 0011 | Road Fund | \$250,000,000 | \$250,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0012 | Motor Fuel Tax Fund | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0014 | Food and Drug Safety Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0016 | Teacher Certificate Fee Revolving Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0019 | Grade Crossing Protection Fund | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0021 | Financial Institution Fund | \$1,573,600 | \$1,573,600 | \$0 |
| 0022 | General Professions Dedicated Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0044 | Lobbyist Registration Administration Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0045 | Agricultural Premium Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0047 | Fire Prevention Fund | \$23,000,000 | \$18,200,000 | \$4,800,000 |
| 0050 | Mental Health Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0057 | Illinois State Pharmacy Disciplinary Fund | \$2,700,000 | \$2,700,000 | \$0 |
| 0067 | Radiation Protection Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0068 | Hospital Licensure Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0072 | Underground Storage Tank Fund | \$20,000,000 | \$20,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0078 | Solid Waste Management Fund | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0089 | Subtitle D Management Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0093 | IL State Medical Disciplinary Fund | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0118 | Facility Licensing Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0151 | Registered CPAs' Admin & Disciplinary Fund | \$6,100,000 | \$6,100,000 | \$0 |
| 0156 | Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Trust Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0159 | SBE Teacher Certification Institute Fund | \$1,800,000 | \$1,800,000 | \$0 |
| 0163 | Weights and Measures Fund | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0186 | State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund | \$40,000,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0188 | County and Mass Transit District Fund | \$40,000,000 | \$40,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0189 | Local Government Tax Fund | \$200,000,000 | \$172,000,000 | \$28,000,000 |
| 0199 | IL Fisheries Management Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0215 | CDB Revolving Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0233 | Intercity Passenger Rail Fund | \$370,000 | \$370,000 | \$0 |
| 0238 | IL Health Facilities Planning Fund | \$3,746,000 | \$3,746,000 | \$0 |
| 0240 | Emergency Public Health Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0241 | TOMA Consumer Protection Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |

| FY 2015 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA 99-0002] | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder |
| 0245 | Fair and Exposition Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0246 | State Police Vehicle Fund | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0258 | Nursing Dedicated & Professional Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0261 | Underground Resources Conservation Enforcement Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0265 | State Rail Freight Loan Repayment Fund | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0286 | IL Affordable Housing Trust Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0287 | Home Care Services Agency Licensure Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0290 | Fertilizer Control Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0292 | Securities Investors Education Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0294 | Used Tire Management Fund | \$20,000,000 | \$20,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0298 | Natural Areas Acquisition Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0306 | I-Fly Fund | \$1,545,000 | 1 - 7 7 | \$1,545,000 |
| 0316 | IL Prescription Drug Discount Program Fund | \$257,100 | \$257,100 | \$0 |
| 0318 | ICJIA Violence Prevention Special Projects Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0327 | Tattoo & Body Piercing Establishment Registration Fund | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | \$0 |
| 0340 | Public Health Lab Services Revolving Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | \$0 |
| 0341 | Provider Inquiry Trust Fund | \$1,300,000 | \$1,300,000 | \$0 |
| 0362 | Securities Audit and Enforcement Fund | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0368 | Drug Treatment Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0369 | Feed Control Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0372 | Plumbing Licensure & Program Fund | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | \$0 |
| 0386 | Appraisal Administration Fund | \$400,000 | \$400,000 | \$0 |
| 0397 | Trauma Center Fund | \$7,000,000 | \$7,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0422 | Alternate Fuels Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 |
| 0438 | IL State Fair Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0440 | Agricultural Master Fund | \$400,000 | \$400,000 | \$0 |
| 0474 | Human Services Priority Capital Program Fund | \$1,680,000 | \$1,680,000 | \$0 |
| 0514 | State Asset Forfeiture Fund | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | \$0 |
| 0524 | Health Facility Plan Review Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0534 | IL Workers' Comp Commission Operations Fund | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0552 | Workforce, Tech & Economic Development Fund | \$300,000 | \$300,000 | \$0 |
| 0559 | Downstate Transit Improvement Fund | \$70,000,000 | \$70,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0564 | Renewable Energy Resources Trust Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0571 | Energy Efficiency Trust Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0576 | Pesticide Control Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0608 | Partners for Conservation Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$0 |
| 0612 | Wireless Service Emergency Fund | \$7,500,000 | \$7,500,000 | \$0 \$0 |
| 0635 | Death Certificate Surcharge Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | \$0 \$0 |
| 0638 | IL Adoption Registry & Medical Info Exchange Fund | \$232,000 | \$232,000 | \$0 \$0 |
| 0640 | Fund for the Advancement of Education | \$25,000,000 | \$25,000,000 | \$0 \$0 |
| 0644 | Commitment to Human Services Fund | \$25,000,000 | \$25,000,000 | \$0 \$0 |
| 0708 | IL Standardbred Breeders Fund | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | \$0 \$0 |

| FY 2015 FUND SWEEPS TO GRF [PA 99-0002] | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder |
| 0709 | IL Thoroughbred Breeders Fund | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | |
| 0714 | Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund | \$1,100,000 | \$1,100,000 | |
| 0733 | Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | |
| 0740 | Medicaid Buy-In Program Revolving Fund | \$1,700,000 | \$1,700,000 | |
| 0746 | Home Inspector Admin Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | |
| 0750 | Real Estate Audit Fund | \$193,600 | \$193,600 | |
| 0754 | IL AgriFIRST Program Fund | \$204,000 | \$204,000 | |
| 0784 | Performance-Enhancing Substance Testing Fund | \$365,000 | \$365,000 | |
| 0795 | Bank and Trust Company Fund | \$25,000,000 | \$25,000,000 | |
| 0821 | Dram Shop | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | |
| 0823 | IL State Dental Disciplinary Fund | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 | |
| 0831 | Natural Recourses Restoration Trust Fund | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | |
| 0836 | IL Power Agency Renewable Energy Resources Fund | \$98,000,000 | \$98,000,000 | |
| 0849 | Real Estate Research & Education Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | |
| 0850 | Real Estate License Admin Fund | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | |
| 0892 | Abandoned Residential Property Municipality Relief Fund | \$700,000 | \$700,000 | |
| 0896 | Public Health Special State Projects Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | |
| 0902 | State Construction Account Fund | \$50,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | |
| 0906 | State Police Services Fund | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | |
| 0920 | Metabolic Screening & Treatment Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | |
| 0922 | Insurance Producer Administration Fund | \$70,313,800 | \$70,313,800 | |
| 0925 | Coal Technology Development Assistance Fund | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | |
| 0942 | Low-Level Radioactive Waste Facility Dev & Op Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | |
| 0943 | Low-Level Radioactive Waste Facility Closure, Post-Closure Care & Compensation Fund | \$110,000 | \$110,000 | |
| 0954 | IL State Podiatric Disciplinary Fund | \$200,000 | \$200,000 | |
| 0962 | Park and Conservation Fund | \$15,000,000 | \$15,000,000 | |
| 0963 | Vehicle Inspection Fund | \$8,000,000 | \$8,000,000 | |
| 0969 | Local Tourism Fund | \$308,000 | \$308,000 | |
| 0973 | Build IL Capital Revolving Loan Fund | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | |
| 0974 | IL Equity Fund | \$500,000 | \$500,000 | |
| 0993 | Public Infrastructure Construction Loan Revolving Fund | \$9,000,000 | \$9,000,000 | |
| 0997 | Insurance Financial Regulation Fund | \$23,598,000 | \$23,598,000 | |
| | Total | \$1,318,396,100 | \$1,284,051,100 | \$34,345, |

| | FY 2015 FUND SWEEP TO GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT & INTEREST FUND - 507g [PA 99-0002] | | | | | |
|--------|--|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| Fund # | Fund Name | Up to Amount | Total | Remainder | | |
| 0433 | 0433 Federal High Speed Rail Trust Fund \$48,000,000 \$48,000,000 \$0 | | | | | |
| | Total | \$48,000,000 | \$48,000,000 | \$0 | | |

SECTION 12. GLOSSARY & DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

- Glossary
- Description of Funds



GLOSSARY

Activity Measure - information or data used to count the delivery of state services; for instance, the number of people served and the number of cases closed.

Actuarial Accrued Liability - The value, using actuarial methods and assumptions, placed on the obligations of a pension fund for outgoings, including expenses expected to fall on the fund after the date to which the calculations relate.

Actuarial Assumptions - Factors which actuaries use in estimating the cost of funding a defined benefit pension plan. Examples include: the rate of return on plan investments; mortality rates; and the rates at which plan participants are expected to leave the system because of retirement, disability, termination, etc.

Actuarial Cost Methods - An actuarial method which defines the allocation of pension costs (and contributions) over a member's working career. All standard actuarial cost methods are comprised of two components: normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. An actuarial cost method determines the incidence of pension costs, not the ultimate cost of a pension plan; that cost is determined by the actual benefits paid less the actual investment income.

Actuarial Gain or Loss - Experience of the plan, from one year to the next, which differs from that assumed results in an actuarial gain or loss. For example, an actuarial gain would occur if assets earned 10 percent for a given year since the assumed interest rate in the valuation is 8 percent.

Actuarial Present Value - The value of an amount or series of amounts payable or receivable at various times, determined as of a given date by the application of a particular set of actuarial assumptions (i.e. interest rate, rate of salary increases, mortality, etc.).

Actuarial Valuation - Actuarial valuations are technical reports providing full disclosure of the financial and funding status of retirement systems.

Actuarial Value of Assets - The value of pension plan investments and other property used by the actuary for the purpose of an actuarial valuation.

All Funds - every fund appropriated to or spent by an agency.

Amortization - Paying off an interest bearing liability by gradual reduction through a series of installments, as opposed to paying it off by one lump sum payment.

Annual Required Employer Contribution (ARC) - Represents the amount that an employer must report as its annual obligation to the pension fund. The ARC, expressed either as a dollar

amount or a percentage of payroll, has two components: the annual normal cost and the annual amortization payment of the UAAL.

Annualize - to provide full year funding in the next fiscal year when a program is started or a person is hired part way through the current fiscal year.

Annuitant - One who receives periodic payments from the retirement system. This term includes service and disability retirees, and their survivors.

Annuity - A series of periodic payments, usually for life, payable monthly or at other specified intervals.

Appropriation - spending authority from a specific fund given by the General Assembly and approved by the Governor for a specific amount, purpose and time period.

Assessments - a levy imposed for a specific purpose, typically the medical assessment program under which the Department of Public Aid levies a fee on long-term care and other providers to help fund Medicaid liability.

Asset - Anything that has a financial value. Examples include: buildings, equipment, shares, etc.

Asset Smoothing - A mechanism that spreads out, or smoothes, annual investment returns over a designated periods of time in order to minimize volatility.

Assumed Interest Rate - The rate of interest, or growth rate, to determine the value of an annuity contract and, therefore, the periodic income payment which can be provided to the annuitant.

Attrition - a natural reduction in caseload or staff; for example, from retirement or resignation.

Available Fund Balance - the total amount of money in a fund at a particular point in time, typically at the beginning of a month or the year.

Basis of Accounting – the method of accounting used to track and report state revenues and expenditures; for example, cash, budgetary or accrual.

Beneficiary - The person designated to receive benefits under an employee benefit plan in the event of the death of the person covered by the plan.

Bond Fund - a fund that receives proceeds from the sale of bonds to be used for capital projects.

Bond Rating - an assessment of the credit risk with respect to a specific bond issue.

Bond Retirement and Interest Fund - a fund used to repay principal and interest on bonds or other debt obligations, typically spent pursuant to a continuing and irrevocable appropriation.

Budgetary Balance - available cash balance on June 30, minus lapse period spending for the fiscal year just ended.

Build Illinois - a state economic development and public infrastructure program begun in 1986 and primarily funded by dedicated state sales tax revenue bonds.

Capital - buildings, structures, equipment and land. Acquisition, development, construction and improvement of capital are typically funded through bond funds.

Case Management - monitoring and oversight of the delivery of services, which may include coordination of all services to a client.

Caseload - the number of clients being served at a point in time, sometimes used in the context of clients per staff.

Cash Flow - the amount of cash available for use during a period of time, calculated by subtracting spending from the sum of the receipts and the beginning balance.

Census - population measure, typically of clients in a facility or program.

Certificate of Participation - similar to bonds or other debt instruments, a security issued by the state or a third party that gives the holder a share of the stream of annual appropriated lease payments made by the state.

Client - a person or family receiving services, typically from a human service agency.

Commodities - line item for consumable items used in connection with current agency operations; for instance, household, medical or office supplies; food for those in institutions; coal, bottled and natural gas; and equipment costing less than \$100.

Common School Fund - one of seven funds that comprise the state General Funds. It is used to fund Elementary and Secondary Education. If revenues to the fund from the lottery, bingo, public utility, cigarette and sales taxes and from investment income, among others, are insufficient to make monthly general state aid payments, the Common School Fund receives automatic transfers from the General Revenue Fund.

Consent Decree - an agreement between both parties in a lawsuit that binds them and determines their rights and obligations. While made under sanction of the court, it does not bind the court, and it is not a judicial sentence.

Continuing Appropriation - statutory authority for the Comptroller and Treasurer to spend funds in the event the legislature fails to appropriate or appropriates an insufficient amount for

a specified purpose. Examples of continuing appropriations are for debt service on state bonds or payments to the State retirement systems.

Contractual Services - line item for services provided by a non-state employee or vendor including, utilities; medical services for those in institutions; professional, technical or artistic consulting; and property and equipment rental.

Death Benefit - A benefit payable by reason of a member's death. The benefit can be in the form of a lump sum, an annuity or a refund of the member's contributions.

Debt Service - payment of principal, interest and other obligations associated with the retirement of debt.

Dedicated Funds - revenues assessed and collected for a specific state program.

Deferred Annuity - An annuity for which payments do not commence until a designated time in the future.

Deferred Compensation - Considerations for employment that are not payable until after the regular pay period. The most common form of deferred compensation are pension plans, but private employers may also offer bonuses, incentive clauses, etc.

Defined Benefit Plan (DB) - A pension plan providing a definite benefit formula for calculating benefit amounts - such as a flat amount per year of service; a percentage of salary; or a percentage of salary, times years of service.

Defined Contribution Plan (DC) - A pension plan in which the contributions are made to an individual account for each employee. The retirement benefit is dependent upon the account balance at retirement. The balance depends upon amounts contributed during the employee's participation in the plan and the investment experience on those contributions.

Disability Retirement - A termination of employment involving the payment of a retirement allowance as a result of an accident or sickness occurring before a participant is eligible for normal retirement.

Divisions - organizational units within agencies designated as such for programmatic or administrative convenience.

Education Assistance Fund - one of seven funds that comprise the state General Funds. It is used to fund Elementary, Secondary and Higher Education. It receives 7.3 percent of the state income tax net of refunds, as well as wagering taxes paid to the State by riverboat casinos.

Electronic Data Processing - line item for lease or purchase of computer or other data processing equipment and related services including supplies, services and personnel.

Employee Retirement Contributions Paid by State (Pension Pick-Up) - line item for payment of an employee's required contribution to the State Employees' Retirement System, which an agency has chosen or contracted to make on behalf of the employee.

Entitlement - program benefits that must be provided in a timely fashion to those who meet eligibility criteria and that may not be taken away without due process.

Equipment - line item for non-consumable items of tangible personal property used in connection with current agency operations; for instance office furniture, vehicles or machinery, and scientific or other major instruments and apparatus.

Executive Branch - distinguished from the legislative and judicial branches of state government, it is charged with the detail of carrying out and effectuating the law through the day-to-day operations and activities of state government. The Governor, as chief executive officer of the State, is responsible for the operation and administration of state agencies.

Executive Order - a decree or mandate issued by the Governor for the purpose of interpreting or implementing a provision of the law. Executive orders often are used to reorganize and assign functions among executive agencies, create advisory and special commissions and boards or direct state agencies regarding policy.

Expenditure - state spending. Agencies submit vouchers to the Comptroller's Office, which prepares a state check (warrant) and maintains accounting records. Warrants are presented to the Treasurer, who maintains and invests state funds.

Federal Aid - funding provided by the federal government.

Fiduciary - (1) Indicates the relationship of trust and confidence where one person (the fiduciary) holds or controls property for the benefit of another person; (2) anyone who exercises power and control, management or disposition with regard to a fund's assets, or who has authority to do so or who has authority or responsibility in the plan's administration. Fiduciaries must discharge their duties solely in the interest of the participants and their beneficiaries, and are accountable for any actions which may be construed by the courts as breaching that trust.

Fiscal Year - Illinois state government's fiscal year is July 1 through June 30. This is the period during which obligations are incurred, encumbrances are made and appropriations are expended. The federal government's fiscal year is October 1 through September 30.

Full Faith and Credit - a pledge or promise to repay general obligation debt; typically includes all of an issuer's taxing powers.

Full-Time Equivalent - a calculated measure of full-time employment for comparison purposes, in which each full-time employee works 37.5 hours per week for 52 weeks per year.

Fund - an account established to hold money for specific programs, activities or objectives.

Funded Ratio - The ratio of a plan's current assets to the present value of earned pensions. There are several acceptable methods of measuring a plan's assets and liabilities. In financial reporting of public pension plans, funded status is reported using consistent measures by all governmental entities. According to the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the funded ratio equals the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability.

General Accounting Standards Board (GASB) - This governmental agency sets the accounting standards for state and local government operations.

General Funds - (usually lower-case) refers to the following group of funds, inclusively: the General Revenue Fund, the Education Assistance Fund, the Common School Fund, the General Revenue - Common School Special Account Fund, the Fund for the Advancement of Education, the Commitment to Human Services Fund, and the Budget Stabilization Fund.

General Obligation Bonds - bonds issued for capital purposes as direct legal obligations secured by general tax revenues and guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the State.

General Revenue - Common School Special Account Fund - one of seven funds that comprise the state General Funds. It is used for accounting purposes to receive 25 percent of state sales tax and subsequently transfer these moneys to the Common School Fund.

General Revenue Fund - the largest of seven funds that comprise the state General Funds. It receives the majority of undedicated tax revenues, mostly income and sales taxes, for use generally to operate and administer state programs.

General State Aid - an unrestricted formula-driven grant that comprises the largest portion of state assistance to local school districts. The amount of funds a district receives depends on its financial need measured by three factors: its average daily attendance, its equalized assessed valuation of property and its local tax measured by its statutory tax rate.

Grant - an award or contribution to be used either for a specific or a general purpose, typically with no repayment provision.

Group Insurance - line item for life and health insurance program for all state employees, retirees and their dependents.

Headcount - a statement of the number of employees for some period of time, typically either the actual number of staff working or a calculated full-time equivalent.

Highway Fund - a fund that receives special dedicated revenues related to transportation; for example, the motor fuel tax or federal highway trust funds, to be used to support the construction and maintenance of transportation facilities and activities.

Hiring Lag – the savings in personal services and benefits associated with the time period between an employee leaving the job and a replacement being hired.

Illinois FIRST - a \$12 billion, multi-year public works initiative begun in 1999 and funded by a combination of local, state and federal resources.

Income Tax Surcharge - a temporary increase of 0.5 percent in the state personal income tax and 0.8 percent in the corporate income tax established in July 1989 to fund education, local governments and property tax relief. Subsequently, in July 1991, one-half of the surcharge was made permanent and dedicated to education. The remaining one-half was made permanent in July 1993.

Individual Retirement Account (IRA) - A retirement account to which an individual can make annual tax-deductible contributions according to annual limits that are specified by the Internal Revenue Service.

Infant Mortality - measure of infant deaths during the first year of life per 1000 live births.

Judicial Branch - distinguished from the legislative and executive branches of state government, it is charged with interpreting and applying laws.

Lapse - the portion of an appropriation that is not spent during the authorized period, typically the fiscal year, including the lapse period.

Lapse Period - the two-month period following the fiscal year (July 1 to August 31) when agencies can liquidate liabilities incurred before the end of that fiscal year (June 30). Public Act 89-511, effective in fiscal year 1997, reduced the lapse period from three months to two months. The lapse period for a fiscal year has been extended by new legislation numerous times since then but that has been done on an individual fiscal year basis.

Lapse Period Spending - spending that occurs during the lapse period from the previous year's appropriation.

Legislative Branch - distinguished from the judicial and executive branches of state government, it is charged with making and enacting the law, including appropriations.

Legislative Transfer - reallocation of appropriation amounts among line items by the General Assembly during the fiscal year. Distinguished from a two- percent transfer, which may be accomplished by the executive branch without participation of the legislative branch.

Line Item - specific purpose of an appropriation; for instance, personal services, retirement, printing or travel.

Liquidate - to settle or pay a debt or to convert assets into cash.

Local Government Distributive Fund - receives 1/10 of the income tax proceeds to the General Funds, via a transfer, for distribution to units of local government based on population. Funds may be used for any purpose.

Lump Sum - appropriation line for a general program purpose without specific line items identified.

Managed Care - the process of coordinating and controlling all services provided to a client to assure efficient and effective results.

Mandate - a law or regulation that generally should be followed, whether or not funding is provided. The State Mandates Act permits certain regulations and laws to be ignored if funding is not provided.

Match - contribution to program required to receive a program grant, may be either money, "hard match", or services, "soft match".

Medicaid - public assistance financed jointly by the state and federal governments to provide medical care for individuals who meet certain eligibility criteria.

Moral Obligation - a duty that is not binding or enforceable by law, typically debt service on bonds issued by others that the state agrees to consider funding if the issuer is unable to pay. There is no legal guarantee the state will make such payments.

Normal Cost - Computed differently under different funding methods, the normal cost generally represents the portion of the cost of projected benefits allocated to the current plan year. The employer normal cost equals the total normal cost of the plan reduced by employee contributions.

Other Funds - all state and federal funds except the seven General Funds.

Other Operations - administrative non-grant expenses of state agencies except salaries and payments for fringe benefits; for example, contractual services, travel, printing and telecommunications.

Pension - A series of periodic payments, usually for life, payable monthly or at other specified intervals. The term is frequently used to describe the part of a retirement allowance financed by employer contributions.

Pension Benefit Obligation (PBO) - The portion of the Actuarial Present Value of future benefits attributable to service credit that has been earned to date (past service).

Per Diem - by the day. An amount of so much for each day.

Performance Measure - information or data used to determine the quality and outcomes of state services; for instance, the number of people who receive jobs following job counseling and employment services or the number of people who remain off drugs following treatment services.

Personal Services - line item for salary payments to employees. Phase-In -staged expenditure pattern, such as initiating a program, hiring employees or opening an institution over time (see Annualize).

Pilot Program - tentative model for future full scale development, typically a program operated in a limited area or targeted to a limited population to analyze its effectiveness before expanding its scope.

Position Title - name and description of a job.

Present Value - The current worth of an amount or series of amounts payable in the future, after discounting each amount at an assumed rate of interest and adjusting for the probability of its payment or receipt.

Printing - line item for contractual services, materials and supplies used to produce and print information; for example, letterhead stationery, annual reports and forms.

Program Area - major organizational categories of state government, including education, human services, public safety, environment and business regulations, economic development and infrastructure and government services.

Rate of Return - The ratio of money gained or lost on an investment relative to the amount of money invested.

Real Rate of Return - The rate of return above inflation.

Reappropriation - an unspent appropriation that continues into the next fiscal year, typically for a capital or other multi-year project or liability.

Recommended - Governor's budget requests presented to the General Assembly for its approval.

Refunding Bonds - bonds issued to refinance other outstanding bonds, which generally were originally issued at higher interest rates.

Refunds - line item for return of funds to the rightful owner, typically return of overpaid taxes or fees.

Repair and Maintenance - line item for upkeep, restoration and improvement of equipment and facilities in connection with current agency operations.

Reserve - portion of appropriation intentionally set aside and not spent, either to increase lapse or as a contingency for increased liabilities in other line items.

Resources - all assets available for use by agencies, whether appropriated or not.

Retirement - line item for employer's share of contributions to the state retirement system.

Revenues - receipts from taxes, fees, assessments, grants and other payments used to fund programs.

Revolving Funds – Funds that receives intergovernmental payments charged for providing central operational services, such as computer, purchasing, state garage and telecommunications.

Road Fund - receives motor fuel tax and other transportation-related revenues for use to operate the Department of Transportation, Illinois State Police and the Secretary of State's Office and to build and maintain roads, bridges and other transportation facilities.

Social Security - line item for employer's share of contributions to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (PICA) tax.

Special State Funds - Those funds designated in Section 5 of the Finance Act as special funds in the State Treasury and not elsewhere classified.

State Agency - government organization created by statute to administer and implement particular legislation.

Statute - a law enacted by the General Assembly and approved by the Governor.

Substitute Care - a program to place children away from their families in foster homes or residential facilities.

Supplemental Appropriation - additional spending authority given by the General Assembly during the fiscal year, following passage of the initial budget.

Transfer - reallocation of resources, typically movement of money from one fund to another or shift of appropriation authority among line items by the legislative or the executive branch.

Trust Fund - receives revenues assessed and collected for a specific state program.

Two Percent Transfer - reallocation of appropriation amounts by the Governor during the fiscal year. Limited to two percent of an agency's appropriation by fund for specific operations lines. Distinguished from a legislative transfer, which requires approval by the legislative branch.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) - The excess, if any, of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. In other words, the present value of benefits earned to date that are not covered by current plan assets.

Unfunded Liability - The excess, if any, of the pension benefit obligation over the valuation assets. This is the portion of all benefits earned to date that are not covered by plan assets.

Valuation Rate of Return - The expected rate of return on new money invested in the future, and the rate at which future liabilities and assets are discounted back to the valuation date.

Voids - checks (warrants) that are not cashed.

Voucher - document requesting payment submitted to the Comptroller, who then writes and issues a warrant.

Warrant - check issued by the Comptroller to a third party who cashes it with the Treasurer.

Zero Coupon Bonds - bonds without interest coupons for semi-annual payment. Interest accrues over the life of the bond and is paid on maturity along with the principal.

DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

There are over 900 funds in the Illinois accounting system. These funds are separated into two categories -- Appropriated and Non-Appropriated Funds.

The Appropriated Funds category is further broken into eight fund groups: General, Highway, Special State, Bond Financed, Debt Service, Federal Trust, Revolving and State Trust Funds. The Non- Appropriated Funds category is composed primarily of Federal and State Trust Funds, but includes a few Special State Funds also.

General Funds receive the major portion of tax revenues and pay for the regular operating and administrative expenses of most state agencies. Components of the General Funds are the General Revenue Fund, the Education Assistance Fund, the Common School Fund, the General Revenue-Common School Special Account Fund, the Fund for the Advancement of Education, the Commitment to Human Services Fund, and the Budget Stabilization Fund.

Highway Funds receive and distribute special assessments related to transportation, such as the motor fuel tax, and support the construction and maintenance of transportation facilities and activities of the State.

University Funds receive revenues such as fees, tuition and excess income from auxiliary enterprises at state universities and colleges, including related foundations and associations. Prior to fiscal year 1998, the General Assembly appropriated these funds for the support, operation and improvement of state-supported institutions of higher education. Starting in fiscal year 1998, the university funds became locally held funds and, together with other funds administered by the universities, are not subject to appropriation.

Special State Funds are designated in Section 5 of the Finance Act as special funds in the State Treasury and not elsewhere classified. They represent a segregation of accounts restricted to the revenues and expenditures of a specific source.

Bond Financed Funds receive and administer the proceeds of various state bond issues.

Debt Service Funds account for the resources obtained and accumulated to pay interest and principal on debt obligations.

Federal Trust Funds are established pursuant to grants and contracts between state agencies and the federal government. The funds are administered for specific purposes established by the terms of the grants and contracts.

Revolving Funds finance the operations of state agencies that render services to other state agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. Appropriation of these funds is dependent upon intragovernmental service requirements and appropriations of other state agencies.

State Trust Funds are established by statute or under statutory authority for specific purposes.

Other Trust Funds receive and account for resources for subsequent disbursement to a designated recipient. Escrow funds are an example of an Other Trust Fund.

COMMISSION OVERVIEW

The Commission on Government Forecasting & Accountability is a bipartisan legislative support service agency responsible for advising the Illinois General Assembly on economic and fiscal policy issues and for providing objective policy research for legislators and legislative staff. The Commission's board is comprised of twelve legislators—split evenly between the House and Senate and between Democrats and Republicans. Effective December 10, 2018, pursuant to P.A. 100-1148 the former Legislative Research Unit was merged into the Commission.

The Commission has three internal units—Revenue, Pensions, and Research, each of which has a staff of analysts and researchers who analyze policy proposals, legislation, state revenues & expenditures, and benefit programs, and who provide research services to members and staff of the General Assembly. The Commission's staff fulfills the statutory obligations set forth in the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability Act (25 ILCS 155/), the State Debt Impact Note Act (25 ILCS 65/), the Illinois Pension Code (40 ILCS 5/), the Pension Impact Note Act (25 ILCS 55/), the State Facilities Closure Act (30 ILCS 608/), the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/), the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (820 ILCS 320/), the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984 (25 ILCS 130/), and the Reports to the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability Act (25 ILCS 100/).

- The **Revenue Unit** issues an annual revenue estimate, reports monthly on the state's financial and economic condition, and prepares bill analyses and debt impact notes on proposed legislation having a financial impact on the State. The Unit publishes a number of statutorily mandated reports, as well as on-demand reports, including the *Monthly Briefing* newsletter and annually, the *Budget Summary, Capital Plan Analysis, Illinois Economic Forecast Report, Wagering in Illinois Update*, and *Liabilities of the State Employees' Group Insurance Program*, among others. The Unit's staff also fulfills the agency's obligations set forth in the State Facilities Closure Act.
- The **Pension Unit** prepares pension impact notes on proposed pension legislation and publishes several statutorily mandated reports including the *Financial Condition of the Illinois State Retirement Systems*, the *Financial Condition of Illinois Public Pension Systems* and the *Fiscal Analysis of the Downstate Police & Fire Pension Funds in Illinois*. The Unit's staff also fulfills the statutory responsibilities set forth in the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act.
- The **Research Unit** primarily performs research and provides information as may be requested by members of the General Assembly or legislative staffs. Additionally, the Unit maintains a research library and, per statute, collects information concerning state government and the general welfare of the state, examines the effects of constitutional provisions and previously enacted statutes, and considers public policy issues and questions of state-wide interest. Additionally, the Unit publishes *First Reading*, a quarterly newsletter which includes abstracts of annual reports or special studies from other state agencies, the *Illinois Tax Handbook for Legislators*, *Federal Funds to State Agencies*, various reports detailing appointments to State Boards and Commissions, the 1970 Illinois Constitution Annotated for Legislators, the Roster of Illinois Legislators, and numerous special topic publications.

Commission on Government Forecasting & Accountability

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